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## HSK 5 Vocabulary Course With Sentence Examples 601-1300

NO.	Character	Pinyin	English	Sentences
601	良好	liánghǎo	adjective: good / well	<p>Wǒmen yǐjīng yǔ zhè jiā gōngsī jiànlì qǐ le liánghǎo de hézuò guānxi. 我们已经与这家公司建立起了良好的合作关系。</p> <p>We have established a good cooperative relationship with this company.</p>
602	粮食	liángshi	noun: grain / cereals / food	<p>Éluósī shì quánqiú zuì dà de liángshi chūkǒu guó. 俄罗斯是全球最大的粮食出口国。</p> <p>Russia is the world's largest grain exporter.</p>
603	亮	liàng	verb: to light / to shine / to brighten	<p>Wèile bìmiǎn shàngbān chídào, tiān hái méi liàng wǒ jiù qǐchuáng le. 为了避免上班迟到，天还没亮我就起床了。</p> <p>To avoid being late for work, I got up before the first light of day.</p>
604	了不起	liǎobuqǐ	adjective: amazing / terrific / extraordinary	<p>Wǒ juéde kōngtiáo zhēn shì yī xiàng liǎobuqǐ de fāmíng. 我觉得空调真是一项了不起的发明。</p> <p>I think air conditioning is really an amazing invention.</p>
605	列车	lièchē	noun: train	<p>Kāiwǎng Shànghǎi de lièchē yǐjīng zhǔnshí fāchē le. 开往上海的列车已经准时发车了。</p> <p>The train to Shanghai already left on time.</p>

606	临时	línshí	adjective: temporary / provisional	Méi qián chīfàn de shíhòu tā zài gōngdì shàng dāng guo línshígōng. 没钱吃饭的时候他在工地上当过临时工。 When he had no money to eat, he worked as a temporary worker on a construction site.
607	灵活	líng huó	adjective: flexible / elastic	Wǒ shì zìyóu zhíyè zhě, yīncǐ gōngzuòshíjiān bǐjiào líng huó. 我是自由职业者，因此工作时间比较灵活。 I am a freelancer, so my working hours are flexible.
608	铃	líng	noun: bell	Xūyào hùshì de bāngzhù shí, àn yīxià chuángbiān de líng jiù xíng le. 需要护士的帮助时，按一下床边的铃就行了。 When you need help from a nurse, just ring the bell next to your bed.
609	零件	língjiàn	noun: spare part / component	Zhè tái jīqì lǐ de língjiàn yǐjīng yánzhòng lǎohuà le. 这台机器里的零件已经严重老化了。 The parts in this machine have already seriously deteriorated.
610	零食	língshí	noun: snacks	Wèile bǎochí shēncái, tā jīhū cóngláibù chī língshí. 为了保持身材，她几乎从来不吃零食。 In order to maintain her figure, she almost never eats snacks.
611	领导	lǐngdǎo	noun: leader / leadership	Dàwèi měizhōu huì tōngguò yóujiàn xiàng lǐngdǎo huibào gōngzuò. 大卫每周会通过邮件向领导汇报工作。 David uses email to report his work to his leader every week.

612	领域	lǐngyù	noun: field / sphere / domain	<p>Zài jīngshénjiànkāng lǐngyù, Wáng jiàoshòu shì zhuānjiā. 在精神健康领域，王教授是专家。</p> <p>In the field of mental health, Professor Wang is an expert.</p>
613	浏览	liúlǎn	verb: to browse / to skim through	<p>Gōngsī jìnzhǐ yuángōng zài shàngbān qījiān liúlǎn gòuwù wǎngzhàn. 公司禁止员工在上班期间浏览购物网站。</p> <p>The company prohibits employees from browsing online shopping sites during working hours.</p>
614	流传	liúchuán	verb: to spread / to circulate	<p>Gōngsī kuài dǎobì de yáoyán hěn kuài jiù bèi liúchuán kāi le. 公司快倒闭的谣言很快就被流传开了。</p> <p>Rumors that the company was about to go bankrupt quickly spread.</p>
615	流泪	liúlèi	verb: to shed tears	<p>Měicì kàndào zhèzhǒng gǎnrén de chǎngmiàn, wǒ dōu huì rěnbuzhù liúlèi. 每次看到这种感人的场面，我都会忍不住流泪。</p> <p>Every time I see such a touching scene, I can't help but shed tears.</p>
616	龙	lóng	noun: dragon	<p>Lóng shì yī zhǒng zài gǔdài chuánshuō zhōng chūxiàn de shénmì dòngwù. 龙是一种在古代传说中出现的神秘动物。</p> <p>The dragon is a mysterious animal that appeared in ancient legends.</p>
617	漏	lòu	verb: to leak / to drip	<p>Zhǐyào yī xià yǔ, zhè zuò lǎo fángzi de wūdǐng jiù huì lòushuǐ. 只要一下雨，这座老房子的屋顶就会漏水。</p> <p>Whenever it rains, the roof of this old house leaks.</p>

618	陆地	lùdì	noun: dry land	Zài hǎishàng hángxíng le shí tiān hòu, wǒmen zhōngyú kànjiàn le lùdì. 在海上航行了十天后，我们终于看见了陆地。 After ten days sailing at sea, we finally saw land.
619	陆续	lùxù	adverb: one after another	Jīnhòu wǒmen gōngsī huì lùxù tuīchū gèng duō de xīn chǎnpǐn. 今后我们公司会陆续推出更多的新产品。 In the future, our company will launch more new products, one after another.
620	录取	lùqǔ	verb: to enroll / to recruit / to hire / to admit	Tā zhōngyú bèi xiàngwǎng yǐjiǔ de dàxué lùqǔ le. 他终于被向往已久的大学录取了。 He finally got accepted into the university that he had longed for, a long time.
621	录音	lùyīn	verb: to record / to tape	Wǒmen de tánhuà kěnéng bèi lùyīn le. 我们的谈话可能被录音了。 Our conversation may have been recorded.
622	轮流	lúnlíu	verb: to take turns / to do something in turn	Wǒ gēn shìyǒu shāngliang hǎo huì měizhōu lúnlíu dǎsǎo fángjiān. 我跟室友商量好会每周轮流打扫房间。 My roommate and I agreed to take turns in cleaning the room every week.
623	论文	lùnwén	noun: thesis / paper	Wèile xiě hǎo zhè piān lùnwén, wǒ shōují le hěn duō xiāngguān zīliào. 为了写好这篇论文，我收集了很多相关资料。 In order to write this paper, I collected a lot of relevant information.

624	逻辑	luóji	noun: logic	<p>Lǎoshī chēngzàn tā de wénzhāng luóji qīngxī. 老师称赞他的文章逻辑清晰。</p> <p>The teacher praised his essay for the clarity of his logic.</p>
625	落后	luòhòu	adjective: backward / behind the times	<p>Wǒmen yào jǐnkuài bǎ zhè pī luòhòu de shēngchǎn shèbèi táotài diào. 我们要尽快把这批落后的生产设备淘汰掉。</p> <p>We must eliminate this batch of outdated production equipment as soon as possible.</p>
626	骂	mà	verb: to verbally abuse / to curse / to scold	<p>Tā bèi lǎobǎn mà shì yīnwèi tā zài gōngzuò zhōng fàn le yī gè yánzhòng de cuòwù. 他被老板骂是因为他在工作中犯了一个严重的错误。</p> <p>He was scolded by the boss because he made a serious mistake at work.</p>
627	麦克风	màikèfēng	noun: microphone	<p>Zhǔchí rén jiāng màikèfēng dìgěi le jiābīn. 主持人将麦克风递给了嘉宾。</p> <p>The host handed the microphone to the guest.</p>
628	馒头	mántou	noun: steamed bun or bread	<p>Zài Zhōngguó, běifāng rén ài chī mántou, nánfāng rén zé ài chī mǐfàn. 在中国，北方人爱吃馒头，南方人则爱吃米饭。</p> <p>In China, northerners like to eat steamed buns, and southerners like to eat rice.</p>
629	满足	mǎnzú	verb: to satisfy / to meet (needs, demands, etc.)	<p>Wǒmen huì jǐnliàng mǎnzú měi yī wèi kèhù de xūqiú. 我们会尽量满足每一位客户的需求。</p> <p>We will try our best to meet the needs of every customer.</p>

630	毛病	máobing	noun: illness / disease	Yīshēng shuō wǒ de shēntǐ hěn jiànkāng, shénme máobing dōu méiyǒu. 医生说我的身体很健康，什么毛病都没有。 The doctor said that my body is very healthy and there is nothing wrong with me.
631	矛盾	máodùn	noun: contradiction / conflict	Zhè jiàn shì jiāshēn le wǒ gēn tā zhījiān de máodùn. 这件事加深了我跟他之间的矛盾。 This incident deepened the conflict between me and him.
632	冒险	màoxiǎn	verb: to take risks / to take chances	Nǐ zhèyàng zuò tài màoxiǎn le, nǐ yīnggāi zài kǎolù yīxià. 你这样做太冒险了，你应该再考虑一下。 It's too risky for you to do this. You should re-consider it.
633	贸易	màoyì	noun: trade / commerce	Wǒmen gēn zhè jǐ jiā gōngsī bǎochí zhe chángqī de màoyì guānxì. 我们跟这几家公司保持着长期的贸易关系。 We have maintained long-term trade relationships with these companies.
634	眉毛	méimáo	noun: eyebrow	Wǒ zài xiū méimáo, bié dǎrǎo wǒ! 我在修眉毛，别打扰我！ I'm trimming my eyebrows, so don't bother me!
635	媒体	méitǐ	noun: media	Zhè kuǎn xīn chē yī shàngshì jiù yǐnqǐ le méitǐ de guǎngfàn guānzhù. 这款新车一上市就引起了媒体的广泛关注。 As soon as the new car was launched, it attracted extensive media attention.

636	煤炭	méitàn	noun: coal	<p>Zhōngguó měinián nénggòu shēngchǎn chū yuē èrshí yì dūn de méitàn. 中国每年能够生产出约二十亿吨的煤炭。</p> <p>China is able to produce about two billion tons of coal every year.</p>
637	美术	měishù	noun: the fine arts	<p>Měinián dōu yǒu bùshǎo liúxuéshēng qù Yìdàlì xuéxí měishù. 每年都有不少留学生去意大利学习美术。</p> <p>Every year, there are many international students that go to Italy to study fine arts.</p>
638	魅力	mèilì	noun: charm / fascination / charisma	<p>Tā shì yī wèi xiāngdāng yǒumèilì de zhǔchíren. 她是一位相当有魅力的主持人。</p> <p>She's a host with a lot of charm.</p>
639	梦想	mèngxiǎng	noun: dream	<p>Tōngguò nǚlì, tā zhōngyú shíxiàn le érshí de mèngxiǎng. 通过努力，他终于实现了儿时的梦想。</p> <p>Through hard work, he finally realized his childhood dream.</p>
640	秘密	mìmì	noun: secret	<p>Zhège mìmì juéduì bùnéng ràng rènhé rén zhīdào. 这个秘密绝对不能让任何人知道。</p> <p>This secret must never be revealed to anyone.</p>
641	秘书	mìshū	noun: secretary	<p>Xīn lái de mìshū gōngzuò qínkuài, yīncǐ lǎobǎn duì tā shífēn xìnrèn. 新来的秘书工作勤快，因此老板对她十分信任。</p> <p>The new secretary works diligently and so, the boss trusts her very much.</p>



