## **HSK 6 Vocabulary With Sentence Examples 1401-1500**

NO.	Character	Pinyin	English	Sentences
1401	器材	qìcái	noun: equipment (refers to a wide range of tools, instruments, or devices used in sports, photography, music, science, etc.)	Zài shānqū túbùlǚxíng shí yīdìngyào zhǔnbèi hǎo bìyào de zhuāngbèi hé qìcái. 在山区徒步旅行时一定要准备好必要的装备和器材。 It is essential to prepare necessary equipment and gear for mountain hiking.
1402	起草	qĭcǎo	verb: to make a draft / to draw up	Zhè fèn hétong shì wǒmen yǔ kèhù xiéshāng hòu gòngtóng qǐcǎo de. 这份合同是我们与客户协商后共同起草的。 This contract was jointly drafted by us and the client after negotiation.
1403	启程	qĭchéng	verb: to set out on a journey	Yóuyú qíngkuàng jǐnjí, tā bùdébù liányè qǐchéng qiánwǎng Shànghǎi. 由于情况紧急,他不得不连夜启程前往上海。 Due to the urgent situation, he had to set off for Shanghai overnight.

1404	起初	qĭchū	adverb: originally / at first	Tāmen qǐchū zhǐshì yī jiā xiǎo gōngsī, xiànzài yǐjīng fāzhǎn chéngwéi yī jiā guīmó pō dà de qǐyè. 他们起初只是一家小公司,现在已经发展成为一家规模颇大的企业。 They started as a small company, but now have developed into an enterprise with a considerable size.
1405	欺负	qīfu	verb: to bully	Wǒ nǚ'ér liàn guo táiquándào, yīncǐ zài xuéxiào lǐ méiyǒu rén gǎn qīfu tā. 我女儿练过跆拳道,因此在学校里没有人敢欺负她。 My daughter has practiced taekwondo, so no one dares to bully her at school.
1406	起伏	qĭfú	verb: to undulate / to move up and down	Zhè piān xiǎoshuō de qíngjié qǐfú duōbiàn, yīdiǎn dōu bù kūzào fáwèi. 这篇小说的情节起伏多变,一点都不枯燥乏味。 The plot of this novel has many ups and downs, and is boring not at all.
1407	乞丐	qĭgài	noun: beggar	Xǔduō wújiākěguī de qǐgài zài fùjìn de dìxià tōngdào lǐ jūzhù. 许多无家可归的乞丐在附近的地下通道里居住。 Many homeless beggars reside in the nearby underground tunnels.

1408	气概	qìgài	noun: mettle / spirit / lofty quality	Sūfēi de nányǒu shēncái gāodà, xiàngmào yīngjùn, gěi rén hěn yǒu nánzǐqìgài de gǎnjué. 苏菲的男友身材高大,相貌英俊,给人很有男子气概的感觉。 Sophie's boyfriend is tall and handsome, giving off a strong and masculine vibe.
1409	气功	qìgōng	noun: qigong	Qìgōng shì Zhōngguó chuántǒng wǔshù, kě zēngqiáng shēntǐ jiànkāng. 气功是中国传统武术,可增强身体健康。 Qigong is a traditional martial art originating from China that can enhance physical health through practice.
1410	器官	qìguān	noun: (physiology) organ / apparatus	Xīn yízhí de qìguān zài nà míng huànzhě shēnshang chūxiàn le qiángliè de pái yì fǎnyìng. 新移植的器官在那名患者身上出现了强烈的排异反应。 The newly transplanted organ in that patient has been strongly rejected by the body.
1411	起哄	qĭhòng	verb: (of a crowd of people) to create a disturbance	Xuésheng men zài kètáng shang qǐhòng, dǎozhì lǎoshī wúfǎ kòngzhì júmiàn. 学生们在课堂上起哄,导致老师无法控制局面。 The students created a disturbance in the classroom, causing the teacher to be unable to control the situation.

