Mandarin Corner

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China's Live Streaming Phenomenon

1.随着现在网络的发达,

随着 suízhe along with

现在 xiànzài nowadays

网络 Wǎngluò Internet

的 de used after an attribute

发达 fādá to develop

2.人们在娱乐形式上也有了更多的选择。

人们 rénmen people

在 zài (to be) in

娱乐 yúlè entertainment

形式 xíngshì form

上 shàng on top

也 yě also

有 yǒu to have

了 le completed action marker

更 gèng more

多 duō many

的 de used to form a nominal expression

选择 xuǎnzé to choice

3.现如今, 在中国,

现 xiàn present

如今 rújīn nowadays

在 zài (to be) in

中国 Zhōngguó China

4.看网络直播节目成为了一种潮流,

看 kàn to watch

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

节目 jiémù program

成为 chéngwéi to become

了 le completed action marker

一种 yīzhǒng one kind of

潮流 cháoliú trend

5.每天有上千万的人在看直播,

每天 měitiān everyday 有 yǒu there is 上 shàng above

千万 qiānwàn ten million

的 de used after an attribute

人 rén people

在 zài indicating an action in progress

看 kàn to watch

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

6.大大小小的网络直播平台就有三百多家,

大大小小 dàdàxiǎoxiǎo of all sizes

的 de used after an attribute

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

平台 píngtái platform

就 jiù as many as

有 yǒu to have

三 sān three

百 bǎi hundred

多 duō more

家 jiā measure word for businesses

7.比如:虎牙,斗鱼,熊猫TV,映客等等。

比如 bǐrú for example

虎牙 hǔyá (a name of a live streaming platform)

斗鱼 dòuyú (a name of a live streaming platform)

熊猫TV xióngmāo (a name of a live streaming platform)

映客 yìngkè (a name of a live streaming platform)

等等 děngděng et cetera

8.那看直播都在看些什么呢?

那 nà then (in that case)

看 kàn to watch

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

都 dōu all

在 zài indicating an action in progress

看 kàn to watch

些 xiē few

什么 shénme what?

呢 ne used at the end of a special, alternative, or rhetorical

question

9.其实啊,直播的内容很丰富,

其实 qíshí actually

啊 a used to indicate a deliverate pause

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

的 de used after an attribute

内容 nèiróng content

很 hěn very

丰富 fēngfù plentiful / rich

10.有唱歌,跳舞,吃东西,聊天,玩游戏等等。

有 yǒu there is

唱歌 chànggē to sing a song

跳舞 tiàowǔ to dance

吃 chī to eat

东西 dōngxi thing

聊天 liáotiān to chat

玩 wán to play

游戏 yóuxì game

等等 děngděng et cetera

11.虽然直播的节目有这么多种类,

虽然 suīrán although

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

的 de used after an attribute

节目 jiémù program

有 yǒu to have

这么 zhème so much

多 duō many

种类 zhǒnglèi kind

12.但最火的还是美女直播和游戏直播。

但 dàn but

最 zuì the most

火 huǒ hot (popular)

的 de used after an attribute

还 hái yet

是 shì is

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

和 hé and

游戏 yóuxì game

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

13.像人气主播的粉丝量就能达到几十万,

像 xiàng such as

人气 rénqì popularity

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

的 de ~'s (possessive particle)

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

量 liàng amount

就 jiù just (emphasis)

能 néng can

达到 dádào to reach

几 jǐ several

十万 shíwàn hundred thousand

14.每天固定观看的人数也至少有一万。

每天 měitiān everyday

固定 gùdìng regular

观看 guānkàn to view

的 de used after an attribute

人数 rénshù number of people

也 yě also

至少 zhìshǎo at least

有 yǒu to have

→ yī one

万 wàn ten thousand

15.网络游戏一直都是年轻人爱玩的,

网络 Wǎngluò Internet

游戏 yóuxì game

一直 yīzhí always

都 dōu all

是 shì is

年轻人 niánqīngrén young people

爱 ài to love

玩 wán to play

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

16. 所以游戏直播这么受欢迎不难理解。

所以 suǒyǐ so

游戏 yóuxì game

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

这么 zhème this much

受欢迎 shòuhuānyíng popular / well-received

不 bù not

难 nán difficult (to...)