642	密切	mìqiè	adjective: close / intimate	<p>Qìchē wěiqì chāobiāo yǔ kōngqìwūrǎn yǒuzhe mìqiè de liánxi. 汽车尾气超标与空气污染有着密切的联系。</p> <p>Excessive vehicle exhaust is closely related to air pollution.</p>
643	蜜蜂	mìfēng	noun: honeybee / bee	<p>Tā de étóu bèi ymífēng zhē le yīxià. 他的额头被蜜蜂蛰了一下。</p> <p>His forehead was stung by a bee.</p>
644	面对	miànduì	verb: to face / to confront	<p>Shīyè hòu, tā bù zhī gāi zěnyàng miànduì tā de qīzi hé háiizi. 失业后，他不知该怎样面对他的妻子和孩子。</p> <p>After losing his job, he didn't know how to face his wife and children.</p>
645	面积	miànjī	noun: area (of a floor, piece of land, etc.)	<p>Suīrán fángzi de miànjī bù dà, dànshì wèizhi què xiāngdāng hǎo. 虽然房子的面积不大，但是位置却相当好。</p> <p>Although the area inside the house is small, the location is quite good.</p>
646	面临	miànlín	verb: to be faced with / to be confronted with	<p>Yī bìyè tā jiù yào miànlín zhǎo gōngzuò de wèntí le. 一毕业他就要面临找工作的问题了。</p> <p>Once he graduates, he will face the problem of finding a job.</p>
647	苗条	miáotiao	adjective: (of a woman) slender / slim	<p>Kāishǐ yùndòng hòu, tā de shēncái biànde yuèláiyuè miáotiao le. 开始运动后，她的身材变得越来越苗条了。</p> <p>After she started exercising, her figure became more and more slender.</p>

648	描写	miáoxiě	verb: to describe / to portray / to depict	Zhè shì yī bù miáoxiě Zhōngguó xiāngcūn shēnghuó de xiǎoshuō. 这是一部描写中国乡村生活的小说。 This is a novel that depicts rural life in China.
649	敏感	mǐngǎn	adjective: sensitive / susceptible	Wǒ de pífu hěn mǐngǎn, bùnéng chī là de shíwù. 我的皮肤很敏感，不能吃辣的食物。 I have sensitive skin and can't eat spicy food.
650	名牌	míngpái	noun: famous brand / prestigious (e.g., university)	Mǎkè bìyè yú yī suǒ Yīngguó de míngpái dàxué. 马克毕业于一所英国的名牌大学。 Mark graduated from a prestigious university in the UK.
651	名片	míngpiàn	noun: business card	Zhè shì wǒ de míngpiàn, shàngmiàn yǒu wǒ de liánxìfāngshì. 这是我的名片，上面有我的联系方式。 This is my business card with my contact information on it.
652	名胜古迹	míngshènggǔjì	noun: historical sites and scenic spots	Wǒmen zài Běijīng cānguān le xǔduō míngshènggǔjì. 我们在北京参观了许多名胜古迹。 We visited many historical sites and scenic spots in Beijing.
653	明确	míngquè	adjective: explicit / clear-cut	Tā duì zìjǐ de wèilái méiyǒu míngquè de jìhuà. 他对自己的未来没有明确的计划。 He has no clear plans for his future.

654	明显	míngxiǎn	adjective: clear / obvious / evident	Yīfu shang de wūzì bù míngxiǎn, bù zǐxì kàn shì kàn bù chūlai de. 衣服上的污渍不明显，不仔细看是看不出来的。 The stains on the clothes are not obvious and it won't be noticed if you don't look closely.
655	明星	míngxīng	noun: star / celebrity	Tā de mèngxiǎng shì chéngwéi yī míng diànyǐng míngxīng. 她的梦想是成为一名电影明星。 Her dream is to be a movie star.
656	命令	mìnglìng	verb: to order / to command	Jiāngjūn mìnglìng shìbīng men lìjí xiàng dírén kāipào. 将军命令士兵们立即向敌人开炮。 The general ordered the soldiers to immediately fire at the enemy.
657	命运	mìngyùn	noun: destiny / fate	Wǒ xiāngxìn zhīshi nénggòu gǎibiàn mìngyùn. 我相信知识能够改变命运。 I believe that knowledge can change destiny.
658	摸	mō	verb: to feel / to touch	Zhè jiàn qípáo shì sīchóu zuò de, mō qilai hěn shūfu. 这件旗袍是丝绸做的，摸起来很舒服。 This qipao dress is made of silk and feels very comfortable.
659	模仿	mófǎng	verb: to imitate / to copy	Yīngwǔ shì yī zhǒng néng mófǎng rénlei shuōhuà de niǎo. 鹦鹉是一种能模仿人类说话的鸟。 A parrot is a bird that can imitate human speech.

660	模糊	móhu	adjective: indistinct / blurred / vague	<p>Wǒ fāxiàn zhè jǐ zhāng zhàopiàn pāi de yǒudiǎnr móhu.</p> <p>我发现这几张照片拍得有点儿模糊。</p> <p>I noticed that these photos are a little blurry.</p>
661	模特	móte	noun: (fashion) model	<p>Sūfēi shì yī míng láizì Fǎguó de shízhuāng móte.</p> <p>苏菲是一名来自法国的时装模特。</p> <p>Sophie is a fashion model from France.</p>
662	摩托车	mótuōchē	noun: motorcycle / motorbike	<p>Nàge qí zhe mótuōchē de nǚhái shí zài shì tài kù le!</p> <p>那个骑着摩托车的女孩儿实在是太酷了!</p> <p>The girl on the motorcycle looks so cool!</p>
663	陌生	mòshēng	adjective: strange / unfamiliar	<p>Gāng bān lái de shíhòu, zhèlǐ de yīqiè duìwǒ lái shuō dōu shì mòshēng de.</p> <p>刚搬来的时候，这里的一切对我来说都是陌生的。</p> <p>When I first moved in, everything here was unfamiliar to me.</p>
664	某	mǒu	pronoun: some / somebody or something indefinite	<p>Qùnián de mǒu yī tiān, tā líkāi le wǒ.</p> <p>去年的某一天，他离开了我。</p> <p>He left me, some time last year.</p>
665	木头	mùtóu	noun: wood / log	<p>Zhèxiē gōngyìpǐn dōu shì yòng mùtóu zhìzuò de.</p> <p>这些工艺品都是用木头制作的。</p> <p>These crafts are all made of wood.</p>

666	目标	mùbiāo	noun: target / objective	<p>Tā shèchū de měi yī fā zǐdàn dōu jīzhòng le mùbiāo. 他射出的每一发子弹都击中了目标。 Every bullet he fired hit the target.</p>
667	目录	mùlù	noun: catalog / list	<p>Wǒmen huì dìngqī jì gěi lǎo kèhù zuìxīn de chǎnpǐn mùlù. 我们会定期寄给老客户最新的产品目录。 We will regularly send the latest product catalog to our old customers.</p>
668	目前	mùqián	noun: at the moment / currently	<p>Mùqián, wǒmen gōngsī hái méiyǒu tóuzī xīn xiàngmù de jìhuà. 目前，我们公司还没有投资新项目的计划。 Currently, our company has no plans to invest in new projects.</p>
669	哪怕	nǎpà	conjunction: even if / even though	<p>Nǎpà áoyè, wǒ yě yào xiěwán zhè piān lùnwén. 哪怕熬夜，我也要写完这篇论文。 Even if I stay up late, I have to finish this paper.</p>
670	难怪	nánguài	adverb: no wonder	<p>Nǐ zhème xǐhuan chī tiánshí, nánguài tǐzhòng jiàng bù xiàlai. 你这么喜欢吃甜食，难怪体重降不下来。 You're so fond of sweets, it's no wonder you can't lose weight.</p>
671	难免	nánmiǎn	adjective: hard to avoid	<p>Nǐ dìyīcì lái Běijīng, mílù yě shì nánmiǎn de. 你第一次来北京，迷路也是难免的。 It is your first time in Beijing, so it is hard to avoid getting lost.</p>

672	脑袋	nǎodai	noun: head / brains / mind	Cóng lóushàng diào xiàlai de huāpén chàdiǎnr zá zhòng le tā de nǎodai. 从楼上掉下来的花盆差点儿砸中了他的脑袋。 The flower pot that fell from upstairs nearly hit him in the head.
673	内部	nèibù	noun: interior / inside	Zhè shì wǒ cóng zǒnggōngsī dé lái de nèibù xiāoxi, nǐ xiān bié gàosu rènhé rén. 这是我从总公司得来的内部消息，你先别告诉任何人。 This is the inside information I got from the head office. Don't tell anyone yet!
674	内科	nèikē	noun: department of internal medicine	Zài nèikē shíxí de liǎng gè yuè qījiān, wǒ xué dào le hěn duō shíyòng de zhīshi. 在内科实习的两个月期间，我学到了很多实用的知识。 During my two-month internship in internal medicine, I got a lot of practical knowledge.
675	嫩	nèn	adjective: (of cooking) tender	Nǐ zhīdào zěnmé cái néng ràng ròu gèng nèn ma? 你知道怎么才能让肉更嫩吗？ Do you know how to make the meat more tender?
676	能干	nénggàn	adjective: able / capable / competent	Tā hé tā bàba yīyàng cōngmíng nénggàn. 他和他爸爸一样聪明能干。 He is as smart and capable as his father.
677	能源	néngyuán	noun: source of energy	Tàiyángnéng shì yīzhǒng kězàishēng néngyuán. 太阳能是一种可再生能源。 Solar energy is a renewable energy source.

678	嗯	en	interjection: (expressing agreement or assent) uh-huh	En, wǒmen míngtiānjiàn. 嗯，我们明天见。 Okay, we will see each other tomorrow.
679	年代	niándài	noun: age / years / time / decade of a century	Wǒ chūshēng zài bāshí niándài, ér wǒ de fùmǔ chūshēng zài wǔshí niándài. 我出生在八十年代，而我的父母出生在五十年代。 I was born in the eighties and my parents were born in the fifties.
680	年纪	niánjì	noun: age	Děng nǐ dào le wǒ zhège niánjì, nǐ jiù néng lǐjiě wǒ le. 等你到了我这个年纪，你就能理解我了。 When you reach my age, you will be able to understand me.
681	念	niàn	verb: to read aloud / to attend school	Nǐ néng niàn dàshēng yīdiǎnr ma? 你能念大声一点儿吗？ Can you read a little louder?
682	宁可	nìngkě	adverb: would rather / prefer	Wǒ nìngkě áoyè, yě bùxiǎng cuòguò jīnwǎn de zúqiú bǐsài. 我宁可熬夜，也不想错过今晚的足球比赛。 I'd rather stay up late than miss tonight's football game.
683	牛仔裤	niúzáikù	noun: jeans	Nǐ chuān bái chènshān pèi niúzáikù hěn hǎokàn. 你穿白衬衫配牛仔裤很好看。 You look great in a white shirt and jeans.

684	农村	nóngcūn	noun: countryside / rural area	Nóngcūn de kōngqì hěn xīnxiān, shì yī gè dùjià de hǎo qùchù. 农村的空气很新鲜，是一个度假的好去处。 The air in the countryside is very fresh and it is a good place to vacation.
685	农民	nóngmín	noun: farmer / peasant	Nóngmín men zhèngzài dì lǐ xīnqín de láodòng. 农民们正在地里辛勤地劳动。 Farmers are working hard in the fields.
686	农业	nóngyè	noun: agriculture	Zhè jǐnián běifāng liánxù gānhàn, gěi nóngyè shēngchǎn zàochéng le hěn dà de sǔnshī. 这几年北方连续干旱，给农业生产造成了很大的损失。 In recent years, the continuous drought in the north has caused great losses to agricultural production.
687	浓	nóng	adjective: dense / thick / concentrated	Kāfēi tài nóng le, máfan bāng wǒ jiā diǎn shuǐ jìnqù. 咖啡太浓了，麻烦帮我加点水进去。 This coffee is too strong, please add some water to it.
688	女士	nǚshì	noun: lady / madam	Ménwài yǒu yī wèi nǚshì xiǎng jiàn nǐ. 门外有一位女士想见你。 There is a lady outside the door who wants to see you.
689	欧洲	Ōuzhōu	noun: Europe	Yìdàlì shì yī zuò lìshǐyōujiǔ de Ōuzhōu gǔchéng. 意大利是一座历史悠久的欧洲古城。 Italy is an ancient European city with a long history.