1412	迄今为止	qìjīn wéizhĭ	adverb: so far / up to now	Qìjīn wéizhǐ, zhè shì tā suǒ xiě guo de xiǎoshuō zhōng zuì chàngxiāo de yī bù. 迄今为止,这是她所写过的小说中最畅销的一部。 This is the best-selling novel she has written so far.
1413	凄凉	qīliáng	adjective: desolate / dreary / miserable	Nà zuò pòjiù bùkān de lǎo jiànzhù zài hán fēng zhōng xiǎnde géwài qīliáng. 那座破旧不堪的老建筑在寒风中显得格外凄凉。 The dilapidated old building looks particularly desolate in the cold wind.
1414	起码	qĭmă	adverb: at least	Wǒ zhè cì chūchāi qǐmǎ yào yī gè yuè cái néng huílai, suǒyǐ jiā zhōng de shìqing zhǐnéng kào nǐ le. 我这次出差起码要一个月才能回来,所以家中的事情只能靠你了。 I will be away on a business trip for at least a month, so I need to count on you to take care of things at home.
1415	奇妙	qímiào	adjective: wonderful / fantastic	VR diànyǐng wèi guānzhòng dàilái le qiánsuǒwèiyǒu de qímiào tǐyàn. VR 电影为观众带来了前所未有的奇妙体验。 VR movies bring the audience an incredible experience like never before.

1416	旗袍	qípáo	noun: Chinese-style dress	Wèile cānjiā Zhōngguó péngyou de hūnlǐ, tā mǎi le yī jiàn hóngsè de qípáo. 为了参加中国朋友的婚礼,她买了一件红色的旗袍。 Anna bought a red Chinese-style dress to attend her Chinese friend's wedding.
1417	欺骗	qīpiàn	verb: to deceive / to cheat	Zhēn méixiǎngdào, wǒ jìngrán bèi wǒ zuì xìnrèn de rén qīpiàn le! 真没想到,我竟然被我最信任的人欺骗了! I never thought that I would be deceived by the person I trust the most!
1418	气魄	qìpò	noun: boldness / courage / spirit (It can describe a person's ability to take risks, face challenges, and overcome obstacles.)	Zuòwéi yī gè juécèzhě, nǐ bìxū yǒu zúgòu de qìpò qù chéngdān fēngxiǎn bìng zuòchū zhèngquè de juédìng.  作为一个决策者,你必须有足够的气魄去承担风险并做出正确的决定。 As a decision-maker, you must have enough courage to take risks and make the right decisions.
1419	齐全	qíquán	adjective: complete (usually of things) / having everything that one expects to find	Nà jiā fúzhuāng diàn de chǐmǎ qíquán, bùguǎn shì xiǎo mǎ háishi dà mǎ dōu yǒu kùcún. 那家服装店的尺码齐全,不管是小码还是大码都有库存。 That clothing store has a complete range of sizes in stock, whether it's small or large, they have it all.

1420	气色	qìsè	noun: complexion / skin tone	Tā měitiān duànliàn shēntǐ, yīncǐ qìsè fēicháng hǎo. 她每天锻炼身体,因此气色非常好。 She exercises every day, so her complexion looks very good.
1421	歧视	qíshì	verb: to discriminate against	Zhè jiā cāntīng yīn qíshì tóngxìngliànzhě ér yǐnqǐ le gōngzhòng de qiángliè qiǎnzé. 这家餐厅因歧视同性恋者而引起了公众的强烈谴责。 The restaurant has drawn public outcry for discriminating against gay people.
1422	启示	qĭshì	noun: enlightenment / inspiration	Zhè běn shū gěi le wǒ shēnkè de qǐshì, ràng wǒ de rénshēng chǎnshēng le zhòngdà de gǎibiàn. 这本书给了我深刻的启示,让我的人生产生了重大的改变。 The book gave me profound insights and made significant changes in my life.
1423	启事	qĭshì	noun: announcement / notice	Zhè duì fūqī zài duō jiā bàozhǐ shang fābù le xúnzhǎo shīzōng értóng de qǐshì, yǐ jǐnkuài zhǎodào háizi. 这对夫妻在多家报纸上发布了寻找失踪儿童的启事,以尽快找到孩子。 This couple posted a missing person notice in various newspapers in order to find their lost child as soon as possible.