理解 lǐjiě to understand

17.而美女直播,

而 ér but (not)

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

18.只不过是几个长得不错的女孩子

只不过 zhǐbùguò it's just that ...

是 shì is

几个 jǐge a few

长得 zhǎngde to look (pretty, the same etc)

不错 bùcuò not bad

的 de used to form a nominal expression

女孩子 nǚháizi girl

19.对着镜头唱歌,跳舞,聊天,

对 duì towards

着 zhe aspect particle indicating action in progress

镜头 jìngtóu camera shot (in a movie etc)

唱歌 chànggē to sing a song

跳舞 tiàowǔ to dance

聊天 liáotiān to chat

20.竟然也能这么火,非常不能理解,

竟然 jìngrán unexpectedly / to one's surprise

也 yě also

能 néng can

这么 zhème this much

火 huǒ hot (popular)

非常 fēicháng very

不能 bùnéng cannot

理解 lǐjiě to understand

21. 所以今天我们就来重点讨论一下美女直播。

所以 suǒyǐ so

今天 jīntiān today

我们 wǒmen we

就 jiù just (emphasis)

来 lái used before a verb, indicating an intended or suggested

action

重点 zhòngdiǎn to put the emphasis on

讨论 tǎolùn to discuss

一下 yīxià (used after a verb) give it a go

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

22.现如今是个粉丝经济时代,

现 xiàn present

如今 rújīn nowadays

是 shì is

个 gè classifier for objects in general

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

经济 jīngjì economic

时代 shídài age / era

23.有粉丝,有观众就有赚钱的机会。

有 yǒu to have

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

有 yǒu to have

观众 guānzhòng audience

就 jiù then

有 yǒu to have

赚钱 zhuànqián to earn money

的 de used after an attribute

机会 jīhuì opportunity

24.你们可能在想那主播们

你们 nǐmen you (plural)

可能 kěnéng might (happen)

在 zài indicating an action in progress

想 xiǎng to think

那 nà then (in that case)

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

men plural marker for pronouns

25.是怎么靠粉丝赚钱的呢?

是 shì is

怎么 zěnme how?

靠 kào to depend on

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

赚钱 zhuànqián to earn money

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

呢 ne used at the end of a special, alternative, or rhetorical

question

26.很简单啊!

很 hěn very

简单 jiǎndān simple

啊 a modal particle ending sentence, showing affirmation

approval, or consent

27.主播们除了拿基本工资,也就是底薪,

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

fil men plural marker for pronouns

除了 chúle besides

拿 ná to take

基本 jīběn basic

工资 gōngzī wages

也就是 yějiùshì that is

底薪 dǐxīn basic salary

28.最主要的还是靠粉丝们送的礼物。

最 zuì the most

主要 zhǔyào main

的 de used after an attribute

还 hái still

是 shì is

靠 kào to depend on

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

们 men plural marker for pronouns

送 sòng to give (as a present)

的 de used to form a nominal expression

礼物 lǐwù gift

29.几乎每个直播平台都有

几乎 jīhū almost

每 měi each / every

↑ gè classifier for objects in general

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

平台 píngtái platform

都 dōu all

有 yǒu to have

30.几十甚至上百种虚拟礼物,

几 jǐ several

+ shí ten

甚至 shènzhì even

上 shàng above

百 bǎi hundred

种 zhǒng kind

虚拟 xūnǐ fictitious

礼物 lǐwù gift

31.有鲜花、钻戒、巧克力、跑车、游艇等等。

有 yǒu there is

鲜花 xiānhuā fresh flowers

钻戒 zuànjiè diamond ring

巧克力 qiǎokèlì chocolate (loanword)

跑车 pǎochē sports car

游艇 yóutǐng barge / yacht

等等 děngděng and so on ...