690	偶然	ǒurán	adverb: accidentally / by accident / by chance	<p>Wǒ jīntiān zài shāngchǎng lǐ ǒurán yùjiàn le yī wèi lǎopéngyou.</p> <p>我今天在商场里偶然遇见了一位老朋友。</p> <p>I ran into an old friend by chance at the mall today.</p>
691	拍	pāi	verb: to take (a picture) / to shoot (e.g, a video)	<p>Zhè wèi dǎoyǎn zài yī nián nèi pāi le liǎng bù diànyǐng.</p> <p>这位导演在一年内拍了两部电影。</p> <p>This director made two films in one year.</p>
692	派	pài	verb: to send / to dispatch / to appoint	<p>Gōngsī pài Dàwèi qù Shànghǎi chūchāi, suǒyǐ tā xiànzài zhèngzài shōushi xínglǐ ne.</p> <p>公司派大卫去上海出差，所以他现在正在收拾行李呢。</p> <p>The company is sending David on a business trip to Shanghai, so he is packing right now.</p>
693	盼望	pànwàng	verb: to hope for / to long for / to look forward to	<p>Wǒ pànwàng zhe yìqíng zǎodiǎn jiéshù, yīnwèi wǒ xiǎng qù Zhōngguó lǚyóu.</p> <p>我盼望着疫情早点结束，因为我想去中国旅游。</p> <p>I hope that the pandemic will end soon because I want to travel to China.</p>
694	培训	péixùn	verb: to train (personnel)	<p>Gōngsī huì dìngqī péixùn yuángōng, yǐ tígāo tāmen de yèwù nénglì.</p> <p>公司会定期培训员工，以提高他们的业务能力。</p> <p>The company regularly trains its employees to improve their business capabilities.</p>
695	培养	péiyǎng	verb: to cultivate / to foster (develop a certain spirit, ability, etc.) someone	<p>Fùmǔ yīnggāi péiyǎng háizi dúlì sīkǎo de nénglì.</p> <p>父母应该培养孩子独立思考的能力。</p> <p>Parents should cultivate their children's ability to think independently.</p>

696	赔偿	péicháng	verb: to compensate	Nín fàngxīn, wǒmen huì péicháng nín de quánbù sǔnshī. 您放心，我们会赔偿您的全部损失。 You can rest assured that we will compensate you for all your losses.
697	佩服	pèifú	verb: to admire	Wǒ zhēn de hěn pèifú tā de yǒngqì! 我真的很佩服他的勇气！ I really admire his courage!
698	配合	pèihé	verb: to coordinate / to cooperate	Zài gōngzuò zhōng, wǒmen pèihé de fēicháng mòqì. 在工作中，我们配合得非常默契。 At work, we make a good team.
699	盆	pén	classifier: basin, tub, pot	Tā de shūzhuō shàng bǎi le yī pén xiānrénzhǎng. 他的书桌上摆了一盆仙人掌。 There is a pot with a cactus on his desk.
700	碰	pèng	verb: to touch / to run into	Wǒ zàicì jǐnggào nǐ, bié pèng wǒ de dōngxi! 我再次警告你，别碰我的东西！ I'm warning you again, don't touch my stuff!
701	批	pī	classifier: batch / lot / group	Zhè pī fúzhuāng shì cóng Shànghǎi yùn lái de, zhìliàng fēicháng hǎo. 这批服装是从上海运来的，质量非常好。 This batch of clothing was shipped from Shanghai and the quality is very good.

702	批准	pīzhǔn	verb: to approve / to ratify	<p>Lǎobǎn yǐjīng pīzhǔn le wǒ de qǐngjià shēnqǐng. 老板已经批准了我的请假申请。</p> <p>My boss already approved my leave request.</p>
703	披	pī	verb: to drape over one's shoulders / to wrap around	<p>Tā tuōxià zìjǐ de dàyī pī zài le nǚpéngyou de shēnshang. 他脱下自己的大衣披在了女朋友的身上。</p> <p>He took off his own coat and wrapped it around his girlfriend.</p>
704	疲劳	píláo	adjective: tired / fatigued	<p>Liánxù jiā le jǐtiān bān hòu, dàjiā dōu hěn píáo. 连续加了几天班后，大家都很疲劳。</p> <p>After working overtime for several days in a row, everyone was very tired.</p>
705	匹	pǐ	classifier: for horses, mules, etc.	<p>Wǒ shūshu de mùchǎng lǐ yǎng le jǐ shí pǐ mǎ. 我叔叔的牧场里养了几十匹马。</p> <p>There are dozens of horses in my uncle's ranch.</p>
706	片	piàn	classifier: for slices, tablets, etc.	<p>Wǒ jīntiān de zǎocān shì liǎng piàn miànbāo hé yī bēi kāfēi. 我今天的早餐是两片面包和一杯咖啡。</p> <p>My breakfast today was two slices of bread and a cup of coffee.</p>
707	片面	piànmiàn	adjective: unilateral / one-sided	<p>Tā de guāndiǎn guòyú piànmiàn, wǒ hěn nán rèntóng. 他的观点过于片面，我很难认同。</p> <p>His point of view is too one-sided and it is hard for me to agree.</p>

708	飘	piāo	verb: to float (in the air)	<p>Chítáng lǐ piāozhe jǐ piàn gāng diào xiàlai de shù yè.</p> <p>池塘里飘着几片刚掉下来的树叶。</p> <p>A few freshly fallen leaves were floating in the pond.</p>
709	拼音	pīnyīn	noun: Pinyin	<p>Wǒmen de suǒyǒu shìpín dōu yǒu pīnyīn zìmù.</p> <p>我们的所有视频都有拼音字幕。</p> <p>All our videos have pinyin subtitles.</p>
710	频道	píndào	noun: channel / (TV) frequency channel	<p>Zhège jiémù tài wúliáo le, wǒ kěyǐ huàn yī gè píndào ma?</p> <p>这个节目太无聊了，我可以换一个频道吗？</p> <p>This show is so boring. Can I change the channel?</p>
711	平	píng	adjective: smooth / flat / even / level	<p>Fángjiān de dìmiàn bùpíng, suǒyǐ zhuōzi yǒudiǎn huàng.</p> <p>房间的地面不平，所以桌子有点晃。</p> <p>The floor of the room is uneven, that's why the table is wobbling a bit.</p>
712	平安	píng'ān	adjective: safe and sound	<p>Zhù nǐmen yīlùpíng'ān !</p> <p>祝你们一路平安！</p> <p>I wish you a safe journey!</p>
713	平常	píngcháng	adjective: ordinary / common	<p>Duì tā láishuō, jīntiān zhǐshì hěn píngcháng de yī tiān.</p> <p>对她来说，今天只是很平常的一天。</p> <p>To her, today is just an ordinary day.</p>

714	平等	píngděng	adjective: equal	<p>Wǒ xiāngxìn zài fǎlǜ miànqián, rén rén píngděng.</p> <p>我相信在法律面前，人人平等。</p> <p>I believe that everyone is equal before the law.</p>
715	平方	píngfāng	classifier: square meter	<p>Wǒ zū le yī jiān sānshí duō píngfāng de gōngyù.</p> <p>我租了一间三十多平方的公寓。</p> <p>I rented an apartment with more than 30 square meters.</p>
716	平衡	pínghéng	noun: balance	<p>Chuān gāogēnxié de shíhòu, wǒ hěn nán bǎochí pínghéng.</p> <p>穿高跟鞋的时候，我很难保持平衡。</p> <p>I have a hard time keeping my balance when wearing high heels.</p>
717	平静	píngjìng	adjective: calm / quiet / tranquil	<p>Nǐ kěyǐ tōngguò shēn hūxī lái ràng zìjǐ píngjìng xiàlai.</p> <p>你可以通过深呼吸来让自己平静下来。</p> <p>You can calm yourself down by taking deep breaths.</p>
718	平均	píngjūn	adjective: average	<p>Wǒ píngjūn měitiān huì chōuchū liǎng gè xiǎoshí lái yuèdú.</p> <p>我平均每天会抽出两个小时来阅读。</p> <p>On average, I set aside two hours a day to read.</p>
719	评价	píngjià	verb: to appraise / to evaluate	<p>Dàwèi zài gōngzuò zhōng biǎoxiàn chūsè, lǎobǎn duì tā de píngjià hěn gāo.</p> <p>大卫在工作中表现出色，老板对他的评价很高。</p> <p>David does a great job at work and his boss speaks highly of him.</p>

720	凭	píng	preposition: based on / rely on	<p>Tā shì píng zìjǐ de nénglì huòdé zhè fèn gōngzuò de.</p> <p>她是凭自己的能力获得这份工作的。</p> <p>She got the job based on her own abilities.</p>
721	迫切	pòqiè	adjective: urgent / pressing	<p>Mùqián zuì pòqiè de shìqíng shì bǎ huò sòng dào kùhù shǒu shàng.</p> <p>目前最迫切的事情是把货送到客户手上。</p> <p>The most urgent thing at the moment is to get the goods to the customers.</p>
722	破产	pòchǎn	verb: to go bankrupt / to go broke	<p>Hěn duō xiǎo gōngsī zài zhège qījiān pòchǎn le.</p> <p>很多小公司在这个期间破产了。</p> <p>Many small companies went bankrupt during this period.</p>
723	破坏	pòhuài	verb: to destroy / to disrupt / to do great damage to	<p>Huánjìngwūrǎn pòhuài le yīxiē dìqū de shēngtài pínghéng.</p> <p>环境污染破坏了一些地区的生态平衡。</p> <p>Environmental pollution has disrupted the ecological balance in some areas.</p>
724	期待	qīdài	verb: to look forward to	<p>Wǒmen yīzhí qīdài zhe zhè yī tiān.</p> <p>我们一直期待着这一天。</p> <p>We've been looking forward to this day.</p>
725	期间	qījiān	noun: time / period / course	<p>Guóqìngjié qījiān, diàn lǐ suǒyǒu de shāngpǐn dōu dǎ qī zhé.</p> <p>国庆节期间，店里所有的商品都打七折。</p> <p>During the National Day holiday, all items in the store are 30% off.</p>

726	其余	qíyú	pronoun: all the other (persons or things) / the rest / the remainder	Chúle nǐ, qíyú de rén dōu dào le. 除了你，其余的人都到了。 Everyone else is here except you.
727	奇迹	qíjì	noun: miracle / wonder	Chúfēi fāshēng qíjì, fǒuzé wǒmen shū dìng le. 除非发生奇迹，否则我们输定了。 Unless there is a miracle, we're bound to lose.
728	企业	qǐyè	noun: enterprise / business	Zhè shì wǒ yéye niánqīng shí gēn péngyou yīqǐ chuàngbàn de qǐyè. 这是我爷爷年轻时跟朋友一起创办的企业。 This is a business my grandfather started with his friends when he was young.
729	启发	qǐfā	verb: to inspire / to enlighten	Tā cháng yòng zhèzhǒng fāngshì lái qǐfā wǒmen sīkǎo wèntí. 他常用这种方式来启发我们思考问题。 He often inspires us to think about problems using this method.
730	气氛	qìfēn	noun: atmosphere	Dìyīcì gēn tā jiànmiàn shí, qìfēn yǒudiǎn gāngà. 第一次跟他见面时，气氛有点尴尬。 The first time I met him, the atmosphere was a little awkward.
731	汽油	qìyóu	noun: gasoline	Wǒ tīngshuō qìyóu yòu yào zhǎngjià le. 我听说汽油又要涨价了。 I heard that gasoline prices are going up again.