1424	气势	qìshì	noun: momentum (of a person, a group, or a situation) / vigor / imposing manner	Zài zhè chǎng bǐsài zhōng, tā zhǎnxiàn chu le qiángdà de qìshì, yādǎo le duìshǒu. 在这场比赛中,他展现出了强大的气势,压倒了对手。 In this game, he showed strong momentum and overwhelmed his opponent.
1425	期望	qīwàng	noun: expectation	Jiāzhǎng men dōu duì háizi jìyǔ zhe hěn gāo de qīwàng, xīwàng tāmen néng yǒu chūsè de biǎoxiàn. 家长们都对孩子寄予着很高的期望,希望他们能有出色的表现。 Parents have high expectations for their children, hoping that they can perform outstandingly.
1426	气味	qìwèi	noun: odor / scent	Yóuyú chē nèi kōngqì bù liútōng, chēxiāng nèi mímàn zhe yī zhŏng nánwén de qìwèi. 由于车内空气不流通,车厢内弥漫着一种难闻的气味。 Due to the poor air circulation in the train, there is an unpleasant smell filling the carriage.
1427	期限	qīxiàn	noun: deadline / time limit	Wǒmen zhōngyú zài yínháng guīdìng de zuìhòuqīxiàn qián huánqīng le suǒyǒu de dàikuǎn. 我们终于在银行规定的最后期限前还清了所有的贷款。 We finally paid off all our loans before the deadline set by the bank.

1428	气象	qìxiàng	noun: meteorology	Yánjiū biǎomíng, zhīqìguǎn xiàochuǎn yǔ kōngqìwūrǎn hé qìxiàng biànhuà zhījiān cúnzài zhe mìqiè guānlián. 研究表明,支气管哮喘与空气污染和气象变化之间存在着密切关联。 Research shows that asthma is closely related to air pollution and meteorological changes.
1429	齐心协力	qíxīn xiélì	idiom: to work as one / to make concerted efforts	Zhè shì yī gè xūyào quántǐ chéngyuán qíxīn xiélì cái néng wánchéng de xiàngmù. 这是一个需要全体成员齐心协力才能完成的项目。 This is a project that requires the joint efforts of all members to accomplish.
1430	气压	qìyā	noun: atmospheric pressure	Zài gāo hǎibá dìqū, qìyā huì biànde jiào dī, dǎozhì qìwēn yě pǔbiàn jiào dī. 在高海拔地区,气压会变得较低,导致气温也普遍较低。 At high-altitude areas, the atmospheric pressure decreases, resulting in lower temperatures.
1431	起义	qĭyì	noun: uprising / insurrection / revolt	Tāmen fāqǐ le qǐyì, yāoqiú zhōngjié dìzhǔ bōxuē. 他们发起了起义,要求终结地主剥削。 They launched an uprising, demanding an end to the exploitation by the landlords.

1432	岂有此理	qĭyŏu cĭlĭ	idiom: outrageous / preposterous	Qǐyǒu cǐlǐ, míngmíng shì nǐ zuòcuò le shìqing, què jiāng zérèn tuīxiè gěi wǒ! 岂有此理,明明是你做错了事情,却将责任推卸给我! This is outrageous! It was clearly your fault, yet you are shifting the blame onto me!
1433	起源	qĭyuán	noun: origin	Kēxuéjiā men yīzhí zài tànjiū shēngmìng qǐyuán de wèntí, dàn qìjīn shàngwèi zhǎodào quèzáo de dá'àn. 科学家们一直在探究生命起源的问题,但迄今尚未找到确凿的答案。 Scientists have been exploring the origin of life, but have not yet found a definitive answer.
1434	旗帜	qízhì	noun: flag / banner	Zài guānzhòng xí shang, qiúmí men huīwǔ shǒu zhōng de qízhì wèi zìjǐ xǐ'ài de qiúduì jiāyóu zhùwēi. 在观众席上,球迷们挥舞手中的旗帜为自己喜爱的球队加油助威。 In the stands, fans are waving flags in their hands and cheer on their favorite team.
1435	掐	qiā	verb: to pinch / to clutch	Tā tūrán yònglì qiā le wǒ yīxià, wǒ téng de rěnbuzhù fāchū le yī shēng jiānjiào. 她突然用力掐了我一下,我疼得忍不住发出了一声尖叫。 She suddenly pinched me hard, and I couldn't help but scream in pain.