32.这些虚拟礼物都是需要粉丝们花钱购买的,

这些 zhèxiē these

虚拟 xūnǐ fictitious

礼物 lǐwù gift

都 dōu all

是 shì is

需要 xūyào to require

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

men plural marker for pronouns

花钱 huāqián to spend money

购买 gòumǎi to buy

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

33.最便宜的几毛钱,最贵的上千块,

最 zuì the most

便宜 piányi cheap

的 de used after an attribute

几 jǐ a few

毛 máo classifier for Chinese fractional monetary unit (100 máo is

1 yuan)

钱 qián money

最 zuì the most

贵 guì expensive

的 de used after an attribute

上 shàng above

千 qiān thousand

块 kuài classifier for money and currency units

34.比如某直播平台的跑车价格就是一千三百一十四块。

比如 bǐrú for example

某 mǒu a certain

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

平台 píngtái platform

的 de used after an attribute

跑车 pǎochē sports car

价格 jiàgé price

就 jiù as many as

是 shì is

→ yī one

千 qiān thousand

 \equiv sān three

百 bǎi hundred

→ yī one

十 shí ten

四 sì four

块 kuài classifier for money and currency units

35.但这些网友们给的礼物,

但 dàn but

这些 zhèxiē these

网友 wǎngyǒu Internet user

men plural marker for pronouns

给 gěi to give

的 de used after an attribute

礼物 lǐwù gift

36.主播也不是一个人全部得的,

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

也 yě also

不是 bùshì is not

一个人 yīgèrén by oneself

全部 quánbù entire

得 dé to get

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

37.她们还得要跟公司分成,

她们 tāmen they

还 hái still

得要 děiyào to need

跟 gēn with

公司 gōngsī (business) company

分成 fēnchéng to split a bonus

38.可能最后主播能拿到的只有一半的钱。

可能 kěnéng perhaps

最后 zuìhòu last

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

能 néng can

拿 ná to take

到 dào verb complement denoting completion or result of an

action

的 de used to form a nominal expression

只 zhǐ only

有 yǒu to have

一半 yībàn half

的 de used after an attribute

钱 qián money

39.有些女主播想要快速吸引粉丝,

有些 yǒuxiē some

女 nǚ female

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

想要 xiǎngyào to want to

快速 kuàisù rapid

吸引 xīyǐn to attract (interest, investment etc)

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

40.就花钱整容整成现在所谓的网红脸。

就 jiù then

花钱 huāqián to spend money

整容 zhěngróng plastic surgery

整 zhěng (the action verb for plastic surgery)

成 chéng to turn into

现在 xiànzài nowadays

所谓 suǒwèi so-called

的 de used after an attribute

网红 wǎnghóng Internet Celebrity

脸 liǎn face

41.网红脸的特质是

网红 wǎnghóng Internet Celebrity

脸 liǎn face

的 de used after an attribute

特质 tèzhì characteristic / special quality

是 shì is

42.白皮肤,大眼睛,高鼻子,尖下巴等等。

自 bái white

皮肤 pífū skin

大 dà big

眼睛 yǎnjing eye

高 gāo tall

鼻子 bízi nose

尖 jiān sharp

下巴 xiàba chin

等等 děngděng and so on ...

43.虽然网红脸很好看,

虽然 suīrán even though

网红 wǎnghóng Internet Celebrity

脸 liǎn face

很 hěn very

好看 hǎokàn good-looking

44.但有些人觉得她们长得都差不多,

但 dàn but

有些人 yǒuxiērén some people

觉得 juéde to think

她们 tāmen they

长得 zhǎngde to look (pretty, the same etc)

都 dōu all

差不多 chàbuduō about the same

45.没有什么特色。

没有什么 méiyǒushénme there's nothing ... about it

特色 tèsè distinguishing feature or quality

46.而且之前不断有新闻报道

而且 érqiě in addition

之前 zhīqián before

不断 bùduàn constant

有 yǒu there is

新闻 xīnwén news

报道 bàodào report

47.女主播为吸引粉丝送礼物,表演色情节目。

女 nǚ female

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

为 wèi because of / to

吸引 xīyǐn to attract (interest, investment etc)

粉丝 fěnsī fan (loanword)

送 sòng to give (as a present)

礼物 lǐwù gift

表演 biǎoyǎn to perform / to act

色情 sèqíng pornographic

节目 jiémù program (show)