732	谦虚	qiānxū	adjective: modest	<p>Zài tán dào zì jǐ de chéngjiù shí, tā biǎoxiàn de hěn qiānxū. 在谈到自己的成就时，他表现得很谦虚。</p> <p>He appeared to be very modest when talking about his achievements.</p>
733	签	qiān	verb: to sign	<p>Qiān hétóng de dāngtiān wǒmen jiù kěyǐ zhīfù dìngjīn. 签合同的当天我们就可以支付定金。</p> <p>We can pay the deposit on the day of signing the contract.</p>
734	前途	qiántú	noun: future / prospect	<p>Tā shì yī wèi hěn yǒu qiántú de xīn yǎnyuán. 她是一位很有前途的新演员。</p> <p>She is a new actress who has a great future.</p>
735	浅	qiǎn	adjective: shallow / light (color)	<p>Xiàtiān bǐjiào shìhé chuān yánsè qiǎn yīdiǎnr de yīfu. 夏天比较适合穿颜色浅一点儿的衣服。</p> <p>In summer, it is more suitable to wear lighter colored clothes.</p>
736	欠	qiàn	verb: to owe	<p>Tā hái qiàn fángdōng yī gè yuè de fángzū. 他还欠房东一个月的房租。</p> <p>He still owes the landlord one month's rent.</p>
737	枪	qiāng	noun: gun	<p>Jǐngchá dàshēng hǎndào: "bǎ qiāng fàngxià, bùxǔ dòng"! 警察大声喊道：“把枪放下，不许动”！</p> <p>The police shouted: "Put down the gun and don't move"!</p>



738	强调	qiángdiào	verb: to emphasize / to stress	<p>Wǒ bìxū zàicì qiángdiào, zhè zhǐshì wǒ de gèrén guāndiǎn. 我必须再次强调，这只是我的个人观点。</p> <p>I must stress again that this is just my personal opinion.</p>
739	强烈	qiángliè	adjective: strong / intense	<p>Zhège jìhuà shòudào le dàduōshù rén de qiánglièfǎnduì. 这个计划受到了大多数人的强烈反对。</p> <p>This plan was strongly opposed by the majority.</p>
740	墙	qiáng	noun: wall	<p>Tā zài wòshì de qiáng shàng tiē le yī zhāng shìjièdìtú. 她在卧室的墙上贴了一张世界地图。</p> <p>She posted a world map on the wall in her bedroom.</p>
741	抢	qiǎng	verb: to rob / to grab / to snatch	<p>Wǒ de kèhù bèi jìngzhēngduìshǒu gěi qiǎngzǒu le. 我的客户被竞争对手给抢走了。</p> <p>My client was stolen by a competitor.</p>
742	悄悄	qiāoqiāo	adverb: quietly	<p>Kàndào háizi zài shuìjiào, tā biàn qiāoqiāo de guānshàng le mén. 看到孩子在睡觉，她便悄悄地关上了门。</p> <p>Seeing that the child was sleeping, she quietly closed the door.</p>
743	瞧	qiáo	verb: to look / to see	<p>Wǒ gānggang qiáojiàn nǐ de érzi zài gēn biéren dǎjià. 我刚刚瞧见你的儿子在跟别人打架。</p> <p>I just saw your son fighting with someone.</p>

744	巧妙	qiǎomiào	adjective: clever / ingenious	<p>Zhè bù xiǎoshuō de gòusī shífēn qiǎomiào.          这部小说的构思十分巧妙。          The plot of this novel is very cleverly conceived.</p>
745	切	qiē	verb: to cut / to slice	<p>Tā qiē shuǐguǒ shí qiē dào le shǒuzhǐ.          她切水果时切到了手指。          She cut her finger while slicing the fruits.</p>
746	亲爱	qīn'ài	noun: dear / beloved	<p>Qīn'ài de, méiyǒu nǐ wǒ yī tiān yě huó bù xiàqu!          亲爱的，没有你我一天也活不下去！          Dear, I can't live a day without you!</p>
747	亲切	qīnqiè	adjective: cordial / familiar / close and dear / affectionate	<p>Nǎinai qīnqiè de mō le mō wǒ de tóu.          奶奶亲切地摸了摸我的头。          Grandma patted my head affectionately.</p>
748	亲自	qīnzì	adverb: personally / in person	<p>Zhè fèn wénjiàn hěn zhòngyào, nǐ yīdìngyào qīnzì bǎ tā jiāogěi Dàwèi.          这份文件很重要，你一定要亲自把它交给大卫。          This document is very important and you must hand it to David personally.</p>
749	勤奋	qínfèn	adjective: diligent / industrious	<p>Tā gōngzuò fēicháng qínfèn, suǒyǐ méiduōjiǔ jiù shēngzhí le.          她工作非常勤奋，所以没多久就升职了。          She worked very hard and so, was soon promoted.</p>

750	青	qīng	adjective: blue or green / black	<p>Zài gēn biéren dǎjià shí, tā de yǎnjīng bèi dǎ qīng le. 在跟别人打架时，他的眼睛被打青了。 While fighting with others, he was given a black eye.</p>
751	青春	qīngchūn	noun: youth / youthfulness	<p>Zhèxiē háizi men de shēnshang chōngmǎn le qīngchūn yǔ huó lì. 这些孩子们的身上充满了青春与活力。 These children are full of youth and vitality.</p>
752	青少年	qīngshàonián	noun: adolescent / teenager	<p>Dàduōshù de qīngshàonián dōu céng yīn qīngchūndòu ér fánnǎo guo. 大多数的青少年都曾因青春痘而烦恼过。 Most teens have been troubled by pimples at one time or another.</p>
753	轻视	qīngshì	verb: to belittle / to look down on / to underrate / to underestimate	<p>Wǒmen bùnéng qīngshì míngtiān de duìshǒu. 我们不能轻视明天的对手。 We cannot underestimate tomorrow's opponents.</p>
754	轻易	qīngyì	adverb: easily / lightly / rashly	<p>Tā cóngbù qīngyì zài biéren miàncián liúlèi. 她从不轻易在别人面前流泪。 She never sheds tears in front of others easily.</p>
755	清淡	qīngdàn	adjective: not greasy or strongly flavored / light	<p>Tiānqì rè de shíhòu, wǒ huì xiǎng chī qīngdàn yīdiǎn de cài. 天气热的时候，我会想吃清淡一点的菜。 When the weather is hot, I crave eating lighter dishes.</p>

756	情景	qíngjǐng	noun: a sight / scene / circumstances	<p>Wǒ jīngcháng huíyì qǐ wǒmen dìyīcì jiànmiàn shí de qíngjǐng. 我经常回忆起我们第一次见面时的情景。 I often recall the scene when we first met.</p>
757	情绪	qíngxù	noun: mood / state of mind	<p>Tā zuìjìn gāng gēn nǚpéngyou fēnshǒu, suǒyǐ qíngxù yǒuxiē dīluò. 他最近刚跟女朋友分手，所以情绪有些低落。 He just broke up with his girlfriend recently, so his mood is a little down.</p>
758	请求	qǐngqiú	verb: to ask / to request	<p>Wǒ zhēnchéng de xiàng nǐ dàoqiàn, bìng qǐngqiú nǐ de yuánliàng. 我真诚地向你道歉，并请求你的原谅。 I sincerely apologize to you and ask for your forgiveness.</p>
759	庆祝	qìngzhù	verb: to celebrate	<p>Míngtiān shì wǒmen de jiéhūn zhōunián jìniànrì, wǒmen zhǎo gè dìfang qìngzhù yīxià ba! 明天是我们的结婚周年纪念日，我们找个地方庆祝一下吧！ Tomorrow is our first wedding anniversary, let's find a place to celebrate!</p>
760	球迷	qiúmí	noun: (especially soccer) fan	<p>Bā wàn duō míng qiúmí yǒngrù le tǐyùchǎng guānkàn juésài. 八万多名球迷涌入了体育场观看决赛。 Over 80,000 fans packed into the stadium to watch the final.</p>
761	趋势	qūshì	noun: trend / tendency	<p>Shìjiè rénkǒu yǒu jìxù shàngshēng de qūshì. 世界人口有继续上升的趋势。 The world's population's tendency is to continuously increase.</p>

762	取消	qǔxiāo	verb: to cancel	<p>Shāngpǐn yǐjīng fāhuò, dìngdān wúfǎ qǔxiāo. 商品已经发货，订单无法取消。</p> <p>The item has been shipped and the order cannot be canceled.</p>
763	娶	qǔ	verb: to marry (a woman) / to take a wife	<p>Dàwèi qǔ le yī gè Zhōngguó qīzi, bìng juéding hūn hòu zài Zhōngguó shēnghuó. 大卫娶了一个中国妻子，并决定婚后在中国生活。</p> <p>David married a Chinese and decided to live in China after the wedding.</p>
764	去世	qùshì	verb: to die / to pass away	<p>Tā fùqīn zài tā yī suì shí jiù yīn bìng qùshì le. 她父亲在她一岁时就因病去世了。</p> <p>Her father died of an illness when she was only one year old.</p>
765	圈	quān	noun: circle / ring / loop	<p>Tāmen rào zhe cāochǎng pǎo le wǔ quān. 他们绕着操场跑了五圈。</p> <p>They ran five laps around the playground.</p>
766	权力	quánlì	noun: power / authority	<p>Juéduì quánlì wǎngwǎng dǎozhì juéduì fǔbài. 绝对权力往往导致绝对腐败。</p> <p>Absolute power often leads to absolute corruption.</p>
767	权利	quánlì	noun: right (i.e. an entitlement to something)	<p>Měigerén dōu yǒu jiēshòu jiàoyù de quánlì. 每个人都有接受教育的权利。</p> <p>Everyone has the right to receive an education.</p>

768	全面	quánmiàn	adjective: overall / all-round / comprehensive / thoroughly	Tā zuòshì rènzhēn fùzé, kǎolǜ wèntí yě hěn quánmiàn. 他做事认真负责，考虑问题也很全面。 He is conscientious and responsible in his work, and considers matters thoroughly.
769	劝	quàn	verb: to advise / to urge / to try to persuade	Yīshēng quàn tā shǎo chōuyān, duō yùndòng. 医生劝他少抽烟，多运动。 The doctor advised him to smoke less and exercise more.
770	缺乏	quēfá	verb: to lack / to be short of	Yóuyóu quēfá zījīn, zhège xiàngmù bèipò zhōngzhǐ le. 由于缺乏资金，这个项目被迫中止了。 Due to lack of funds, the project was forced to be discontinued.
771	确定	quèdìng	verb: to be sure / to ensure	Nǐ quèdìng zhège xiāoxi shì zhēn de ma? 你确定这个消息是真的吗？ Are you sure this news is true?
772	确认	quèrèn	verb: to affirm / to confirm / to verify	Wǒ xiǎng gēn nín quèrèn yīxià, míngtiān fēi wǎng Shànghǎi de hángbān néng zhǔnshí qǐfēi ma? 我想跟您确认一下，明天飞往上海的航班能准时起飞吗？ I want to confirm with you: will the flight to Shanghai take off on time tomorrow?
773	群	qún	classifier: (for people or animals) group / herd / flock	Yī qún jìzhě jùjí zài fǎyuàn ménkǒu děngdài shěnpàn jiéguǒ. 一群记者聚集在法院门口等待审判结果。 A group of journalists gathered in front of the courthouse to wait for the outcome of the trial.

