

## HSK 6 Vocabulary With Sentence Examples 2201-2300

NO.	Character	Pinyin	English	Sentences
2201	忧郁	yōuyù	adjective: depressed / dejected / melancholy	Shīqù àiren hòu, tā xiànrù le cháng shíjiān de yōuyù zhōng. 失去爱人后，他陷入了长时间的忧郁中。 After losing his loved one, he fell into a long period of depression.
2202	优越	yōuyuè	adjective: superior / advantageous	Tā cóngxiǎo shēnghuó zài yī gè yōuyuè de jiātíng zhōng, yīzhí shòudào liánghǎo de jiàoyù hé péiyǎng. 她从小生活在一个优越的家庭中，一直受到良好的教育和培养。 She grew up in a privileged family, always receiving good education and upbringing.
2203	幼稚	yòuzhì	adjective: childish / immature / naive	Tā de yòuzhì xíngwéi yīnqǐ le dàjiā de cháoxiào. 他的幼稚行为引起了大家的嘲笑。 His childish behavior provoked ridicule from everyone.
2204	愈	yù	conjunction: the more ... (the more)	Suízhe niánlíng de zēngzhǎng, tā de jiànkāng zhuàngkuàng yùláiyù bù wěndìng. 随着年龄的增长，他的健康状况愈来愈不稳定。 As he increased in age, his health condition became more and more unstable.

2205	愚蠢	yúchǔn	adjective: stupid / foolish / silly	<p>Zài wǒ niánqīng de shíhòu, wǒ zuò guo hěn duō yúchǔn de juéding.</p> <p>在我年轻的时候，我做过很多愚蠢的决定。</p> <p>I made a lot of foolish decisions when I was young.</p>
2206	预料	yùliào	noun: expectation / prediction	<p>Zhège jiéguǒ shéi yě méiyǒu yùliào dào.</p> <p>这个结果谁也没有预料到。</p> <p>No one had expected this outcome.</p>
2207	舆论	yúlùn	noun: public opinion	<p>Zhè jiàn shìqíng zàochéng le hěn dà de hōngdòng, yúlùn fǎnxiǎng hěn qiángliè.</p> <p>这件事情造成了很大的轰动，舆论反响很强烈。</p> <p>This matter has caused a huge sensation and has received strong public opinion.</p>
2208	愚昧	yúmèi	adjective: ignorant / uneducated	<p>Jiàoyù kěyǐ xiāochú yúmèi hé wúzhī, shǐ rénmen gèngjiā kāimíng hé lǐzhì.</p> <p>教育可以消除愚昧和无知，使人们更加开明和理智。</p> <p>Education can eliminate ignorance and lack of knowledge, making people more enlightened and rational.</p>

2209	渔民	yúmín	noun: fisherman	<p>Zhègè xiǎozhèn de jūmín dàbùfen dōu shì yúmín. 这个小镇的居民大部分都是渔民。 Most of the residents in this small town are fishermen.</p>
2210	预期	yùqī	noun: expectation / anticipation	<p>Tā de gōngzuò biǎoxiàn dàdà chāochū le wǒmen de yùqī, suǒyǐ gōngsī juédìng gěi tā jìnshēng. 他的工作表现大大超出了我们的预期，所以公司决定给他晋升。 His performance at work has far exceeded our expectations, so the company has decided to promote him.</p>
2211	与日俱增	yǔrìjùzēng	idiom: to increase steadily / to grow with each passing day	<p>Suízhe rénkǒu de zēngjiā, chéngshì jiāotōng yōngdǔ wèntí yǔrìjùzēng. 随着人口的增加，城市交通拥堵问题与日俱增。 With the increase of population, the problem of urban traffic congestion is growing day by day.</p>
2212	羽绒服	yǔróngfú	noun: down jacket	<p>Zhè jiàn huīsè de yǔróngfú bùjīn shíshàng, érqǐě bǎonuǎn xìng yě hěn hǎo. 这件灰色的羽绒服不仅时尚，而且保暖性也很好。 This gray down jacket is not only fashionable, but also very warm.</p>