48.所以网红脸在很多人看来都是个贬义词。

所以 suǒyǐ therefore

网红 wǎnghóng Internet Celebrity

脸 liǎn face

在 zài (to be) in

很 hěn very

多 duō many

人 rén people

看来 kànlai it seems that

都 dōu all

是 shì is

个 gè classifier for objects in general

贬义词 biǎnyìcí derogatory term

49.也因为网络直播上经常出现主播表演色情节目,

也 yě also

因为 yīnwèi because

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

上 shàng on top

经常 jīngcháng often

出现 chūxiàn to appear

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

表演 biǎoyǎn to perform

色情 sèqíng pornographic

节目 jiémù program

50.或使用污秽词汇,对社会影响不好,

或 huò or

使用 shǐyòng to use

污秽 wūhuì nasty / filthy

词汇 cíhuì word

对 duì towards

社会 shèhuì society

影响 yǐngxiǎng influence

不好 bùhǎo no good

51.现在监管部门对主播进行了实名制,

现在 xiànzài now

监管 jiānguǎn to supervise / to administer

部门 bùmén department

对 duì towards

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

进行 jìnxíng to conduct

了 le completed action marker

实名制 shímíngzhì system for identifying users (on a rail network, the Internet

etc)

52.要求用身份证注册,

要求 yāoqiú to request

用 yòng to use

身份证 shēnfènzhèng identity card / ID

注册 zhùcè to register

53.一旦发现有色情表演,就会被禁播,

一旦 yīdàn once (sth happens, then...)

发现 fāxiàn to find

有 yǒu there is

色情 sèqíng pornographic

表演 biǎoyǎn show

就 jiù then

会 huì will

被 bèi indicates passive-voice clauses

禁 jìn to prohibit

播 bō to sow / to broadcast

54.严重的甚至会被抓去坐牢。

严重 yánzhòng serious / severe

的 de used after an attribute

甚至 shènzhì even

会 huì will

被 bèi indicates passive-voice clauses

抓去 zhuāqù to arrest and take away

坐牢 zuòláo to be imprisoned

55.直播平台之所以火一个是因为它的实时性,

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

平台 píngtái platform

之所以 zhīsuǒyǐ the reason why

火 huǒ hot (popular)

→ yī one

↑ gè classifier for objects in general

是 shì is

因为 yīnwèi because

它 tā it

的 de ~'s (possessive particle)

实时 shíshí (in) real time / instantaneous

性 xìng character

56.还有一个特别的功能叫弹幕。

还 hái in addition

有 yǒu to have

→ yī one

个 gè classifier objects in general

特别 tèbié special

的 de used after an attribute

功能 gōngnéng function

叫 jiào to be called

弹 dàn bullet

幕 mù screen

57.这个功能是让观众们在观看节目的同时

这个 zhège this one

功能 gōngnéng function

是 shì is

让 ràng to let sb do sth

观众 guānzhòng audience

们 men plural marker for pronouns

在 zài in the middle of doing sth

观看 guānkàn to watch

节目 jiémù program

的 de used to form a nominal expression

同时 tóngshí at the same time

58.可以随时跟主播和其他网友进行互动,

可以 kěyǐ can

随时 suíshí at any time

跟 gēn with

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

和 hé and

其他 qítā other

网友 wǎngyǒu Internet user

进行 jìnxíng in progress

互动 hùdòng to interact

59. 互动的内容会立即显示在电脑或手机屏幕上,

互动 hùdòng to interact

的 de used after an attribute

内容 nèiróng content

会 huì will

立即 lìjí immediately

显示 xiǎnshì to display

在 zài (to be) in

电脑 diànnǎo computer

或 huò or

手机 shǒujī cell phone

屏幕 píngmù screen (TV, computer or movie)

上 shàng upon

60.一条一条快速地闪过,

- yī one

条 tiáo classifier for long thin things

→ yī one

条 tiáo classifier for long thin things

快速 kuàisù fast

地 de structural particle: used before a verb or adjective linking it

to preceding modifying adverbial adjunct

闪 shǎn to dodge

过 guò to cross / to pass

61.像子弹一样, 所以叫弹幕。

像 xiàng to be like

子弹 zǐdàn bullet

一样 yīyàng just like

所以 suǒyǐ so

叫 jiào to be called

弹 dàn bullet

幕 mù screen

62.好,我们刚刚了解了网络直播,

好 hǎo well

我们 wŏmen we

刚刚 gānggang just a moment ago

了解 liǎojiě to find out

了 le completed action marker

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

63.也知道了主播是如何赚钱的,

也 yě also

知道 zhīdào to know

了 le completed action marker

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

是 shì is

如何 rúhé how

赚钱 zhuànqián to earn money

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

64.那接下来我们就来聊聊

那 nà then (in that case)

接下来 jiēxiàlái following / next

我们 wǒmen we

就 jiù then

来 lái used before a verb, indicating an intended or suggested

action

聊 liáo to chat

聊 liáo to chat

65.人们为什么喜欢看直播。

人们 rénmen people

为什么 wèishénme for what reason?