774	燃烧	ránshāo	verb: to burn	<p>Shìdàng de yùndòng kěyǐ ránshāo tǐnèi de duōyú zhīfáng. 适当的运动可以燃烧体内的多余脂肪。</p> <p>Proper exercise can burn excess fat in the body.</p>
775	绕	rào	verb: to circle / to move round / to revolve	<p>wǒ měitiān zǎoshang rào pǎodào pǎo sān quān. 我每天早上绕跑道跑三圈。</p> <p>Every morning I run three laps around the track.</p>
776	热爱	rè'ài	verb: to love ardently / to adore	<p>Zhè shì yī qún rè'ài hùwài yùndòng de rén. 这是一群热爱户外运动的人。</p> <p>This is a group of people who love outdoor activities.</p>
777	热烈	rèliè	adjective: warm / enthusiastic	<p>Yǎnchū jiéshù hòu, tái xià xiǎngqǐ le rèliè de zhǎngshēng. 演出结束后，台下响起了热烈的掌声。</p> <p>After the performance, there was an enthusiastic applause from the audience.</p>
778	热心	rèxīn	adjective: enthusiastic / warm-hearted	<p>Tā shì gè rèxīn de rén. Wú lùn wǒ héshí zhǎo tā bāngmáng, tā zǒngshì háobùyóuyù de tóngyì. 她是个热心的人。无论我何时找她帮忙，她总是毫不犹豫地同意。</p> <p>She is a warmhearted person. Whenever I ask her for help, she always agrees without hesitation.</p>
779	人才	réncái	noun: talent / person of ability	<p>Tā shì yī gè nándé de réncái, wǒmen yīdìngyào liúxià tā. 他是一个难得的人才，我们一定要留下他。</p> <p>He is a rare talent and our (company) must keep him.</p>

780	人口	rénkǒu	noun: population	<p>Zhōngguó shì mùqián shìjiè shàng rénkǒu zuìduō de guójiā. 中国是目前世界上人口最多的国家。</p> <p>China is currently the most populous country in the world.</p>
781	人类	rénlèi	noun: human race / mankind / humanity	<p>Suízhe kējì de jìnbù, tàikāng lǚxíng duì rénlèi láishuō jiāng bùzài zhǐshì yī gè huànxǐǎng. 随着科技的进步，太空旅行对人类来说将不再只是一个幻想。</p> <p>With the advancement of technology, space travel for humans will no longer be just a fantasy.</p>
782	人民币	rénmínbì	noun: Renminbi (RMB) / Chinese Yuan	<p>Jīnqī, rénminbì duì měiyuán zài bùduàn biǎnzhí. 近期，人民币兑美元在不断贬值。</p> <p>Recently, the RMB has been depreciating against the US dollar.</p>
783	人生	rénshēng	noun: life (one's time on earth)	<p>Tā de rénshēng gùshi bèi pāi chéng le diànyǐng. 他的人生故事被拍成了电影。</p> <p>His life story was made into a movie.</p>
784	人事	rénshì	noun: human affairs / human resources	<p>Wǒ shōudào le rénshìbù Wáng xiǎojiě de miànshì yāoqǐng. 我收到了人事部王小姐的面试邀请。</p> <p>I received an invitation for an interview from Miss Wang in the Personnel Department.</p>
785	人物	rénwù	noun: figure / character (in a play, novel, etc.)	<p>Tā fùqīn shì dāngdì fēicháng yǒu yǐngxiǎnglì de yī gè rénwù. 她父亲是当地非常有影响力的一个人物。</p> <p>Her father is a very influential figure locally.</p>



786	人员	rényuán	noun: staff / personnel / crew	<p>Yínháng gōngzuòrén yuán nàixīn de wèi wǒ jiědá le suǒyǒu de wèntí. 银行工作人员耐心地为我解答了所有的问题。</p> <p>The bank staff patiently answered all my questions.</p>
787	忍不住	rěnbuzhù	cannot help doing something / unable to bear	<p>Měicì xiǎngdào wǒmen dìyīcì jiànmiàn shí de chǎngjǐng, wǒ jiù rěnbuzhù xiǎng xiào. 每次想到我们第一次见面时的场景，我就忍不住想笑。</p> <p>Every time I recall the scene of our first meeting, I can't help but laugh.</p>
788	日常	rìcháng	adjective: daily / everyday / day-to-day	<p>Zhèxiē dōu shì rìcháng xūyào yòng de dōngxi. 这些都是日常需要用的东西。</p> <p>These are all the things that are needed on a daily basis.</p>
789	日程	rìchéng	noun: schedule	<p>Wáng xiānsheng jiēxiàlái sān gè yuè de rìchéng dōu yǐjīng páimǎn le. 王先生接下来三个月的日程都已经排满了。</p> <p>Mr. Wang's schedule for the next three months is already full.</p>
790	日历	rìlì	noun: calendar	<p>Wǒ xíguàn bǎ zhòngyào de shìqíng jì zài rìlì shàng. 我习惯把重要的事情记在日历上。</p> <p>I'm used to recording important things on a calendar.</p>

791	日期	rìqī	noun: date	<p>Zhè píng niú nǎi shàng de rìqī zǎojiù chāoguò bǎozhìqī le. 这瓶牛奶上的日期早就超过保质期了。</p> <p>The date on this container (or bottle) of milk has long passed the expiration date.</p>
792	日用品	rìyòngpǐn	noun: daily necessities / articles of everyday use	<p>Wǒ tōngcháng huì zài zhōumò de shíhòu qù dà chāoshì cǎigòu rìyòngpǐn. 我通常会在周末的时候去大超市采购日用品。</p> <p>I usually go on weekends to purchase daily necessities at a big supermarket.</p>
793	日子	rìzi	noun: day / days of one's life	<p>Jīntiān duì wǒ lái shuō shì yī gè tèbié de rìzi. 今天对我来说是一个特别的日子。</p> <p>Today is a special day for me.</p>
794	如何	rúhé	pronoun: how / what	<p>Wǒ bù zhī gāi rúhé huídá zhègè wèntí. 我不知该如何回答这个问题。</p> <p>I don't know how to answer this question.</p>
795	如今	rújīn	noun: now / nowadays	<p>Yǐqián de xiǎo fángzi, rújīn yǐjīng biànchéng le gāolóu dàshà. 以前的小房子，如今已经变成了高楼大厦。</p> <p>What used to be a small house has now become a tall building.</p>
796	软	ruǎn	adjective: soft	<p>Wàipó yá kǒu bùhǎo, suǒyǐ zhǐnéng chī ruǎn yīdiǎn de shíwù. 外婆牙口不好，所以只能吃软一点的食物。</p> <p>Grandma has bad teeth, so she can only eat soft food.</p>

797	软件	ruǎnjiàn	noun: software	<p>Zhège ruǎnjiàn xūyào gēngxīn cái néng jìxù shǐyòng. 这个软件需要更新才能继续使用。</p> <p>In order to continue using this software, it needs to be updated.</p>
798	弱	ruò	adjective: weak / feeble	<p>Shān shang shǒujī xìnghào hěn ruò, wǒ tīng bùqīng nǐ shuōhuà. 山上手机信号很弱，我听不清你说话。</p> <p>The cell phone signal on this mountain is weak, so I can't hear you.</p>
799	洒	sǎ	verb: to sprinkle / to spill	<p>Wǒ bù xiǎoxīn bǎ kāfēi sǎ dào le diànnǎo shang. 我不小心把咖啡洒到了电脑上。</p> <p>I accidentally spilled coffee on the computer.</p>
800	嗓子	sǎngzi	noun: throat / voice	<p>Tā de gǎnmào hěn yánzhòng, yī shuōhuà sǎngzi jiù téng. 她的感冒很严重，一说话嗓子就疼。</p> <p>She has a severe cold and her throat hurts whenever she speaks.</p>
801	色彩	sècǎi	noun: color / hue	<p>Fángjiān lǐ guà le xǔduō sècǎi xiānyàn de yóuhuà. 房间里挂了许多色彩鲜艳的油画。</p> <p>There are many oil paintings with bright colors hanging in the room.</p>
802	杀	shā	verb: to kill / to slaughter	<p>Diànyǐng lǐ de zhǔjué chàdiǎn bèi huàirén shā le. 电影里的主角差点被坏人杀了。</p> <p>The main character in the movie was almost killed by the bad guy.</p>

803	沙漠	shāmò	noun: desert	<p>Luòtuo shì yīzhǒng kěyǐ cháng shíjiān xíngzǒu zài shāmò shang de dòngwù.</p> <p>骆驼是一种可以长时间行走在沙漠上的动物。</p> <p>The camel is an animal that can walk in the desert for a long time.</p>
804	沙滩	shātān	noun: sandy beach	<p>Hěn duō rén chuān zhe yǒngyī tǎng zài shātān shang shàitàiyáng.</p> <p>很多人穿着泳衣躺在沙滩上晒太阳。</p> <p>Many people in swimsuits are lying on the beach and basking in the sun.</p>
805	傻	shǎ	adjective: silly / foolish / stupid	<p>Wǒ zhēn shǎ, jūrán bǎ qián jiègěi le tā.</p> <p>我真傻，居然把钱借给了他。</p> <p>I'm so stupid that I lent money to him.</p>
806	晒	shài	verb: (of the sun) to shine upon / to bask / to dry (clothes, grain, etc) in the sun	<p>Tā liǎn shang de pífū bèi yánzhòng shàishāng le.</p> <p>她脸上的皮肤被严重晒伤了。</p> <p>The skin on her face was badly sunburned.</p>
807	删除	shānchú	verb: to delete	<p>Zāogāo! Wǒ bù xiǎoxīn bǎ nà fèn wénjiàn gěi shānchú le!</p> <p>糟糕！我不小心把那份文件给删除了！</p> <p>Oops! I accidentally deleted that file!</p>
808	闪电	shǎndiàn	noun: lightning	<p>Quánqiú měinián bèi shǎndiàn jīzhòng ér sǐwáng de rénshù duōdá èr diǎn sì wàn rén.</p> <p>全球每年被闪电击中而死亡的人数多达 2.4 万人。</p> <p>Lightning strikes kill up to 24,000 people worldwide each year.</p>

809	扇子	shànzi	noun: fan	<p>Zhè bǎ shànzi shì wǒ cóng Zhōngguó mǎi huílai de jìniànpǐn. 这把扇子是我从中国买回来的纪念品。 This fan is a souvenir I bought in China.</p>
810	善良	shànláng	adjective: good and honest / kind-hearted	<p>Wǒ fùqīn shì yī gè jì chéngshí yòu shànláng de rén. 我父亲是一个既诚实又善良的人。 My father is an honest and kind man.</p>
811	善于	shànyú	verb: to be good at / to be adept in	<p>Tā hěn shànyú mófǎng bùtóng dòngwù de shēngyīn. 他很善于模仿不同动物的声音。 He is very good at imitating the sounds of different animals.</p>
812	伤害	shānghài	verb: to hurt / to harm	<p>Wǒ bǎ suǒyǒu zhíqián de dōngxī dōu gěi nǐ, qǐng bùyào shānghài wǒ. 我把所有值钱的东西都给你，请不要伤害我。 I will give you everything of value, please don't hurt me.</p>
813	商品	shāngpǐn	noun: commodity / goods / merchandise	<p>Jīchǎng miǎnshuì diàn lǐ de shāngpǐn bǐ pǔtōng diàn lǐ de piányi hěn duō. 机场免税店里的商品比普通店里的便宜很多。 The goods in airport duty-free shops are much cheaper than those in ordinary shops.</p>
814	商务	shāngwù	noun: business affairs / commercial affairs	<p>Jiǔdiàn shèyǒu shāngwù zhōngxīn hé huìyìshì. 酒店设有商务中心和会议室。 The hotel is equipped with a business center and meeting rooms.</p>

815	商业	shāngyè	noun: trade / commerce / business	<p>Zhè tiáo shāngyè jiē de dàduōshù shāngdiàn dōu yǐjīng dǎobì le. 这条商业街的大多数商店都已经倒闭了。</p> <p>Most shops in this commercial street already went bankrupt.</p>
816	上当	shàngdàng	verb: to be fooled / to be taken in (by somebody's deceit)	<p>Tā tài róngyì xiāngxìn biéren, suǒyǐ jīngcháng shàng piànzi de dàng. 他太容易相信别人，所以经常上骗子的当。</p> <p>He trusts others too easily, so he often falls for scams.</p>
817	蛇	shé	noun: snake / serpent	<p>Méixiǎngdào, tā de chǒngwù jūrán shì yī tiáo shé. 没想到，他的宠物居然是一条蛇。</p> <p>I didn't expect that his pet was actually a snake.</p>
818	舍不得	shěbude	verb: to hate to part with or use	<p>Zài zhèlǐ shēnghuó le zhème jiǔ, wǒ yǒudiǎn shěbude líkāi. 在这里生活了这么久，我有点舍不得离开。</p> <p>Having lived here for so long, I am a little reluctant to leave.</p>
819	设备	shèbèi	noun: equipment / facility	<p>Zhè jiā yīyuàn yōngyǒu mùqián zuì xiānjìn de shèbèi. 这家医院拥有目前最先进的设备。</p> <p>This hospital has the most advanced equipment.</p>
820	设计	shèjì	verb: to design / to devise	<p>Tāmen qǐng wǒ wèi zhè cì huódòng shèjì yī zhāng xuānchuán hǎibào. 他们请我为这次活动设计一张宣传海报。</p> <p>They asked me to design a promotional poster for the event.</p>