2213	预赛	yùsài	noun: preliminary competition / qualifying round	<p>Wǒmen xūyào zài yùsài zhōng biǎoxiàn chūsè cái néng jìnjí dào juésài.</p> <p>我们需要在预赛中表现出色才能晋级到决赛。</p> <p>We need to perform well in the preliminaries in order to advance to the finals.</p>
2214	预算	yùsuàn	noun: budget	<p>Zhè tái diànnǎo de jiàgé zài wǒ de yùsuàn fànwéi nèi, wǒ zhǔnbèi mǎixià tā.</p> <p>这台电脑的价格在我的预算范围内，我准备买下它。</p> <p>The price of this computer is within my budget range, and I am ready to purchase it.</p>
2215	欲望	yùwàng	noun: desire / longing / appetite	<p>Tā duì mínglì de yùwàng ràng tā biànde tānlán lěngkù.</p> <p>他对名利的欲望让他变得贪婪冷酷。</p> <p>His desire for fame and fortune has made him greedy and ruthless.</p>
2216	预先	yùxiān	adverb: beforehand / in advance	<p>Wèile bìmiǎn làngfèi shíjiān, tā yùxiān zhìdìng le xiángxì de jìhuà.</p> <p>为了避免浪费时间，他预先制定了详细的计划。</p> <p>To avoid wasting time, he made a detailed plan in advance.</p>

2217	预言	yùyán	noun: prophecy / prediction	<p>Zhè cì bǐsài de jiéguǒ zhèngshí le wǒ de yùyán. 这次比赛的结果证实了我的预言。 The result of this competition confirmed my prediction.</p>
2218	寓言	yùyán	noun: fable	<p>Xǔduō yùyán gùshi dōu bāohán zhe shēnkè de zhélǐ. 许多寓言故事都包含着深刻的哲理。 Many fables contain profound philosophy.</p>
2219	予以	yǔyǐ	verb: to give / to grant	<p>Wǒmen yīnggāi yǔyǐ yōuxiù yuángōng gèng duō de jiǎnglì, yǐ biǎozhāng tāmen de nǚlì. 我们应该予以优秀员工更多的奖励，以表彰他们的努力。 We should give more rewards to outstanding employees to acknowledge their efforts.</p>
2220	预兆	yùzhào	noun: omen / sign	<p>Tā rènwéi zài mèng lǐ jiàndào hēi māo shì bùxiáng de yùzhào. 他认为在梦里见到黑猫是不祥的预兆。 He believes that seeing a black cat in a dream is an ominous omen.</p>

2221	原告	yuángào	noun: (in criminal cases) plaintiff / accuser	<p>Suǒyǒu zhèngjù dōu zhīchí yuángào de zhǐkòng. 所有证据都支持原告的指控。</p> <p>All the evidence supports the plaintiff's allegations.</p>
2222	原理	yuánlǐ	noun: principle / theory	<p>Shū zhōng chǎnmíng le gàngǎn zuòyòng de yuánlǐ. 书中阐明了杠杆作用的原理。</p> <p>The book explains the principle of leverage.</p>
2223	园林	yuánlín	noun: gardens / landscape garden	<p>Sūzhōu yuánlín de jiànzhù fēnggé fēicháng dú tè. 苏州园林的建筑风格非常独特。</p> <p>The architectural style of Suzhou gardens is very unique.</p>
2224	圆满	yuánmǎn	adverb: satisfactorily	<p>Yóuyú shuāngfāng dáchéng le héjiě xiéyì, zhè chǎng jiūfēn déyǐ yuánmǎn jiějué. 由于双方达成了和解协议，这场纠纷得以圆满解决。</p> <p>As both parties reached a settlement agreement, the dispute was resolved satisfactorily.</p>

2225	源泉	yuánquán	noun: source / fountain / (figurative) origin	Fùmǔ de zhīchí hé gǔlì shì hái zi zìxìnxīn de yuánquán. 父母的支持和鼓励是孩子自信心的源泉。 Parental support and encouragement are the source of children's confidence.
2226	原始	yuánshǐ	adjective: original / primitive / firsthand	Kǎogǔxuéjiā men zài zhège gǔdài yízhǐ zhōng fāxiàn le xǔduō yuánshǐ gōngjù. 考古学家们在这个古代遗址中发现了许多原始工具。 Archaeologists have found many primitive tools in this ancient site.
2227	元首	yuánshǒu	noun: head of state	Quántǐ yìyuán qíshēng xiàng yuánshǒu biǎodá le duì xīn zhèngcè de zhīchí. 全体议员齐声向元首表达了对新政策的支持。 All MPs expressed their support to the head of state for the new policy.
2228	元素	yuánsù	noun: element (key component of something) / (chemical) element	Tā de dàbùfen wénxué zuòpǐn zhōng dōu róng rù le yōumò de yuánsù. 他的大部分文学作品中都融入了幽默的元素。 Most of his literary works incorporated elements of humor.