1436	恰当	qiàdàng	adjective: suitable / appropriate / proper	Wǒmen yīnggāi zài biǎodá zìjǐ de xiǎngfǎ hé yìjiàn shí shǐyòng qiàdàng de yǔyán. 我们应该在表达自己的想法和意见时使用恰当的语言。 We should use appropriate language when expressing our ideas and opinions.
1437	恰到好处	qiàdào hǎochù	idiom: just right (for the purpose or occasion)	Liánghǎo de rénjì jiāowǎng xūyào qiàdào hǎochù de biǎodá hé gōutōng. 良好的人际交往需要恰到好处的表达和沟通。 Good interpersonal communication requires appropriate expressions and communications.
1438	恰巧	qiàqiǎo	adverb: coincidentally / by chance	Wǒ zhèngzài wèi zhǎobudào rén bāngmáng ér fánnǎo, qiàqiǎo Dàwèi jiù lái le. 我正在为找不到人帮忙而烦恼,恰巧大卫就来了。 I was worried about not being able to find someone to help me, and David happened to show up.
1439	洽谈	qiàtán	verb: to negotiate / to discuss together	Zhè cì qiàtán fēicháng zhòngyào, yīnwèi tā guānxìdào wǒmen gōngsī wèilái de fāzhǎn fāngxiàng. 这次洽谈非常重要,因为它关系到我们公司未来的发展方向。 This negotiation is very important because it is related to the future developmental direction of our company.

1440	牵扯	qiānchě	verb: to implicate / to involve / to drag in	Zhège ànzi qiānchě dào le hěn duō rén, xūyào rènzhēn diàochá. 这个案子牵扯到了很多人,需要认真调查。 This case involves many people and requires a thorough investigation.
1441	签订	qiāndìng	verb: to conclude and sign (a treaty, etc.)	Wǒmen yǔ dāngdì zuì dà de jiànzhù gōngsī qiāndìng le yī fèn jiàzhí liǎng bǎiwàn měiyuán de hétong. 我们与当地最大的建筑公司签订了一份价值两百万美元的合同。 We have signed a contract worth two million US dollars with the largest local construction company.
1442	千方百计	qiānfāng bǎijì	idiom: by every possible means	Jīngguò zhè wèi yīshēng qiānfāng bǎijì de zhìliáo, zuìzhōng zhè wèi bìngrén chénggōng kāngfù. 经过这位医生千方百计的治疗,最终这位病人成功康复。 After the doctor tried every possible treatments, the patient finally recovered successfully.
1443	前景	qiánjǐng	noun: prospect / perspective / foreground	Wǒ rènwéi hùliánwǎng hángyè jùyǒu guǎngkuò de fāzhǎn qiánjǐng. 我认为互联网行业具有广阔的发展前景。 I believe that the internet industry has a vast potential for development.

1444	迁就	qiānjiù	verb: to accommodate / to compromise / to make concessions	Wŏmen bùnéng yīwèi de qiānjiù tārén de xūqiú. 我们不能一味地迁就他人的需求。 We cannot always blindly accommodate other people's needs.
1445	潜力	qiánlì	noun: potential	Zhè wèi niánqīng yùndòngyuán zhǎnshì le jīngrén de jìqiǎo hé tiānfù, jiàoliàn xiāngxìn tā de qiánlì shì wúxiàn de. 这位年轻运动员展示了惊人的技巧和天赋,教练相信他的潜力是无限的。 The young athlete demonstrated amazing skills and talent, and the coach believes that his potential is limitless.
1446	签署	qiānshǔ	verb: to sign	Wǒmen yǔ hézuòfāng qiānshǔ le bǎomìxiéyì yǐ quèbǎo shāngyè xìnxī de ānquán. 我们与合作方签署了保密协议以确保商业信息的安全。 We signed a confidentiality agreement with our partner to ensure the security of our business information.
1447	潜水	qiánshuĭ	verb: to dive	Wǒ de háizi zài cānjiā shǔqī xiàlìngyíng shí xuéhuì le qiánshuǐ. 我的孩子在参加暑期夏令营时学会了潜水。 My child learned how to scuba dive while participating in a summer camp.

1448	前提	qiántí	noun: precondition / prerequisite / premise	Wǒ xiǎng zài bǎochí yíngyǎng jūnhéng de qiántí xià jiǎnféi. 我想在保持营养均衡的前提下减肥。 We should lose weight while maintaining a balanced nutrition.
1449	迁徙	qiānxĭ	verb: to move / to migrate (when referring to animals, it typically describes their seasonal migration)	Zhèxiē hòuniǎo huì suízhe jìjié de biànhuà jìnxíng qiānxǐ. 这些候鸟会随着季节的变化进行迁徙。 These migratory birds will migrate with the change of seasons.
1450	谦逊	qiānxùn	noun: modesty / humility	Zhè cì shībài ràng yīxiàng jiāo'ào de nǚ'ér dǒngde le qiānxùn. 这次失败让一向骄傲的女儿懂得了谦逊。 This failure taught the once proud daughter the value of humility.
1451	潜移默化	qiányí mòhuà	idiom: to exert subtle influence on somebody's character, thinking, etc. / to imperceptibly influence	Liánghǎo de gōngzuò fēnwéi nénggòu qiányí mòhuà de tígāo yuángōng de gōngzuò xiàolǜ. 良好的工作氛围能够潜移默化地提高员工的工作效率。 A good working environment can improve employees' work attitudes and efficiency subconsciously.