821	设施	shèshī	noun: facilities / installation	<p>Zhōngguó shì shìjiè shàng jīchǔshèshī tóuzī zuì duō de guójiā.          中国是世界上基础设施投资最多的国家。          China is the country with the largest infrastructure investment in the world.</p>
822	射击	shèjī	verb: to shoot / to fire	<p>Zhè míng yùndòngyuán zhèngzài miáozhǔn mùbiāo zhǔnbèi shèjī.          这名运动员正在瞄准目标准备射击。          The athlete is taking aim and preparing to shoot.</p>
823	摄影	shèyǐng	noun: photography	<p>Wǒ duì shèyǐng shífēn gǎnxìngqù, suǒyǐ kàn le hěnduō xiāngguān de shūjí.          我对摄影十分感兴趣，所以看了很多相关的书籍。          I am very interested in photography, so I read many books that are related to it.</p>
824	伸	shēn	verb: to extend / to stretch	<p>Chéngchē shí, bùyào bǎ tóu shēnchū chuāng wài!          乘车时，不要把头伸出窗外！          Don't stick your head outside the window while riding in a car!</p>
825	身材	shēncái	noun: (body) figure	<p>Yuánlái tā shì mótiè a, guàibude shēncái zhème hǎo!          原来她是模特啊，怪不得身材这么好！          It turned out that she is a model. No wonder she has such a nice figure!</p>
826	身份	shēnfèn	noun: identity / status	<p>Jīngguò diàochá, wǒmen zhōngyú zhīdào le tā de zhēnshí shēnfèn.          经过调查，我们终于知道了他的真实身份。          After investigation, we finally found out his true identity.</p>

827	深刻	shēnkè	adjective: profound / deep	<p>Tā de biǎoyǎn gěi wǒ liúxià le shēnkè de yìnxiàng. 他的表演给我留下了深刻的印象。 His performance left a deep impression on me.</p>
828	神话	shénhuà	noun: myth / fairy tale	<p>Zhègè gùshi bùshì zhēn de, zhǐshì yī gè shénhuà. 这个故事不是真的，只是一个神话。 This story is not true. It's just a fairy tale.</p>
829	神秘	shénmì	adjective: mysterious	<p>Dàjiā cāi cāi zhègè shénmì de jiābīn shì shéi! 大家猜猜这个神秘的嘉宾是谁！ Everyone, take a guess on who is this mysterious guest!</p>
830	升	shēng	verb: to rise / to go up	<p>Wǒ gāng yī sōngshǒu, qìqiú jiù kuàisù de shēng dào le kōngzhōng. 我刚一松手，气球就快速地升到了空中。 As soon as I let go, the balloon rose quickly into the air.</p>
831	生产	shēngchǎn	verb: to produce / to manufacture	<p>Nín dìnggòu de fúzhuāng yǐjīng shēngchǎn chūlai le, mǎshàng jiù néng fāhuò. 您订购的服装已经生产出来了，马上就能发货。 The clothes you ordered have been produced and are ready to ship.</p>
832	生动	shēngdòng	adjective: lively / vivid	<p>Tā shēngdòng de gēn wǒmen jiǎngshù le tā zài Zhōngguó de shēnghuó. 他生动地跟我们讲述了他在中国的生活。 He spoke very vividly about his life in China.</p>



833	生长	shēngzhǎng	verb: to grow / to grow up	<p>Zhè shì yīzhǒng shēngzhǎng zài shāmò de zhíwù. 这是一种生长在沙漠的植物。 This is a plant that grows in deserts.</p>
834	声调	shēngdiào	noun: tone / note	<p>Tā juéde Zhōngwén zuì nán de dìfāng shì shēngdiào, yóuqíshì dìsān shēng. 他觉得中文最难的地方是声调，尤其是第三声。 He thinks the most difficult part of Chinese is the tones, especially the third tone.</p>
835	绳子	shéngzi	noun: rope	<p>Tāmen zhèng lā zhe shéngzi nǔlì de xiàngshàng pá. 他们正拉着绳子努力地向爬。 They are pulling the ropes and trying to climb up.</p>
836	省略	shěnglüè	verb: to leave out / to omit	<p>Zhège jùzi zhōng de zhǔyǔ bùnéng shěnglüè. 这个句子中的主语不能省略。 The subject in this sentence cannot be omitted.</p>
837	胜利	shènglì	verb: to win (victory) / to succeed	<p>Wǒmen zuìzhōng qǔdé le zhè chǎng zúqiú bǐsài de shènglì. 我们最终取得了这场足球比赛的胜利。 We finally won this football game.</p>
838	失眠	shīmián	verb: to suffer from insomnia	<p>Yóuyú gōngzuò yālì dà, tā jīngcháng shīmián. 由于工作压力大，她经常失眠。 Due to the high pressure of work, she often suffers from insomnia.</p>

839	失去	shīqù	verb: to lose	Tā zài yī cì jiāotōng shìgù zhōng shīqù le yī tiáo tuǐ. 他在一次交通事故中失去了一条腿。 He lost a leg in a traffic accident.
840	失业	shīyè	verb: to lose one's job / to be unemployed	Zhège guójiā de shīyèlǜ yǒu shàngshēng de qūshì. 这个国家的失业率有上升的趋势。 Unemployment in this country is on the rise.
841	诗	shī	noun: poetry / poem	Zhè shǒu shī shì Lǐ Bái zài hē zuì hòu xiě de. 这首诗是李白在喝醉后写的。 This poem was written by Li Bai after getting drunk.
842	狮子	shīzi	noun: lion	Shīzi bèi chēngwéi cónglín zhī wáng. 狮子被称为丛林之王。 The lion is called the king of the jungle.
843	湿润	shīrùn	adjective: moist	Jīngcháng shǐyòng miànmó kěyǐ ràng pífu bǎochí shīrùn. 经常使用面膜可以让皮肤保持湿润。 Regular use of a mask can keep the skin moist.
844	石头	shítou	noun: stone / rock	Ōuzhōu yǒu hěn duō yòng shítou zuò chéng de gǔlǎo chéngbǎo. 欧洲有很多用石头做成的古老城堡。 Europe has many ancient castles made of stone.

845	时差	shíchā	noun: time difference / jet lag	<p>Duìyú jīngcháng lǚxíng de rén láishuō, dǎoshíchā shì yī jiàn fēicháng xīnkǔ de shì.</p> <p>对于经常旅行的人来说，倒时差是一件非常辛苦的事。</p> <p>For people who travel a lot, jet lag is a very hard thing.</p>
846	时代	shídài	noun: era / times / age	<p>Zài Zhōngguó, gǎigékāifàng chūqī shì chuàngyè de huángjīnshídài.</p> <p>在中国，改革开放初期是创业的黄金时代。</p> <p>The initial period of reform and opening up was the golden age of entrepreneurship in China.</p>
847	时刻	shíkè	noun: moment / point of time	<p>Nà shì wǒ yīshēng zhōng zuì nánwàng de shíkè.</p> <p>那是我一生中最难忘的时刻。</p> <p>That was the most unforgettable moment of my life.</p>
848	时髦	shímáo	adjective: fashionable / stylish	<p>Nǐ de màozi kànqǐlai shímáo jíle, fēicháng shìhé nǐ.</p> <p>你的帽子看起来时髦极了，非常适合你。</p> <p>Your hat looks so stylish and it suits you perfectly.</p>
849	时期	shíqī	noun: period / phase	<p>Wǒ rénshēng zhōng zuì jiānnán de shíqī shì tā péi wǒ dùguò de.</p> <p>我人生中最艰难的时期是他陪我度过的。</p> <p>He was with me through the toughest period of my life.</p>
850	时尚	shíshàng	adjective: fashionable noun: fashion	<p>Zhè jiā fúzhuāng diàn de yīfu bùjǐn shíshàng, érqiě piányi.</p> <p>这家服装店的衣服不仅时尚，而且便宜。</p> <p>The clothes in this clothing store are not only fashionable, but also cheap.</p>

851	实话	shíhuà	noun: truth	<p>Shuōshíhuà, wǒ bù rènwéi tā yǒu dānrèn zhège zhíwèi de nénglì. 说实话，我不认为她有担任这个职位的能力。</p> <p>To be honest, I don't think she's qualified for the position.</p>
852	实践	shíjiàn	noun: practice	<p>Tā de lǐlùn zhīshì hěn fēngfù, dànshì quēfá shíjiàn jīngyàn. 他的理论知识很丰富，但是缺乏实践经验。</p> <p>He has a wealth of theoretical knowledge, but lacks practical experience.</p>
853	实习	shíxí	verb: (of students or trainees) to practice (what has been learned in class) / to intern	<p>Zhège shíxí jīhuì hěn nándé, wǒ yīdìngyào bǎwò zhù tā. 这个实习机会很难得，我一定要把握住它。</p> <p>This internship opportunity is rare, and I must grab it.</p>
854	实现	shíxiàn	verb: to realize / to fulfill / to carry out	<p>Jīngguò duōnián de nǔlì, tā zhōngyú shíxiàn le dāng yǎnyuán de mèngxiǎng. 经过多年的努力，她终于实现了当演员的梦想。</p> <p>After years of hard work, she finally realized her dream of becoming an actress.</p>
855	实验	shíyàn	noun: experiment / test	<p>Kēxuéjiā men wèishénme yào xuǎnzé xiǎobáishǔ lái zuò shíyàn? 科学家们为什么要选择小白鼠来做实验？</p> <p>Why do scientists choose mice for experiments?</p>
856	实用	shíyòng	adjective: practical / pragmatic / functional	<p>Mǎidōngxì bùyào guāng kàn wàibiǎo, yě yào kǎolǜ tā shìfǒu shíyòng. 买东西不要光看外表，也要考虑它是否实用。</p> <p>When buying things, don't just look at their appearance, but also consider whether they are practical or not.</p>

857	食物	shíwù	noun: food	<p>Wǒ zhèngzài jiǎnféi, suǒyǐ bùnéng chī gāorèliàng de shíwù. 我正在减肥，所以不能吃高热量的食物。 I'm on a diet so I can't eat high calorie foods.</p>
858	使劲儿	shǐjìn	verb: to exert all one's strength / to do to the utmost	<p>Zài shǐjìn tuī yī bǎ, qìchē jiù néng fādòng le. 再使劲儿推一把，汽车就能发动了。 Use all your strength to push the car again and it will be able to start.</p>
859	始终	shǐzhōng	adverb: all along / throughout	<p>Suīrán yùdào guo hěn duō cuòzhé, dàn tā shǐzhōng dōu méiyǒu fàngqì guo zìjǐ de mèngxiǎng. 虽然遇到过很多挫折，但他始终都没有放弃过自己的梦想。 Although he encountered many setbacks, he never gave up on his dream.</p>
860	士兵	shìbīng	noun: rank-and-file soldiers / privates	<p>Jūnguān zhèngzài xùnlìan zhè pī xīn lái de shìbīng. 军官正在训练这批新来的士兵。 Officers are training the new soldiers right now.</p>
861	市场	shìchǎng	noun: market / marketplace	<p>Zhè shì yī gè zhuānmén xiāoshòu Zhōngguó gèdì nóngchǎnpǐn de shìchǎng. 这是一个专门销售中国各地农产品的市场。 This is a marketplace dedicated to selling agricultural products from all over China.</p>