2229	冤枉	yuānwang	verb: to treat unjustly / to accuse wrongly	Tā bèi yuānwang rùyù duōnián, zhídào xīn zhèngjù fúchūshuǐmiàn cái bèi shìfàng. 他被冤枉入狱多年，直到新证据浮出水面才被释放。 He was wrongly imprisoned for many years and was only released when new evidence surfaced.
2230	原先	yuánxiān	adverb: originally / at first	Zhège xiàngmù de yuánxiān yùsuàn shì wǔ bǎiwàn, dàn zuìzhōng huāfèi le bā bǎiwàn. 这个项目的原先预算是五百万，但最终花费了八百万。 The original budget for this project was 5 million, but it ended up costing 8 million.
2231	元宵节	yuánxiāojié	noun: Lantern festival	Yuánxiāojié shì Zhōngguó wénhuà chuántǒng jiérì zhīyī. 元宵节是中国文化传统节日之一。 The Lantern Festival is one of the traditional Chinese cultural holidays.
2232	岳父	yuèfù	noun: wife's father / father-in-law	Tā de yuèfù shì yī wèi gōngchéngshī, fēicháng shàncháng xiūlǐ diànxì. 他的岳父是一位工程师，非常擅长修理电器。 His father-in-law is an engineer who is really good at repairing electrical appliances.



2233	乐谱	yuèpǔ	noun: musical score / notation	<p>Qǐng bǎ zhè shǒu gāngqín yuèpǔ fùyìn yī fèn gěi wǒ. 请把这首钢琴乐谱复印一份给我。</p> <p>Please make a copy of this piano musical notation for me.</p>
2234	约束	yuēshù	verb: to restrict / to limit to	<p>Fùmǔ yīnggāi yuēshù háizi wán yóuxì de shíjiān, yǐ bìmiǎn guòdù chénmí yú diànzǐ chǎnpǐn. 父母应该约束孩子玩游戏的时间，以避免过度沉迷于电子产品。</p> <p>Parents should limit their children's screen time in order to prevent excessive obsession to electronic devices.</p>
2235	熨	yùn	verb: to iron	<p>Zhè jiàn máoyī fēicháng róngyì qǐ zhòu, xūyào jīngcháng yùn cái néng bǎochí píngzhěng. 这件毛衣非常容易起皱，需要经常熨才能保持平整。</p> <p>This sweater wrinkles easily, and needs to be ironed frequently in order to keep it smooth.</p>
2236	蕴藏	yùncáng	verb: to hold in store / to contain (untapped reserves, etc.)	<p>Zhè piàn tǔdì zhōng yùncáng zhe fēngfù de méitàn zīyuán. 这片土地中蕴藏着丰富的煤炭资源。</p> <p>This land contains abundant coal resources.</p>

2237	酝酿	yùnniàng	verb: (of a crisis) to be brewing / (of alcohol) to ferment	<p>Zhège xiǎngfǎ yǐjīng zài wǒ de nǎohǎi lǐ yùnniàng le hěn cháng yī duàn shíjiān.</p> <p>这个想法已经在我的脑海里酝酿了很长一段时间。</p> <p>This idea has been brewing in my mind for a long time.</p>
2238	运算	yùnsuàn	verb: to perform calculations	<p>Zhǐyǒu fǎnfù liànxí cái néng shúliàn de zhǎngwò yùnsuàn fǎzé.</p> <p>只有反复练习才能熟练地掌握运算法则。</p> <p>Only through repeated practice can one master the rules of calculation skillfully.</p>
2239	运行	yùnxíng	verb: (of a computer) to run	<p>Zhège chéngxù xūyào diànnǎo yōngyǒu zúgòu de nèicún cái néng liúchàng yùnxíng.</p> <p>这个程序需要电脑拥有足够的内存才能流畅运行。</p> <p>This program requires the computer to have enough memory to run smoothly.</p>
2240	孕育	yùnyù	verb: to be pregnant / to breed / to nurture (a development, school of thought, artwork, etc.)	<p>Zhège xiǎngfǎ zài tā nǎohǎi zhōng yùnyù le duōnián, zhōngyú déyǐ shíxiàn.</p> <p>这个想法在他脑海中孕育了多年，终于得以实现。</p> <p>This idea had been incubating in his mind for many years, and finally it has been realized.</p>