喜欢 xǐhuan to like

看 kàn to watch

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

66.原因有很多,但最主要的也就三个

原因 yuányīn reason

有 yǒu to have

很 hěn very

多 duō many

但 dàn but

最 zuì the most

主要 zhǔyào main

的 de used after an attribute

也 yě (used correlatively with 虽然,即使,etc.) yet

就 jiù just (emphasis)

三 sān three

↑ gè classifier for objects in general

67.第一是无聊和孤独

第一 dìyī number one

是 shì is

无聊 wúliáo bored

和 hé and

孤独 gūdú lonely

68.现在网络的发达给年轻人提供了很多便利,

现在 xiànzài now

网络 Wǎngluò Internet

的 de used after an attribute

发达 fādá to develop

给 gěi for

年轻人 niánqīngrén young people

提供 tígōng to provide

了 le completed action marker

很 hěn very

多 duō much

便利 biànlì convenient

69.只要有网络,根本无需出门,

只要 zhǐyào so long as

有 yǒu there is

网络 Wǎngluò Internet

根本 gēnběn (not) at all

无需 wúxū needless

出门 chūmén to go out

70.在家就可以点餐,购物了,

在 zài (to be) in

家 jiā home

就 jiù just (emphasis)

可以 kěyǐ can

点 diǎn to order (food in a restaurant)

餐 cān meal

购物 gòuwù shopping

了 le modal particle intensifying preceding clause

71.甚至连交友都能靠微信解决,

甚至 shènzhì even

连 lián (used with 也, 都 etc) even

交友 jiāoyǒu to make friends

都 dōu (used for emphasis) even

能 néng can

靠 kào to depend on

微信 Wēixìn Weixin or WeChat

解决 jiějué to solve

72.所以现在的年轻人都比较宅,

所以 suǒyǐ so

现在 xiànzài nowadays

的 de used after an attribute

年轻人 niánqīngrén young people

都 dōu all

比较 bǐjiào quite

宅 zhái to stay in at home

73.除了上班就是窝在家里。

除了 chúle besides

上班 shàngbān to go to work

就 jiù just (emphasis)

是 shì is

窝 wō nest (it means to stay at home, in this case)

在 zài (to be) in

家里 jiālǐ home

74.可总是一个人待在家里,

可 kě but

总是 zǒngshì always

一个人 yīgèrén alone (without company)

待 dāi to stay

在 zài (to be) in

家里 jiālǐ home

75.难免会觉得无聊,孤独,

难免 nánmiǎn hard to avoid

会 huì will

觉得 juéde to feel

无聊 wúliáo bored

孤独 gūdú lonely

76.那网络直播恰巧给宅男宅女们

那 nà then (in that case)

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

恰巧 qiàqiǎo by coincidence

给 gěi for

宅男 zháinán male geek or nerd (a guy who stays at home all the

time, typically spending a lot of time playing online games)

宅女 zháinǚ female geek or nerd (a girl who stays at home all

the time)