1452	谴责	qiǎnzé	verb: to condemn / to criticize	Wǒ rènwéi suǒyǒu nüèdài dòngwù de xíngwéi dōu yīnggāi shòudào qiǎnzé. 我认为所有虐待动物的行为都应该受到谴责。 I believe that all acts of animal abuse should be condemned.
1453	牵制	qiānzhì	verb: (usually used with reference to military operations) to pin down / to tie up	Tōngguò qiānzhì díjūn de zhǔlì, wǒmen chénggōng de jiāng yuánjūn yǐnrù zhànchǎng, shíxiàn le tūwéi. 通过牵制敌军的主力,我们成功地将援军引入战场,实现了突围。 By pinning down the main force of the enemy, we successfully brought reinforcements into the battlefield and achieved a breakout.
1454	抢劫	qiǎngjié	verb: to rob	Zuìjìn gāi dìqū jiēlián fāshēng le duō qǐ qiǎngjié ànjiàn. 最近该地区接连发生了多起抢劫案件。 Recently, there has been multiple robbery cases occurring in the area.
1455	抢救	qiǎngjiù	verb: to rescue (refers to the emergency rescue or treatment of someone who is in a life-threatening condition)	Jīngguò yīshēng de fènlì qiǎngjiù, bìngrén zhōngyú tuōlí le shēngmìng wēixiǎn. 经过医生的奋力抢救,病人终于脱离了生命危险。 Through the doctor's vigorous rescue efforts, the patient finally escaped from the danger of losing his life.

1456	强迫	qiǎngpò	verb: to compel / to force	Wǒmen yīnggāi gǔlì yuángōng qù cānjiā péixùn, ér bùshì qiǎngpò tāmen qù xuéxí. 我们应该鼓励员工去参加培训,而不是强迫他们去学习。 We should encourage employees to participate in training, rather than forcing them to learn.
1457	强制	qiángzhì	verb: to force / to coerce (often used in legal or regulatory contexts)	Zhèxiē wéizhāng jiànzhù jiāng huì zài yīzhōu nèi bèi qiángzhì chāichú. 这些违章建筑将会在一周内被强制拆除。 These illegal buildings will be forcibly demolished within a week.
1458	翘	qiào	verb: to stick up / to tilt / to bend upwards	Yóuyú niánjiǔshīxiū, zhè zuò lǎo fángzi dìshang de mùbǎn yǐjīng qiào qilai le. 由于年久失修,这座老房子地上的木板已经翘起来了。 Due to long-term disrepair, the wooden boards on the floor have become warped in this old house.
1459	桥梁	qiáoliáng	noun: bridge	Dàyǔ guòhòu, héshuǐ bàozhǎng, yǒuxiē qiáoliáng shènzhì bèi chōng huǐ le. 大雨过后,河水暴涨,有些桥梁甚至被冲毁了。 After heavy rain, the river rose sharply and some bridges were even washed away.

1460	锲而不舍	qiè'ér bùshě	idiom: to persevere with unrelenting effort / to persist in a task without relenting	Miànduì cuòzhé, wǒmen bùnéng fàngqì, ér shì yào qiè'ér bùshě de jiānchí xiaqu. 面对挫折,我们不能放弃,而是要锲而不舍地坚持下去。 In the face of setbacks, we cannot give up, instead we should persevere.
1461	切实	qièshí	adjective: feasible / realistic / practical	Qǐyè xūyào cǎiqǔ qièshí yǒuxiào de huánbǎo cuòshī, yǐ shíxiàn zīyuán de kěchíxù lìyòng. 企业需要采取切实有效的环保措施,以实现资源的可持续利用。 Companies need to take concrete and effective environmental protection measures to achieve sustainable use of resources.
1462	侵犯	qīnfàn	verb: to infringe on / to violate (law / rule, etc.)	Zhè jiā gōngsī de xíngwéi jíyǒukěnéng qīnfàn xiāofèizhě de gèrényǐnsī. 这家公司的行为极有可能侵犯消费者的个人隐私。 This company's behavior is highly likely to infringe on consumers' personal privacy.
1463	勤俭	qínjiǎn	adjective: hardworking and frugal	Wǒmen yīnggāi chàngdǎo qínjiǎnjiéyuē de shēnghuófāngshì, yǐ jiǎnshǎo zīyuán làngfèi. 我们应该倡导勤俭节约的生活方式,以减少资源浪费。 We should advocate a frugal and thrifty lifestyle to reduce resource waste.