2241	砸	zá	verb: to smash / to pound / to muck up	Xiǎotōu yòng tiě chuí zálàn le diànpù de bōli mén. 小偷用铁锤砸烂了店铺的玻璃门。 The thief smashed the glass door of the shop with a hammer.
2242	咋	zǎ	adverb: why / how	Tā zài kǒudài lǐ mōsuo le bàntiān, zǎ yě zhǎobudào yàoshi. 他在口袋里摸索了半天，咋也找不到钥匙。 He rummaged in his pocket for a while but couldn't find his keys, no matter what.
2243	杂技	zájì	noun: acrobatics	Zhè wèi zhùmíng de zájìyǎnyuán zài yī cì gāokōng biǎoyǎn zhōng chūxiàn le yìwài, bùguò xìnghǎo méiyǒu shòushāng. 这位著名的杂技演员在一次高空表演中出现了意外，不过幸好没有受伤。 This famous acrobat had an accident during a high-altitude performance, but fortunately was not injured.
2244	杂交	zájiāo	noun: hybrid	Zhèzhǒng fāngfǎ néng gāoxiào péiyù chū zájiāo zhǒngzi. 这种方法能高效培育出杂交种子。 This method can efficiently cultivate hybrid seeds.

2245	宰	zǎi	verb: to butcher / to slaughter	Gēnjù zōngjiàoyíshì de guīdìng, zhè zhī yáng bìxū zài qīngchén zǎishā. 根据宗教仪式的规定，这只羊必须在清晨宰杀。 According to the rules of the religious ceremony, this sheep must be slaughtered in the early morning.
2246	在乎	zàihu	verb: to care about	Tā shífēn zàihu zìjǐ de xíngxiàng, yīncǐ jīngcháng guānzhù jiànshēn, yīzhuó děng fāngmiàn de xìjié. 他十分在乎自己的形象，因此经常关注健身、衣着等方面的细节。 He cares a lot about his image, so he often pays attention to the details of fitness, clothing, and so on.
2247	再接再厉	zàijiēzàilì	idiom: to make persistent efforts / to double one's efforts	Wǒmen yǐjīng qǔdé le yīdìng de chéngjì, xiànzài xūyào zàijiēzàilì, zhēngqǔ gèng dà de jìnbù. 我们已经取得了一定的成绩，现在需要再接再厉，争取更大的进步。 We have achieved certain results, now we need to double our efforts and strive for greater progress.
2248	灾难	zāinàn	noun: disaster / catastrophe	Zhè chǎng zāinàn suǒ zàochéng de sǔnshī shì wúfǎ yòng jīnqián héngliáng de. 这场灾难所造成的损失是无法用金钱衡量的。 The losses caused by this disaster cannot be measured by money.

2249	栽培	zāipéi	noun: cultivation / planting	<p>Gōngsī wèilái de fāzhǎn xūyào dàliàng de zhuānyèréncai, yīncǐ wǒmen bìxū duì yuángōng jìnxíng xìtǒng xìng de péiyǎng hé zāipéi.</p> <p>公司未来的发展需要大量的专业人才，因此我们必须对员工进行系统性的培养和栽培。</p> <p>The future development of the company requires a large number of professional talents, so we must provide systematic training and cultivation for our employees.</p>
2250	在意	zàiyì	verb: (usually, in the negative) to care about / to mind	<p>Suīrán wǒ bùxiǎng chéngrèn, dàn wǒ háishi hěn zàiyì tā de píngjià.</p> <p>虽然我不想承认，但我还是很在意他的评价。</p> <p>Although I don't want to admit it, I still care about his opinion.</p>
2251	攒	zǎn	verb: to collect together / to save (money)	<p>Wǒ zhèngzài zǎn qián, jìhuà zài niánmò qián qù Běijīng lǚyóu.</p> <p>我正在攒钱，计划在年末前去北京旅游。</p> <p>I'm saving money and planning to travel to Beijing before the end of the year.</p>
2252	暂且	zànqiě	adverb: for now / for the moment / temporarily	<p>Zài wǒmen yǒu le gèng duō de zhèngjù zhīqián, wǒmen zànqiě bù yào zuòchū rèn hé jiélùn.</p> <p>在我们有了更多的证据之前，我们暂且不要做出任何结论。</p> <p>Let's refrain from drawing any conclusions until we have more evidence.</p>