862	似的	shìde	auxiliary: seem as if	<p>Zuówǎn yǔ dà de xiàng cóng tiān shàng dào xiàlái shìde.          昨晚雨大得像从天上倒下来似的。          It rained so hard last night as if it was pouring from the sky.</p>
863	事实	shìshí	noun: fact	<p>Zhèngrén de miáoshù yǔ shìshí bùfú.          证人的描述与事实不符。          The witness's description does not match the facts.</p>
864	事物	shìwù	noun: thing / object	<p>Tā duì yīqiè xīnxiān shìwù dōu chōngmǎn le hàoqí.          他对一切新鲜事物都充满了好奇。          He is curious about all new things.</p>
865	事先	shìxiān	noun: in advance / beforehand	<p>Tā shìxiān bù zhīdào wǒ gěi tā mǎi le shēngrì dànɡāo.          他事先不知道我给他买了生日蛋糕。          He didn't know beforehand that I bought him a birthday cake.</p>
866	试卷	shìjuàn	noun: test paper / examination paper	<p>Wǒ kěnéng wàngjì zài shìjuàn shàng xiě míngzì le.          我可能忘记在试卷上写名字了。          I may have forgotten to write my name on the test paper.</p>
867	收获	shōuhuò	noun: harvest / crop	<p>Zhǐyǒu fùchū láodòng, cái huì yǒu shōuhuò.          只有付出劳动，才会有收获。          Only hard work pays off.</p>

868	收据	shōujù	noun: receipt	<p>Shòuhuòyuán gàosu wǒ, méiyǒu shōujù jiù bùnéng tuìhuò. 售货员告诉我，没有收据就不能退货。</p> <p>The salesperson told me that I can't return the product without a receipt.</p>
869	手工	shǒugōng	adjective: by hand / manual	<p>Zhè shuāng píxié shì shǒugōng zhìzuò de, yīncǐ jiàgé hěn gāo. 这双皮鞋是手工制作的，因此价格很高。</p> <p>The leather shoes are handmade, so the price is very high.</p>
870	手术	shǒushù	noun: surgical operation	<p>Shǒushù zuò de fēicháng chénggōng, nǐ hěn kuài jiù néng chūyuàn le. 手术做得非常成功，你很快就能出院了。</p> <p>The surgery was done very successfully and you will be discharged soon.</p>
871	手套	shǒutào	noun: glove	<p>Wèile bǎohù pífū, wǒ jīngcháng dài zhe shǒutào xǐwǎn. 为了保护皮肤，我经常戴着手套洗碗。</p> <p>To protect my skin, I often wash dishes with gloves on.</p>
872	手续	shǒuxù	noun: procedures / formalities / process	<p>Wǒ yǐjīng shōushi hǎo xíngli le, xiànzài qù qiántái bànlǐ tuìfáng shǒuxù. 我已经收拾好行李了，现在去前台办理退房手续。</p> <p>I've packed my things and I am now going to the front desk to check out.</p>
873	手指	shǒuzhǐ	noun: finger	<p>Wàibian tài lěng le, tā de shǒuzhǐ dōu bèi dòng hóng le. 外边太冷了，她的手指都被冻红了。</p> <p>It was so cold outside that her fingers became all red.</p>

874	首	shǒu	classifier: for poems, songs, etc.	<p>Zài jùhuì shang, Dàwèi wèi péngyou men yǎnchàng le yī shǒu Zhōngwén gē. 在聚会上，大卫为朋友们演唱了一首中文歌。 At the party, David sang a Chinese song for his friends.</p>
875	寿命	shòumìng	noun: life span / lifetime	<p>Kēxuéjiā yánjiū chū le yīzhǒng néng yǎncháng rénlèi shòumìng de xīn yào. 科学家研究出了一种能延长人类寿命的新药。 Scientists have developed a new drug that can prolong human life.</p>
876	受伤	shòushāng	verb: to be injured / to be wounded	<p>Zài zhè cì shìgù zhōng, tā de tóubù shòu le hěn yánzhòng de shāng. 在这次事故中，他的头部受了很严重的伤。 In this accident, his head was badly injured.</p>
877	书架	shūjià	noun: bookshelf	<p>Wǒ bǎ hái méi kàn de shū fàng dào le shūjià de zuì dǐcéng. 我把还没看的书放到了书架的最底层。 I put the books that I haven't read at the bottom of the bookshelf.</p>
878	梳子	shūzi	noun: comb	<p>Zhè bǎ shūzi shì yòng mùtóu zuò de. 这把梳子是用木头做的。 This comb is made of wood.</p>
879	舒适	shūshì	adjective: comfortable / cosy	<p>Tā tǎng zài róuruǎn shūshì de chuáng shang, hěn kuài biàn shuìzháo le. 她躺在柔软舒适的床上，很快便睡着了。 She laid on the soft and comfortable bed, and soon fell asleep.</p>



880	输入	shūrù	verb: to import / to input / to enter	<p>Qǐng shūrù zhèngquè de yònghùnmíng hé mìmǎ. 请输入正确的用户名和密码。</p> <p>Please enter the correct username and password.</p>
881	蔬菜	shūcài	noun: vegetable	<p>Wǒ mǎi le yīxiē xīnxiān de shūcài hé shuǐguǒ lái zuò shālá. 我买了一些新鲜的蔬菜和水果来做沙拉。</p> <p>I bought some fresh vegetables and fruits to make the salad.</p>
882	熟练	shúliàn	adjective: skillful / proficient / skilled	<p>Wáng shīfu kāichē de jìshù hěn shúliàn. 王师傅开车的技术很熟练。</p> <p>Master Wang is very skilled in driving.</p>
883	属于	shǔyú	verb: to belong to / to be part of	<p>Shīzi hé bàozǐ dōu shǔyú dàxíng māokē dòngwù. 狮子和豹子都属于大型猫科动物。</p> <p>Both lions and leopards belong to the big cat family.</p>
884	鼠标	shǔbiāo	noun: mouse	<p>Duì wǒ lái shuō, yǒuxiàn shǔbiāo bǐ wúxiàn de gèng hǎoyòng. 对我来说，有线鼠标比无线的更好用。</p> <p>For me, a wired mouse works better than a wireless one.</p>
885	数	shǔ	verb: to count	<p>Wǒ yǐjīng shǔ guo le, zhè pī huò de shùliàng méiyǒu wèntí. 我已经数过了，这批货的数量没有问题。</p> <p>I've counted it, and there's no problem with the quantity of this shipment.</p>

886	数据	shùjù	noun: data	<p>Wǒ bǎ zhòngyào de shùjù dōu bǎocún zài le zhège yídòng yìngpán zhōng.</p> <p>我把重要的数据都保存在了这个移动硬盘中。</p> <p>I keep all important data in this portable hard drive.</p>
887	数码	shùmǎ	noun: digital	<p>Zhè tái xiàngjī shì shùmǎ de, pāi chūlai de túxiàng tèbié qīngxī.</p> <p>这台相机是数码的，拍出来的图像特别清晰。</p> <p>The camera is digital, and the images it takes are exceptionally sharp.</p>
888	摔倒	shuāidǎo	verb: to fall down	<p>Tā tūrán shīqù pínghéng shuāidǎo zài le dìshàng.</p> <p>他突然失去平衡摔倒在了地上。</p> <p>He suddenly lost his balance and fell to the ground.</p>
889	甩	shuǎi	verb: to throw off / to swing / to dump (somebody)	<p>Wǒ tīngshuō Dàwèi bèi jiāowǎng duōnián de nǚyǒu gěi shuǎi le.</p> <p>我听说大卫被交往多年的女友给甩了。</p> <p>I heard that David was dumped by his girlfriend whom he dated for years.</p>
890	双方	shuāngfāng	noun: both sides / the two parties	<p>Jīngguò fǎtíng tiáojiě, shuāngfāng dáchéng le xiéyì.</p> <p>经过法庭调解，双方达成了协议。</p> <p>After court mediation, the two sides reached an agreement.</p>
891	税	shuì	noun: tax / duty	<p>Zài Měiguó, chāoshì lǐ de suǒyǒu shāngpǐn biāojià dōu shì shuìqián de.</p> <p>在美国，超市里的所有商品标价都是税前的。</p> <p>In the United States, all items in a supermarket are marked with pre-tax prices.</p>

892	说不定	shuōbùdìng	adverb: perhaps / maybe	Bié nánguò, shuōbùdìng wǒmen hěn kuài jiù néng zài jiànmiàn le. 别难过，说不定我们很快就能再见面了。 Don't be sad, maybe we'll meet soon again.
893	说服	shuōfú	verb: to persuade / to convince	Tā zhège rén tài gùzhí le, shéi yě shuōfú bùliǎo tā. 他这个人太固执了，谁也说服不了他。 He was so stubborn that no one could convince him.
894	丝绸	sīchóu	noun: silk cloth / silk	Wǒ zài Zhōngguó mǎi le yī jiàn yòng sīchóu zuò de qípáo. 我在中国买了一件用丝绸做的旗袍。 I bought a qipao made of silk in China.
895	丝毫	sīháo	adjective: (usually in the negative) the slightest amount or degree / a bit	Tā sīháo bùzàiyì biéren duì tā de kànfǎ. 他丝毫不在意别人对他的看法。 He doesn't care what other people think of him at all.
896	私人	sīrén	adjective: private / personal	Wǒ kěyǐ wèn nǐ yī gè hěn sīrén de wèntí ma? 我可以问你一个很私人的问题吗？ May I ask you a very personal question?
897	思考	sīkǎo	verb: to think deeply /to ponder over / to reflect on	Zhè shì wǒ sīkǎo le hěn jiǔ hòu cái zuòchū de juéding. 这是我思考了很久后才做出的决定。 This is a decision I made after thinking about it for a long time.

898	思想	sīxiǎng	noun: thought / thinking	<p>Rúhé yòng jiǎndān de yǔyán lái biǎodá fùzá de sīxiǎng cái shì zuì kùnnan de.</p> <p>如何用简单的语言来表达复杂的思想才是最困难的。</p> <p>How to express complex ideas in simple language is actually the most difficult thing to do.</p>
899	撕	sī	verb: to tear / to rip	<p>Tā shēngqì de bǎ zhàopiàn sī chéng le liǎng bàn.</p> <p>她生气地把照片撕成了两半。</p> <p>She angrily tore the photo in half.</p>
900	似乎	sìhū	adverb: as if / seemingly	<p>Zhège rén kàn zhe hěn yǎnshú, wǒ sìhū zài nǎr jiàn guo.</p> <p>这个人看着很眼熟，我似乎在哪儿见过。</p> <p>This person looks very familiar. It seems that I have seen him somewhere before.</p>
901	搜索	sōusuǒ	verb: to search for (a place or a database) / to hunt for	<p>Yī duì jiùyuán rényuán zhèngzài sēnlín lǐ sōusuǒ shīzōng de yóukè.</p> <p>一队救援人员正在森林里搜索失踪的游客。</p> <p>A team of rescuers is searching for the tourists missing in the forest.</p>
902	宿舍	sùshè	noun: dormitory / dorm room	<p>Wǒ bù tài xíguàn zhù xuéxiào de sùshè, suǒyǐ zài wàimiàn zū le yī jiān gōngyù.</p> <p>我不太习惯住学校的宿舍，所以在外面租了一间公寓。</p> <p>I'm not very used to living in the school dormitory, so I rented an apartment outside.</p>