1464	勤恳	qínkěn	adjective: diligent / industrious / hardworking	Tā yīzhí dōu fēicháng qínkěn de gōngzuò, yīncǐ huòdé le lǐngdǎo de gāodù píngjià. 她一直都非常勤恳地工作,因此获得了领导的高度评价。 She has been working diligently, and therefore received high praise from her superiors.
1465	钦佩	qīnpèi	verb: to admire / to look up to	Wǒ fēicháng qīnpèi nǐ zài tánpàn shí suǒ zhǎnxiàn chu de yǒngqì hé guǒduàn. 我非常钦佩你在谈判时所展现出的勇气和果断。 I greatly admire your courage and decisiveness during the negotiation.
1466	亲热	qīnrè	adjective: intimate / affectionate / warm-hearted	Tā gěi le wǒ yī gè qīnrè de yōngbào, ràng wǒ gǎnshòu dào le wēnnuǎn hé bèi ài de gǎnjué. 她给了我一个亲热的拥抱,让我感受到了温暖和被爱的感觉。 She gave me an affectionate hug that made me feel warm and loved.
1467	亲身	qīnshēn	adjective: personal / first-hand (experience)	Zhè bù xiǎoshuō shì gēnjù zuòzhě xiǎoshíhou de qīnshēn jīnglì gǎibiān de. 这部小说是根据作者小时候的亲身经历改编的。 This novel is based on the author's personal experience in childhood.

1468	氢	qīng	noun: hydrogen	Qīng shì yīzhǒng wúsè, wúwèi de huàxuéyuánsù, jùyǒu guǎngfàn de gōngyè yìngyòng.   氢是一种无色、无味的化学元素,具有广泛的工业应用。 Hydrogen is a colorless, odorless chemical element that has a wide range of industrial applications.
1469	情报	qíngbào	noun: information / intelligence	Rúguǒ zhànzhēng bàofā, jūnfāng de shènglì wǎngwǎng qǔjuéyú shéi yōngyǒu gèng zhǔnquè de qíngbào. 如果战争爆发,军方的胜利往往取决于谁拥有更准确的情报。 If war breaks out, the military's victory often depends on who has more accurate intelligence.
1470	清澈	qīngchè	adjective: clear / limpid	Zhège hú zhōng de shuǐ fēicháng qīngchè, wǒ dōu nénggòu kàndào hú dǐ de xiǎo shízǐ. 这个湖中的水非常清澈,我都能够看到湖底的小石子。 The water in this lake is very clear, and I can see small stones on the bottom.
1471	清晨	qīngchén	noun: early morning	Wèile bǎochí shēncái, wǒ měitiān qīngchén dōu huì qù gōngyuán mànpǎo. 为了保持身材,我每天清晨都会去公园慢跑。 In order to maintain my physique, I go for a jog in the park every morning.

1472	清除	qīngchú	verb: to clear away / to eliminate / to get rid of	Yīshēng jiànyì yduō hē shuǐ yǐ qīngchú tǐ nèi de dúsù. 医生建议多喝水以清除体内的毒素。 The doctor recommended drinking more water to clear toxins from the body.
1473	轻而易举	qīng'ér yìjǔ	idiom: as easy as pie / effortlessly	Jīngguò duōcì xùnliàn, tā nénggòu qīng'ér yìjǔ de wánchéng zhège yóuyǒng dòngzuò. 经过多次训练,他能够轻而易举地完成这个游泳动作。 After extensive training, he can perform this swimming movement easily and effortlessly.
1474	请柬	qĭngjiǎn	noun: invitation card	Qǐngjiǎn shang xiě míng le wǎnhuì de shíjiān, dìdiǎn hé zhǔtí. 请柬上写明了晚会的时间、地点和主题。 The invitation card indicates the time, location, and theme of the party.
1475	请教	qĭngjiào	verb: to consult / to seek advice	Yóuyú jīngyàn bùzú, tā jīngcháng xiàng tóngshì qǐngjià zài gōngzuò zhōng pèngdào de wèntí. 由于经验不足,他经常向同事请教在工作中碰到的问题。 Due to a lack of experience, he often seeks advice from his colleagues when he encounters problems at work.