2253	赞叹	zàntàn	verb: to gasp in admiration / highly praise	<p>Dàjiā dōu duì tā zài bǐsài zhōng de chūsè biǎoxiàn zàntànbù yǐ.</p> <p>大家都对他在比赛中的出色表现赞叹不已。</p> <p>Everyone praised his outstanding performance in the competition.</p>
2254	赞同	zàntóng	verb: to agree with / to approve of	<p>Duìyú zhèzhǒng wèntí, wǒ wánquán zàntóng nǐ de chǔlǐ fāngshì.</p> <p>对于这种问题，我完全赞同你的处理方式。</p> <p>I completely agree with your approach to this issue.</p>
2255	赞扬	zànyáng	verb: to praise / to commend / to speak highly of	<p>Jǐnguǎn kùnnán chóngchóng, tā réngrán jiānchíbùxiè de qiánjìn, zhèzhǒng jīngshén shì zhíde zànyáng de.</p> <p>尽管困难重重，她仍然坚持不懈地前进，这种精神是值得赞扬的。</p> <p>Despite the many difficulties, she persisted in moving forward tirelessly, and this spirit deserves praise.</p>
2256	赞助	zànzhù	verb: to support / to assist / to sponsor	<p>Yùndòng pǐnpái gōngsī chángcháng zànzhù yīxiē tǐyù sàishì, yǐ tígāo pǐnpái zhī míngdù.</p> <p>运动品牌公司常常赞助一些体育赛事，以提高品牌知名度。</p> <p>Sports brand companies often sponsor sporting events to increase brand awareness.</p>

2257	造反	zàofǎn	verb: to rebel / to revolt / to rise in rebellion	<p>Zhèxiē fǎnpàn fènzǐ zhèngzài jìhuà yī cì zàofǎn, qǐtú tuīfān xiànyǒu de zhèngquán.</p> <p>这些反叛分子正在计划一次造反，企图推翻现有的政权。</p> <p>These rebels are planning a rebellion, intending to overthrow the current regime.</p>
2258	遭受	zāoshòu	verb: to suffer / to sustain (loss, misfortune)	<p>Wǒguó yánhǎi yīdài jīngcháng zāoshòu táifēng qīnxí.</p> <p>我国沿海一带经常遭受台风侵袭。</p> <p>Coastal areas in our country are frequently impacted by typhoons.</p>
2259	糟蹋	zāotà	verb: to waste / to ruin / to spoil / to insult	<p>Zhèxiē dōu shì jíjí cáichǎn, rèn hé rén dōu bùdé suíyì zāotà.</p> <p>这些都是集体财产，任何人都不得随意糟蹋。</p> <p>These are all public properties, and nobody is allowed to wantonly damage them.</p>
2260	造型	zàoxíng	noun: modeling / design / style	<p>Zhè wèi mótiè de zàoxíng fēicháng shíshàng, lìng rén yǎnqián yī liàng.</p> <p>这位模特的造型非常时尚，令人眼前一亮。</p> <p>This model's overall styling is very fashionable and eye-catching.</p>

2261	遭殃	zāoyāng	verb: to suffer disaster / to suffer a calamity	<p>Héshuǐ bàozhǎng, liǎng'àn de fángwū quán dōu zāoyāng le.</p> <p>河水暴涨，两岸的房屋全都遭殃了。</p> <p>The river rose dramatically and all the houses on both banks suffered flooding.</p>
2262	噪音	zàoyīn	noun: noise / rumble	<p>Ērsāi kěyǐ yǒuxiào jiàngdī zàoyīn duì tīnglì de yǐngxiǎng.</p> <p>耳塞可以有效降低噪音对听力的影响。</p> <p>Earplugs can effectively reduce the impact of noise on hearing.</p>
2263	遭遇	zāoyù	verb: to meet with (sth. unfortunate) / to run up against	<p>Zuótiān wǎnshàng, tā zài huíjiā de lùshàng zāoyù le xíjī.</p> <p>昨天晚上，他在回家的路上遭遇了袭击。</p> <p>He was attacked on his way home last night.</p>
2264	责怪	zéguài	verb: to blame / to rebuke	<p>Tā zǒngshì zéguài wǒ bùgòu xìxīn, dàn wǒ yǐjīng jìnli le.</p> <p>她总是责怪我不够细心，但我已经尽力了。</p> <p>She always blames me for not being careful enough, but I have tried my best.</p>