fill men plural marker for pronouns, and nouns referring to

individuals

77.提供了一个打发时间,摆脱孤独的方法。

提供 tígōng to provide

了 le completed action marker

→ yī one

个 gè classifier for objects in general

打发时间 dǎfāshíjiān to pass the time

摆脱 bǎituō to get rid of

孤独 gūdú lonely

的 de used to form a nominal expression

方法 fāngfǎ method / way

78.打开手机,随时随地地观看真人表演,

打开 dǎkāi to open

手机 shǒujī cell phone

随时随地 suíshísuídì anytime and anywhere

地 de structural particle: used before a verb or adjective, linking it

to preceding modifying adverbial adjunct

观看 guānkàn to watch

真人 zhēnrén actual person

表演 biǎoyǎn performance

79.还能发弹幕跟主播进行交流,

还 hái in addition

能 néng to be able to

发 fā to send out

弹 dàn bullet

幕 mù screen

跟 gēn with

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

进行 jìnxíng in progress

交流 jiāoliú communication / interaction

80.有什么不开心的事也可以跟主播聊聊,

有 yǒu there is

什么 shénme anything

不 bù not

开心 kāixīn to feel happy

的 de used after an attribute

事 shì thing

也 yě also

可以 kěyǐ can

跟 gēn with

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

聊 liáo to chat

81.同时还可以跟其他正在观看的网友进行互动。

同时 tóngshí at the same time

还 hái even

可以 kěyǐ can

跟 gēn with

其他 qítā other

正在 zhèngzài right in the middle of (doing sth)

观看 guānkàn to watch

的 de used to form a nominal expression

网友 wǎngyǒu Internet user

进行 jìnxíng to do

互动 hùdòng to interact

82.这不仅是解闷, 打发时间的工具,

这 zhè this

不仅 bùjǐn not only (this one)

是 shì is

解闷 jiěmèn to relieve boredom or melancholy

打发时间 dǎfāshíjiān to pass the time

的 de used to form a nominal expression

工具 gōngjù tool

83.更是让这群无聊孤独的人们

更 gèng even more

是 shì is

让 ràng to let sb do sth

这 zhè this

群 qún group

无聊 wúliáo bored

孤独 gūdú lonely

的 de used after an attribute

人们 rénmen people

84.得到了某种意义上的陪伴。

得到 dédào to get

了 le completed action marker

某种 mǒuzhǒng some kind (of)

意义 yìyì sense

上 shàng above

的 de used to form a nominal expression

陪伴 péibàn to accompany

85.第二是满足好奇心

第二 dì'èr second

是 shì is

满足 mǎnzú to satisfy

好奇心 hàoqíxīn curiosity

86.人们对新鲜事物感到好奇是很正常的,

人们 rénmen people

对 duì towards

新鲜 xīnxiān novel / fresh

事物 shìwù thing

感到 gǎndào to feel

好奇 hàoqí curious

是 shì is

很 hěn very

正常 zhèngcháng normal

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

87.就像很多中国人从来没有见过外国人,

就 jiù just (emphasis)

像 xiàng to be like

很 hěn very

多 duō many

中国人 Zhōngguórén Chinese person

从来没有 cóngláiméiyǒu have never

见 jiàn to see

过 guò experienced action marker

外国人 wàiguórén foreigner

88. 所以在大街上碰到了,

所以 suǒyǐ so

在 zài (to be) in

大街 dàjiē street / main street

上 shàng on top

碰到 pèngdào to run into

了 le completed action marker

89.很自然地会想多看几眼,

很 hěn very

自然 zìrán naturally

地 de structural particle: used before a verb or adjective, linking it

to preceding modifying adverbial adjunct

会 huì will

想 xiǎng to want

多 duō more

看 kàn to look at

几 jǐ a few

眼 yǎn glance

90.因为觉得好奇嘛。

因为 yīnwèi because

觉得 juéde to feel

好奇 hàoqí curious

嘛 ma modal particle indicating that sth is obvious

91.直播也是一样的,

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

也 yě too

是 shì is

一样 yīyàng the same as

的 de used after an attribute

92.总是听人说现在有人直播睡觉,吃东西,

总是 zǒngshì always

听 tīng to hear

人 rén people

说 shuō to say

现在 xiànzài now

有人 yǒurén there is someone there

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

睡觉 shuìjiào to sleep

吃 chī to eat

东西 dōngxi thing / stuff

93.还有美女直播唱歌跳舞的,

还 hái even

有 yǒu to have

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

唱歌 chànggē to sing a song

跳舞 tiàowǔ to dance

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

94.甚至还有人直播整容过程。

甚至 shènzhì even

还 hái also

有人 yǒurén there is someone there

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

整容 zhěngróng plastic surgery

过程 guòchéng process

95.这一听就觉得很新鲜呀,

这 zhè this

→ yī as soon as

听 tīng to hear

就 jiù just (emphasis)