1476	清洁	qīngjié	adjective: clean	Měigerén dōu yīnggāi bǎochí qīngjié de shēnghuó huánjìng, cóng'ér bìmiǎn jíbìng de bàofā. 每个人都应该保持清洁的生活环境,从而避免疾病的爆发。 Everyone should maintain a clean living environment to prevent the outbreak of diseases.
1477	情节	qíngjié	noun: plot (in literature, film, or theater) / circumstances or facts related to a case	Zhège xiǎoshuō de qíngjié fēicháng qūzhé, ràng rén kàn de shífēn guòyǐn. 这个小说的情节非常曲折,让人看得十分过瘾。 The plot of this novel is very intricate, which makes for a very satisfying read.
1478	晴朗	qínglǎng	noun: sunny	Zài zhège qínglǎng de zhōumò, wǒmen zhǔnbèi qù jiāoyóu yīxià, fàngsōng shēnxīn. 在这个晴朗的周末,我们准备去郊游一下,放松身心。 On this sunny weekend, we plan to take a trip to the countryside and relax.
1479	清理	qīnglĭ	verb: to clear up / to put in order	Duī zài xiǎoqū ménkǒu de lājī yǐjīng bèi quánbù qīnglǐ gānjìng le. 堆在小区门口的垃圾已经被全部清理干净了。 The garbage that was piled up at the entrance of the community has been completely cleaned up.

1480	情理	qínglĭ	noun: reason / sense	Zài zhèzhǒng qíngkuàng xià, tóuzī zhège xiàngmù shì hěn héhūqínglǐ de juédìng. 在这种情况下,投资这个项目是很合乎情理的决定。 It is a rational decision to invest in this project under such circumstances.
1481	请示	qǐngshì	verb: to ask for instructions	Zài juédìng xiàyībù xíngdòng zhīqián, wǒmen bìxū xiān qǐngshì shàngjí de yìjiàn. 在决定下一步行动之前,我们必须先请示上级的意见。 Before making any decision on our next move, we must first consult our superiors for their opinion.
1482	请帖	qĭngtiě	noun: invitation card	Wǒmen zhèngzài mángzhe gěi qīnpénghǎoyǒu men jìsòng jiéhūn qǐngtiě. 我们正在忙着给亲朋好友们寄送结婚请帖。 We are busy sending wedding invitations to our relatives and friends.
1483	倾听	qīngtīng	verb: to listen attentively to	Wèile tígōng gèng yōuzhì de fúwù, wŏmen huì rènzhēn qīngtīng měi yī wèi kèhù de bǎoguì yìjiàn. 为了提供更优质的服务,我们会认真倾听每一位客户的宝贵意见。 In order to provide better services, we will carefully listen to every valuable suggestion from our customers.

1484	清晰	qīngxī	adjective: clear / distinct	Zhè shì wǒ xīn mǎi de píngguǒshǒujī, pāi chulai de zhàopiàn tèbié qīngxī. 这是我新买的苹果手机,拍出来的照片特别清晰。 This is my newly purchased Apple phone and the photos taken with it are particularly clear.
1485	倾向	qīngxiàng	noun: tendency / inclination	Tā de nánpéngyou yǒu bàolì qīngxiàng, yīncǐ wǒ jiànyì tā yǔ tā fēnshǒu. 她的男朋友有暴力倾向,因此我建议她与他分手。 Her boyfriend has violent tendencies, so I suggested she breaks up with him.
1486	倾斜	qīngxié	verb: to tilt / to incline / to slant	Yóuyú niándài jiǔyuǎn, zhè dòng lǎo fángzi yǐjīng kāishǐ qīngxié le. 由于年代久远,这栋老房子已经开始倾斜了。 Due to its old age, this building has started to tilt.
1487	清醒	qīngxǐng	verb: to become clear-headed / to regain consciousness	Jīngguò liǎng zhōu de zhìliáo, hūnmí de bìngrén zhōngyú qīngxǐng le. 经过两周的治疗,昏迷的病人终于清醒了。 After two weeks of treatment, the comatose patient finally regained consciousness.