2265	贼	zéi	noun: thief	<p>Zhège chéngshì lǐ de dàozéi sìhū hěn chāngjué, dàjiā yào tèbié xiǎoxīn. 这个城市里的盗贼似乎很猖獗，大家要特别小心。</p> <p>The number of thieves seem to be rampant in this city, and everyone should be careful.</p>
2266	赠送	zèngsòng	verb: to present as a gift	<p>Zhè jiā shāngdiàn zhèngzài jìnxíng cùxiāo huódòng, gòumǎi rènyì shāngpǐn jiù kěyǐ zèngsòng yī fèn xiǎo lǐpǐn. 这家商店正在进行促销活动，购买任意商品就可以赠送一份小礼品。</p> <p>This store is running a promotional campaign where customers can receive a small gift by purchasing any item.</p>
2267	增添	zēngtiān	verb: to add / to increase	<p>Wǒmen xūyào zēngtiān yīxiē xīn de shèbèi, yǐ tíshēng gōngzuò xiàolǜ. 我们需要增添一些新的设备，以提升工作效率。</p> <p>We need to add some new equipment to enhance work efficiency.</p>
2268	渣	zhā	noun: dregs / sediment / residue	<p>Wǒmen kěyǐ jiāng kāfēi zhā yòngzuò féiliào, wèi zhíwù tígōng yǎngfèn. 我们可以将咖啡渣用作肥料，为植物提供养分。</p> <p>We can use coffee grounds as fertilizer to provide nutrients for plants.</p>

2269	扎	zhā	verb: to prick / to stick (a needle, etc) into	<p>Xiūlǐ gōng xūyào zài guǎndào shàng zhā yī gè kǒng, yǐbiàn zhǎodào gùzhàng.</p> <p>修理工需要在管道上扎一个孔，以便找到故障。</p> <p>The repairman needs to make a hole on the pipe to find the problem.</p>
2270	眨	zhǎ	verb: to wink / to blink	<p>Tā zhǎ le yīxià yǎn, biǎoshì tóngyì.</p> <p>他眨了一下眼，表示同意。</p> <p>He blinked his eyes to indicate his agreement.</p>
2271	诈骗	zhàpiàn	verb: to defraud / to swindle	<p>Tā jiǎzhuāng shì yī míng císhànjīgòu de dàibiǎo, zhàpiàn le lǎorén de qiáncái.</p> <p>她假装是一名慈善机构的代表，诈骗了老人的钱财。</p> <p>She pretended to be a representative of a charity organization and swindled money from the elderly person.</p>
2272	扎实	zháshi	adjective: strong / sturdy / solid	<p>Zhè běn shū jiāng wèi nǐ dǎxià zháshi de yǔfǎ jīchǔ.</p> <p>这本书将为你打下扎实的语法基础。</p> <p>This book will lay a solid foundation for your grammar.</p>

2273	债券	zhàiquàn	noun: bond / debentures	<p>Tóuzīzhě kěyǐ tōngguò gòumǎi zhàiquàn lái huòqǔ wěndìng de shōuyì.</p> <p>投资者可以通过购买债券来获取稳定的收益。</p> <p>Investors can earn steady returns by purchasing bonds.</p>
2274	摘要	zhāiyào	noun: summary / abstract	<p>Zhè shì běnwén de zhāiyào, gài kuò le qízhōng de zhǔyào nèiróng.</p> <p>这是本文的摘要，概括了其中的主要内容。</p> <p>This is the abstract of the article, which summarizes its main content.</p>
2275	斩钉截铁	zhǎndīngjiétiě	idiom: to be resolute and decisive	<p>Tā zhǎndīngjiétiě de biǎomíng zìjǐ de lìchǎng, biǎoshì jué bù huì tuǒxié.</p> <p>他斩钉截铁地表明自己的立场，表示绝不会妥协。</p> <p>He was resolute in stating his position and said he would never compromise.</p>
2276	战斗	zhàndòu	noun: fight / battle / combat	<p>Zhè zhī jūnduì zài zhàndòu zhōng chénggōng zhàn lǐng le díjūn de zhèndì.</p> <p>这支军队在战斗中成功占领了敌军的阵地。</p> <p>This army successfully captured the enemy's position during the battle.</p>