觉得 juéde to feel

很 hěn very

新鲜 xīnxiān fresh / novel

呀 ya (particle equivalent to 啊 after a vowel, expressing surprise

or doubt)

96.大多数人肯定也想点开直播看看,

大多数 dàduōshù (great) majority

人 rén people

肯定 kěndìng sure

也 yě also

想 xiǎng to want

点 diǎn to touch briefly (to click)

开 kāi to open

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

看看 kànkan to take a look at

97.满足下自己的好奇心。

满足 mǎnzú to satisfy

下 xià measure word to show the frequency of an action

自己 zìjǐ oneself

的 de ~'s (possessive particle)

好奇心 hàoqíxīn curiosity

98.第三是满足生理需求

第 dì prefix indicating ordinal number, e.g. first, number two etc

 \equiv sān three

是 shì is

满足 mǎnzú to satisfy

生理 shēnglǐ physiology

需求 xūqiú need

99.前面我说了现在最火的

前面 qiánmiàn ahead (before)

我 wǒ l

说 shuō to say

了 le completed action marker

现在 xiànzài nowadays

最 zuì the most

火 huǒ hot (popular)

的 de used after an attribute

100.是游戏直播和美女直播。

是 shì is

游戏 yóuxì game

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

和 hé and

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

101.据统计,看直播的男性占了百分之八十,

据统计 jùtǒngjì according to statistics

看 kàn to watch

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

的 de used to form a nominal expression

男性 nánxìng the male sex

占 zhàn to occupy / to take up

了 le completed action marker

百分之 bǎifēnzhī percent

八十 bāshí eighty

102.年龄多在二十五到三十岁之间。

年龄 niánlíng (a person's) age

多 duō more

在 zài (to be) in

二十 èrshí twenty

五 wǔ five

到 dào up to

三十 sānshí thirty

岁 suì years old

之间 zhījiān between

103.现在的直播平台上,

现在 xiànzài now

的 de used after an attribute

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

平台 píngtái platform

上 shàng on top / above

104.除了游戏直播,

除了 chúle besides

游戏 yóuxì game

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

105.穿着性感的美女直播是最受欢迎的。

穿着 chuānzhuó dress

性感 xìnggǎn sexy

的 de used after an attribute

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

是 shì is

最 zuì the most

受欢迎 shòuhuānyíng popular / well-received

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for

emphasis

106.有很多在现实生活中得不到满足感的男性,

有 yǒu there is

很 hěn very

多 duō many

在 zài (to be) in

现实 xiànshí real

生活 shēnghuó life

中 zhōng in

得不到 débùdào cannot get

满足感 mǎnzúgǎn sense of satisfaction

的 de used to form a nominal expression

男性 nánxìng a male

107.晚上就靠美女直播解决生理需求。

晚上 wǎnshang night

就 jiù just (emphasis)

靠 kào to depend on

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

解决 jiějué to solve

生理 shēnglǐ physiology

需求 xūqiú requirement / need

108.那么有一点很奇怪,

那么 nàme in that case

有 yǒu there is

→ yī one

点 diǎn point

很 hěn very

奇怪 qíguài strange

109.如果他们真是为了解决生理需求,

如果 rúguǒ if

他们 tāmen they

真是 zhēnshi indeed

为了 wèile for the purpose of

解决 jiějué to solve

生理 shēnglǐ physiology

需求 xūqiú requirement / need

110.为何不直接一点,看这类的视频呢?

为何 wèihé why

不 bù not

直接 zhíjiē direct

一点 yīdiǎn a bit

看 kàn to watch

这类 zhèlèi this kind (of)

的 de used after an attribute

视频 shìpín video

呢 ne used at the end of a special, alternative, or rhetorical

question

111.而是看这些穿着严实的女孩子

而是 érshì rather

看 kàn to watch

这些 zhèxiē these

穿着 chuānzhuó dress

严实 yánshi tight / safely hidden

的 de used after an attribute

女孩子 nǚháizi girl

112.在镜头面前装可爱,跳舞。

在 zài (to be) in

镜头 jìngtóu camera lens / camera shot (in a movie etc)