1488	情形	qíngxíng	noun: circumstances / situation / scenario	Zhào mùqián de qíngxíng láikàn, shíshī zhè xiàng zhèngcè jiāng huì miànlín xǔduō kùnnan. 照目前的情形来看,实施这项政策将会面临许多困难。 Based on the current situation, implementing this policy will face many difficulties.
1489	清真	qīngzhēn	adjective: Muslim / halal (food)	Zhè shì yī jiā zhuānmén jīngyíng qīngzhēn shípǐn de huízú xiǎochīdiàn. 这是一家专门经营清真食品的回族小吃店。 This is a Hui ethnic snack shop that specializes in serving halal food.
1490	丘陵	qiūlíng	noun: hills and ridges / rolling hills (It refers to a landscape with small hills that are not as high as mountains.)	Zhè zuò xiǎozhèn wèiyú yī piàn qiūlíng zhījiān, huánjìng yōuměi yírén. 这座小镇位于一片丘陵之间,环境优美宜人。 This town is situated among hills, with beautiful and pleasant surroundings.
1491	渠道	qúdào	noun: channel / distribution channel	Wǒmen zhèngzài nǔlì xúnzhǎo kuòdà chǎnpǐn xiāoshòu qúdào de fāngfǎ. 我们正在努力寻找扩大产品销售渠道的方法。 We are working hard to find ways to expand our product sales channels.

1492	取缔	qŭdì	verb: to ban / to prohibit	Yóuyú ānquán yǐnhuàn yánzhòng, duō jiā bù hégé de jiànzhù gōngdì bèi qǔdì. 由于安全隐患严重,多家不合格的建筑工地被取缔。 Several unqualified construction sites were closed down due to serious safety hazards.
1493	区分	qūfēn	verb: to distinguish / to differentiate between	Wǒmen xūyào qūfēn shìshí hé xūgòu de gùshi. 我们需要区分事实和虚构的故事。 We need to distinguish between factual and fictional stories.
1494	屈服	qūfú	verb: to succumb / to surrender / to yield	Yǒuxiērén huì zài shòucuò zhīhòu xuǎnzé qūfú yú shēnghuó, ér tā què yīzhí zài jiāndìng de qiánjìn. 有些人会在受挫之后选择屈服于生活,而他却一直在坚定地前进。 Some people choose to surrender to life after setbacks, but he has been steadfastly moving forward.
1495	趣味	qùwèi	noun: interest / delight	Shēngdòng fēngfù de cǎisè chātú kěyǐ zēngjiā háizimen yuèdú de qùwèi xìng. 生动丰富的彩色插图可以增加孩子们阅读的趣味性。 Vivid and rich color illustrations can enhance children's interest in reading.

1496	区域	qūyù	noun: area / region / district	Zhège qūyù de fángjià yīzhí jūgāobùxià, xǔduō rén dōu zhǐnéng xuǎnzé qítā dìdiǎn gòumǎi fángwū. 这个区域的房价一直居高不下,许多人都只能选择其他地点购买房屋。 The housing prices in this area have always been high, so many people can only choose to buy houses in other places.
1497	曲折	qūzhé	adjective: twisting and turning / winding / indirect	Zhè bù yǐngpiàn píngjiè qí qūzhé gǎnrén de qíngjié, yíngdé le duō xiàng dàjiǎng. 这部影片凭借其曲折感人的情节,赢得了多项大奖。 This film won multiple awards with its convoluted and touching plot.
1498	驱逐	qūzhú	verb: to expel / to drive out / to dismiss from an organization or area	Zhè pī tōudùzhě yǐ bèi gāi guó qūzhúchūjìng. 这批偷渡者已被该国驱逐出境。 These illegal immigrants have been deported from the country.
1499	曲子	qŭzi	noun: song / tune / melody	Tā wèi péngyou men tánzòu le yī shǒu yōuměi de gāngqín qǔzi. 她为朋友们弹奏了一首优美的钢琴曲子。 She played a beautiful piano piece for her friends.

1500	犬	quǎn	noun: dog (a more formal or literary term)	Jǐngchá zài zhuābǔ zuìfàn shí wǎngwǎng huì shǐyòng jǐngquǎn, yīnwèi tāmen yǒu hěn hǎo de xiùjué hé tīnglì. 警察在抓捕罪犯时往往会使用警犬,因为它们有很好的嗅觉和听力。 Police dogs are often used when catching criminals because they have a good sense of smell and hearing.
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