2277	沾光	zhānguāng	verb: to benefit from association with somebody	Tā de chénggōng ràng tā de jiārén hé péngyou men dōu zhānguāng le. 他的成功让他的家人和朋友们都沾光了。 His success benefitted his family and friends.
2278	占据	zhànjù	verb: to occupy / to hold	Zhège xínglixīang zhànjù le wǒmen chē hòubèixiāng de dàbùfen kōngjiān. 这个行李箱占据了我们的车后备箱的大部分空间。 This suitcase occupies most of the space in our car's trunk.
2279	占领	zhànlǐng	verb: to capture / to occupy	Dìjūn xùnsù qiánjìn, zhànlǐng le zhè zuò chéngshì. 敌军迅速前进，占领了这座城市。 The enemy troops quickly advanced and occupied the city.
2280	战略	zhànlüè	noun: strategy	Gōngsī zhèngzài zhìdìng yī xiàng xīn de yíngxiāo zhànlüè, zhǐzài kuòdà shìchǎng zhànyǒulǜ. 公司正在制定一项新的营销战略，旨在扩大市场占有率。 The company is developing a new marketing strategy aimed at expanding market share.

2281	展示	zhǎnshì	verb: to show / to reveal / to display	<p>Zhègè guǎnggào zhǎnshì le chǎnpǐn zài bùtóng huánjīng xià de shǐyòng xiàoguǒ.</p> <p>这个广告展示了产品在不同环境下的使用效果。</p> <p>This advertisement displayed the product's performance in different environments.</p>
2282	战术	zhànshù	noun: tactics	<p>Zài bǐsài zhōng, jiàoliàn men jīngcháng tiáozhěng zhànshù lái yìngduì duìshǒu de biànhuà.</p> <p>在比赛中，教练们经常调整战术来应对对手的变化。</p> <p>Coaches often adjust tactics to respond to changes by their opponents during competitions.</p>
2283	展望	zhǎnwàng	verb: to look ahead / to look into the future	<p>Miànduì rìyì jīliè de shìchǎngjìngzhēng, gōngsī bùduàn zhǎnwàng wèilái jìnxíng zhànlüèxìng tiáozhěng.</p> <p>面对日益激烈的市场竞争，公司不断展望未来进行战略性调整。</p> <p>Faced with increasingly intense market competition, the company is constantly looking to the future and making strategic adjustments.</p>
2284	展现	zhǎnxiàn	verb: to display / to unfold before one's eyes / to reveal	<p>Zhè piān wénzhāng zhǎnxiàn le zuòzhě duì rénshēng de tàidu hé zhéxué sīkǎo.</p> <p>这篇文章展现了作者对人生的态度和哲学思考。</p> <p>This article displays the author's attitude towards life and philosophical ponderings.</p>

2285	崭新	zhǎnxīn	adjective: brand new	<p>Tā kāi zhe yī liàng zhǎnxīn de pǎochē lái jīchǎng jiē tā nǚyǒu.</p> <p>他开着一辆崭新的跑车来机场接他女友。</p> <p>He drove a brand new sports car to the airport to pick up his girlfriend.</p>
2286	瞻仰	zhānyǎng	verb: to gaze at with reverence / to admire	<p>Wǒmen tèdì dào dàjiàotáng zhānyǎng le yīxià nàxiē gǔlǎo de bìhuà.</p> <p>我们特地到大教堂瞻仰了一下那些古老的壁画。</p> <p>We made a special trip to the cathedral to admire the ancient murals.</p>
2287	战役	zhànyì	noun: battle / military campaign	<p>Nà wèi jiāngjūn zài nà chǎng zhànyì zhōng biǎoxiàn yīngyǒng, bèi shòuyǔ le xūnzhāng.</p> <p>那位将军在那场战役中表现英勇，被授予了勋章。</p> <p>The general displayed bravery in that battle and was awarded a medal.</p>
2288	占有	zhànyǒu	verb: to own / to possess / to occupy / to hold	<p>Zhège guójiā céngjīng zhànyǒu guo nàge dǎoyǔ, dànshì hòulái shīqù le kòngzhì.</p> <p>这个国家曾经占有过那个岛屿，但是后来失去了控制。</p> <p>This country used to occupy that island, but later lost control of it.</p>