面前 miànqián in front of

装可爱 zhuāngkě'ài to act cute

跳舞 tiàowǔ to dance

113.首先啊,直播里的美女给人一种

首先 shǒuxiān first (of all)

啊 a used to indicate a deliberate pause

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

里 lǐ inside

的 de used after an attribute

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

给 gěi to give

人 rén people

一种 yīzhǒng one kind of

114.想要却得不到的感觉,

想要 xiǎngyào to want to

却 què yet

得不到 débùdào cannot get

的 de used to form a nominal expression

感觉 gǎnjué feeling

115.而且能大大地获得优越感,

而且 érqiě moreover

能 néng can

大大 dàdà greatly

地 de structural particle: used before a verb or adjective, linking it

to preceding modifying adverbial adjunct

获得 huòdé to get

优越 yōuyuè superiority

感 gǎn (suffix) sense of ~

116.因为如果你送主播礼物,

因为 yīnwèi because

如果 rúguǒ if

你 nǐ you

送 sòng to give (as a present)

主播 zhǔbō anchor (TV)

礼物 lǐwù gift

117.她们会对你说:"谢谢宝宝的礼物"。

她们 tāmen they

会 huì will

对 duì towards

你 nǐ you

说 shuō to say

谢谢 xièxie thank you

宝宝 bǎobǎo darling

的 de ~'s (possessive particle))

礼物 lǐwù gift

118.而且如果你送的是贵重的礼物,

而且 érqiě moreover

如果 rúguǒ if

你 nǐ you

送 sòng to give (as a present)

的 de used after an attribute

是 shì is

贵重 guìzhòng precious (expensive)

的 de used after an attribute

礼物 lǐwù gift

119.你还能让她们专门为你唱首歌,跳支舞,

你 nǐ you

还 hái even

能 néng can

让 ràng to let sb do sth

她们 tāmen them (for females)

专门 zhuānmén specialized

为 wèi for

你 nǐ you

唱 chàng to sing

首 shǒu measure word for songs

歌 gē song

跳 tiào to jump

支 zhī classifier for dances

舞 wǔ to dance

120.这是只有直播才能给的。

这 zhè this

是 shì is

只有 zhǐyǒu only

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

才 cái only then

能 néng can

给 gěi to give

的 de used at the end of a declarative sentence for emphasis

121.美女直播确实给人带来一种新的视觉体验,

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

确实 quèshí indeed

给 gěi for

人 rén people

带来 dàilái to bring

一种 yīzhǒng one kind of

新 xīn new

的 de used after an attribute

视觉 shìjué visual

体验 tǐyàn to experience for oneself

122.但内容却枯燥无聊。

但 dàn but

内容 nèiróng content

却 què yet

枯燥 kūzào dry and dull / uninteresting

无聊 wúliáo boring

123.我相信随着用户的审美疲劳,

我 wǒ I

相信 xiāngxìn to believe

随着 suízhe along with

用户 yònghù user

的 de used after an attribute

审美 shěnměi appreciation of the beautiful

疲劳 píláo fatigue

124.这种无聊的美女直播也会渐渐失去它的市场。

这种 zhèzhǒng this kind of

无聊 wúliáo boring

的 de used after an attribute

美女 měinǚ beautiful woman

直播 zhíbō direct Internet broadcasting

也 yě also

会 huì will

渐渐 jiànjiàn gradually

失去 shīqù to lose

它 tā it

的 de ~'s (possessive particle)

市场 shìchǎng market

125.我也希望在不久的将来,

我 wǒ I

也 yě also

希望 xīwàng to wish for

在 zài (to be) in

不久 bùjiǔ soon

的 de used after an attribute

将来 jiānglái future

126.人们能更多地利用网络直播

人们 rénmen people

能 néng can

更 gèng even more

多 duō more

地 de structural particle: used before a verb or adjective,

linking it to preceding modifying adverbial adjunct

利用 lìyòng to use

网络直播 Wǎngluòzhíbō webcast (live streaming)

127.这个平台来传播知识,互相学习。

这个 zhège this

平台 píngtái platform

来 lái used before a verb, indicating and intended or suggested

action

传播 chuánbō to spread

知识 zhīshi knowledge

互相 hùxiāng each other

学习 xuéxí to learn