2289	障碍	zhàng'ài	noun: barrier / obstacle / obstruction	<p>Xuéxí yī mén xīn yǔyán shí, yǔfǎ hé fāyīn tōngcháng shì zuì dà de zhàng'ài.</p> <p>学习一门新语言时，语法和发音通常是最大的障碍。</p> <p>When learning a new language, grammar and pronunciation are usually the biggest obstacles.</p>
2290	长辈	zhǎngbèi	noun: elder generation / elder member of a family	<p>Zūnzhòng zhǎngbèi shì zhōnghuámínzú chuántǒng měidé zhīyī.</p> <p>尊重长辈是中华民族传统美德之一。</p> <p>Respecting elders is one of the traditional virtues of the Chinese nation.</p>
2291	章程	zhāngchéng	noun: statute / rule / regulations	<p>Wǒmen zhìdìng le yī fèn xīn de zhāngchéng, yǐ gèng hǎo de guǎnlǐ gōngsī de yùnyíng.</p> <p>我们制定了一份新的章程，以更好地管理公司的运营。</p> <p>We have developed new rules to better manage the company's operations.</p>
2292	帐篷	zhàngpeng	noun: tent	<p>Zhōumò wǒmen yījiārén qù yěwài lùyíng, dā le yī gè dà zhàngpeng.</p> <p>周末我们一家人去野外露营，搭了一个大帐篷。</p> <p>On the weekend, my family went camping in the wilderness and set up a large tent.</p>

2293	照料	zhàoliào	verb: to take care of	<p>Dāng wǒ bìngdǎo zàijiā shí, wǒ de línjū hěn tǐtiē de zhàoliào wǒ, dàilái le shíwù hé yàopǐn.</p> <p>当我病倒在家时，我的邻居很体贴地照料我，带来了食物和药品。</p> <p>When I was sick at home, my neighbor kindly took care of me by bringing food and medicine.</p>
2294	着迷	zháomí	verb: to be fascinated / to be captivated	<p>Tā duì shíshàng fēicháng zháomí, měi gè jìdù dōu huì guānzhù zuìxīn de liúxíng qūshì.</p> <p>她对时尚非常着迷，每个季度都会关注最新的流行趋势。</p> <p>She is very obsessed with fashion and pays attention to the latest fashion trends every season.</p>
2295	朝气蓬勃	zhāoqìpéngbó	idiom: full of youthful energy / full of vigor and vitality	<p>Zhège xiǎozhèn niánqīngrén jūduō, zhěnggè shèqū chōngmǎn le zhāoqìpéngbó de qìxī.</p> <p>这个小镇年轻人多，整个社区充满了朝气蓬勃的气息。</p> <p>This small town has mostly young people, and the whole community is full of youthful vigor.</p>
2296	招收	zhāoshōu	verb: to hire / to recruit	<p>Xuéxiào zhèngzài zhāoshōu yī míng Zhōngwén jiàoshī, yāoqiú yōngyǒu xiāngguān xuéli hé gōngzuò jīngyàn.</p> <p>学校正在招收一名中文教师，要求拥有相关学历和工作经验。</p> <p>The school is currently hiring a Chinese language teacher and is requiring relevant qualifications and work experience.</p>



2297	招投标	zhāotóubiāo	noun: bidding / auction	<p>Zhè jiā qǐyè yīn bù héguī ér bèi qǔxiāo le zhāotóubiāo zīgé.</p> <p>这家企业因不合规而被取消了招投标资格。</p> <p>This company had its bidding qualification canceled due to non-compliance.</p>
2298	照样	zhàoyàng	adverb: in the same way as usual / as before / still / nevertheless	<p>Tiānqì suīrán bùjiā, dàn wǒmen zhàoyàng juéding jìnxíng hùwài huódòng.</p> <p>天气虽然不佳，但我们照样决定进行户外活动。</p> <p>Despite the bad weather, we still decided to go ahead with the outdoor activities.</p>
2299	照耀	zhàoyào	verb: to shine / to illuminate	<p>Tàiyáng de guāngmáng zhàoyào zhe dàdì, gěi rénmen dàilái wēnnuǎn hé guāngmíng.</p> <p>太阳的光芒照耀着大地，给人们带来温暖和光明。</p> <p>The sunlight shines on the earth, bringing warmth and light to people.</p>
2300	照应	zhàoying	verb: to take care of / to look after	<p>Kānhù rényuán huì zhàoying bìngrén de shēnghuó qǐjū, yǐnshí hé wèishēng děng fāngmiàn de xūqiú.</p> <p>看护人员会照应病人的生活起居、饮食和卫生等方面的需求。</p> <p>Caregivers attend to the daily life, diet, hygiene, and other needs of the patients.</p>