903	随身	suíshēn	adjective: (to carry) on one's person	<p>Wèile fāngbiàn bàngōng, wǒ zǒngshì suíshēn xiédài zhe yī tái bǐjìběndiànnǎo.</p> <p>为了方便办公，我总是随身携带着一台笔记本电脑。</p> <p>For the convenience of working, I always carry a laptop with me.</p>
904	随时	suíshí	adverb: at any time / at all times	<p>Rúguǒ yǒu shénme wèntí, nǐ kěyǐ suíshí liánxì wǒ.</p> <p>如果有什么问题，你可以随时联系我。</p> <p>If you have any questions, you can contact me at any time.</p>
905	随手	suíshǒu	adverb: without extra trouble / conveniently (when doing something)	<p>Huídào jiā hòu, tā suíshǒu bǎ dàyī fàng zài le shāfā shàng.</p> <p>回到家后，他随手把大衣放在了沙发上。</p> <p>After returning home, he casually put the coat on the sofa.</p>
906	碎	suì	verb: to break into pieces / to smash	<p>Tā bù xiǎoxīn shuāi suì le qīzi zuì xǐhuan de huāpíng.</p> <p>他不小心摔碎了妻子最喜欢的花瓶。</p> <p>He accidentally broke his wife's favorite vase.</p>
907	损失	sǔnshī	noun: loss / damage	<p>Bǎoxiǎn gōngsī jiāng péicháng tā de sǔnshī.</p> <p>保险公司将赔偿他的损失。</p> <p>The insurance company will compensate his loss.</p>
908	缩短	suōduǎn	verb: to shorten / to cut down	<p>Zhōngguó zhèngzài nǔlì suōduǎn yǔ fādágúojiā zhījiān de chājù.</p> <p>中国正在努力缩短与发达国家之间的差距。</p> <p>China is trying to narrow the gap between it and developed countries.</p>

909	所	suǒ	classifier: for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.	Méi bèi zhè suǒ dàxué lùqǔ, tā shāngxīn jíle. 没被这所大学录取，她伤心极了。 She was devastated that she was not accepted to this university.
910	锁	suǒ	verb: to lock up	Wǒ bǎ zìjǐ suǒ zài ménwài le, nǐ dài yàoshi le ma? 我把自己锁在门外了，你带钥匙了吗？ I locked myself out, did you bring the key?
911	台阶	táijiē	noun: step / a flight of stairs	Wǒ cóng táijiē shàng shuāi le xiàlai, niǔshāng le jiǎohuái. 我从台阶上摔了下来，扭伤了脚踝。 I fell off a step and twisted my ankle.
912	太极拳	tàijíquán	noun: Taiji / a martial art	Mǎkè zài Zhōngguó gēnzhe Chén shīfu xué guo jǐ nián tàijíquán. 马克在中国跟着陈师傅学过几年太极拳。 Mark learned Tai Chi in China with Master Chen for several years.
913	太太	tàitai	noun: Mrs. / wife / married woman	Dàwèi jīngcháng gēn tàitai zài hǎibiān sànbù. 大卫经常跟太太在海边散步。 David often walks by the sea with his wife.
914	谈判	tánpàn	verb: to negotiate / to hold talks	Tánpàn jìnxíng de fēicháng shùnlì, jiéguǒ lìng shuāngfāng dōu shífēn mǎnyì. 谈判进行得非常顺利，结果令双方都十分满意。 The negotiation went very smoothly and the results were satisfactory to both parties.

915	坦率	tǎnshuài	adjective: frank / straightforward / open	Tā tǎnshuài de shuōchū le zìjǐ de zhēnshí xiǎngfǎ. 他坦率地说出了自己的真实想法。 He spoke openly about what he really thought.
916	烫	tàng	adjective: boiling hot / scalding / very hot	Zhè bēi chá tài tàng le, wǒ xiǎng děng fàng liáng diǎnr zài hē. 这杯茶太烫了，我想等放凉点儿再喝。 This cup of tea is too hot and I want to wait until it cools down before drinking it.
917	逃	táo	verb: to run away / to escape / to flee	Zhè sān míng nánzǐ cóng jiānyù lǐ táo le chūlai. 这三名男子从监狱里逃了出来。 These three men escaped from prison.
918	逃避	táobì	verb: to escape / to avoid	Nǐ yīnggāi yǒngyú miànduì kùnnan, ér bùshì táobì xiànrshí. 你应该勇于面对困难，而不是逃避现实。 You should have the courage to face difficulties instead of escaping from reality.
919	桃	táo	noun: peach	Wǒ měicì chī wán táozi dōu huì wèitòng. 我每次吃完桃子都会胃痛。 I get a stomach ache every time I eat peaches.
920	淘气	táoqì	adjective: naughty / mischievous	Zhège xiǎo nánhái r hěn cōngmíng, jiùshì yǒudiǎnr táoqì. 这个小男孩儿很聪明，就是有点儿淘气。 This little boy is smart, but a little naughty.

921	讨价还价	tǎojiàhuánjià	verb: to bargain / to haggle over price	Zài lǚyóujǐngdiǎn mǎidōngxi shí yīdìngyào tǎojiàhuánjià. 在旅游景点买东西时一定要讨价还价。 Be sure to haggle when shopping at tourist sites.
922	套	tào	classifier: for books, furniture, rooms, methods, remarks, etc.) set / suit / suite	Jiéhūnjìniànrì nà tiān, tā sòng le wǒ yī tào gāodàng cānjù. 结婚纪念日那天，他送了我一套高档餐具。 On my wedding anniversary, he gave me a set of high-end cutlery.
923	特色	tèsè	noun: characteristic / unique feature	Péngyou xiàng wǒ tuījiàn le yī jiā xiāngdāng yǒu tè sè de Zhōngshì cāntīng. 朋友向我推荐了一家相当有特色的中式餐厅。 A friend recommended me to a Chinese restaurant that's quite unique.
924	特殊	tèshū	adjective: special / particular / unusual	Wǒ cóngxiǎo zài hùtong lǐ zhǎngdà, yīncǐ duì tā yǒu yīzhǒng tèshū de gǎnqíng. 我从小在胡同里长大，因此对它有一种特殊的感情。 I grew up in a hutong, so I have a special feeling for them.
925	特征	tèzhēng	noun: distinctive feature / characteristic	Tā xiàng jǐngfāng xiángxì miáoshù le fànzui xiányí rén de miànbù tèzhēng. 他向警方详细描述了犯罪嫌疑人的面部特征。 He gave police a detailed description of the suspect's facial features.



926	疼爱	téng'ài	verb: to love dearly	<p>Mǎlì shì jiālǐ wéiyī de nǚhái, yě shì māma zuì téng'ài de hái'zi.</p> <p>玛丽是家里唯一的女孩儿，也是妈妈最疼爱的孩子。</p> <p>Mary is the only girl in the family, and also the most beloved child of her mother.</p>
927	提倡	tíchàng	verb: to promote / to advocate	<p>Wèi bǎohù huánjìng, zhèngfǔ tíchàng dàjiā jǐnliàng jiǎnshǎo sùliàodài de shǐyòng.</p> <p>为保护环境，政府提倡大家尽量减少塑料袋的使用。</p> <p>To protect the environment, the government encourages everyone to minimize the use of plastic bags.</p>
928	提纲	tígāng	noun: outline	<p>Wǒ de dǎoshī duōcì qiángdiào xiě lùnwén qián yīdìngyào xiān xiě tígāng.</p> <p>我的导师多次强调写论文前一定要先写提纲。</p> <p>My instructor has repeatedly emphasized that an outline must be made before writing a thesis.</p>
929	提问	tíwèn	verb: to ask a question	<p>Yǎnjiǎng jiéshù hòu, yī míng tīngzhòng jǔshǒu xiàng tā tíwèn.</p> <p>演讲结束后，一名听众举手向他提问。</p> <p>After the speech, a person from the audience raised his hands to ask a question.</p>
930	题目	tímù	noun: subject / title / examination question	<p>Lǎoshī yāoqiú wǒmen yǐ &lt;wǒ de jiāxiāng&gt; wéi tímù xiě yī piān wénzhāng.</p> <p>老师要求我们以《我的家乡》为题目写一篇文章。</p> <p>The teacher asked us to write an essay on the topic of "My Hometown".</p>

931	体会	tǐhuì	verb: to know (or learn) from experience / to realize	<p>Yǒu le zìjǐ de hái zi hòu, wǒ cái zhēnzhèng tǐhuì dào le wéi rén fù mǔ de jiān xīn.</p> <p>有了自己的孩子后，我才真正体会到了为人父母的艰辛。</p> <p>Only after having a child of my own did I truly appreciate the difficulties of being a parent.</p>
932	体贴	tǐtiē	verb: to show consideration for	<p>Tā duì qī zi jì wēn róu yòu tǐ tiē.</p> <p>他对妻子既温柔又体贴。</p> <p>He is gentle and considerate with his wife.</p>
933	体现	tǐxiàn	verb: to embody / to reflect / to give expression to	<p>Zhè fú huà tǐ xiàn chū le huà jiā duì dà zì rán de rè 'ài.</p> <p>这幅画体现出了画家对大自然的热爱。</p> <p>This painting reflects the painter's love for nature.</p>
934	体验	tǐyàn	verb: to learn through practice (or personal experience)	<p>Wèi le xiě zhè běn xiǎo shuō, zuò jiā tè yì qù tǐ yàn le nóng cūn shēng huó.</p> <p>为了写这本小说，作家特意去体验了农村生活。</p> <p>In order to write this novel, the writer specifically went to the countryside to experience rural life.</p>
935	天空	tiānkōng	noun: sky	<p>Tiān kōng tū rán biàn 'àn, jiē zhe jiù kāi shǐ dǎ léi xià yǔ.</p> <p>天空突然变暗，接着就开始打雷下雨。</p> <p>The sky suddenly darkened and then, it started to thunder and rain.</p>

936	天真	tiānzhēn	adjective: innocent / naive	<p>Nǐ yào xiāngxìn zhèyàng de huà, nà nǐ jiù tài tiānzhēn le.</p> <p>你要相信这样的话，那你就太天真了。</p> <p>If you believe that sort of talk, then you're really naive.</p>
937	调皮	tiáopí	adjective: mischievous / naughty	<p>Tā jiā de chuānghu bì yī gè tiáopí de xiǎo nánhái r gěi dǎpò le.</p> <p>他家的窗户被一个调皮的小男孩儿给打破了。</p> <p>His window was broken by a naughty little boy.</p>
938	调整	tiáozhěng	verb: to adjust	<p>Nǐ kěyǐ gēnjù nǐ de shēngāo lái tiáozhěng zìxíngchē zuòyǐ de gāodù.</p> <p>你可以根据你的身高来调整自行车座椅的高度。</p> <p>You can adjust the bike seat according to your height.</p>
939	挑战	tiǎozhàn	verb: to challenge	<p>Tā bù yǔnxǔ rèn hé rén tiǎozhàn tā de quánwēi.</p> <p>他不允许任何人挑战他的权威。</p> <p>He does not allow anyone to challenge his authority.</p>
940	通常	tōngcháng	adverb: usually / generally	<p>Wǒ tōngcháng zhōumò xiàwǔ qù jiànshēnfáng.</p> <p>我通常周末下午去健身房。</p> <p>I usually go to the gym in the afternoon on weekends.</p>

941	统一	tǒngyī	verb: to unify / to unite	Jīngguò yī fān jīliè de tāolùn, dàjiā de yìjiàn zhōngyú tǒngyī le. 经过一番激烈的讨论，大家的意见终于统一了。 After some heated discussions, people finally reached a unanimous decision.
942	痛苦	tòngkǔ	adjective: painful	Tā bùyuàn zài huíyì qǐ nà duàn tòngkǔ de jīnglì. 她不愿再回忆起那段痛苦的经历。 She doesn't want to recall that painful experience again.
943	痛快	tòngkuài	adjective: to one's heart's content / to one's great satisfaction	Zhège jiàqī wǒmen wán de hěn tòngkuài! 这个假期我们玩得很痛快！ We had a great time during this holiday!
944	偷	tōu	verb: to steal	Chāoshì bǎo'ān jiāng tōu dōngxi de rén zhuā le qilai. 超市保安将偷东西的人抓了起来。 The security guard in the supermarket arrested the person who stole some things.
945	投入	tóurù	verb: to invest (money, time, etc.) / to put in (money)	Gōngsī zài zhège xiàngmù shàng tóurù le dàliàng de zījīn. 公司在这个项目上投入了大量的资金。 The company invested a substantial amount of money on this project.
946	投资	tóuzī	verb: to invest (money)	Dàduōshù Zhōngguó fùmǔ huì bǎ qián tóuzī zài hái zǐ de jiàoyù shàng. 大多数中国父母会把钱投资在孩子的教育上。 Most Chinese parents invest money on their children's education.

947	透明	tòumíng	adjective: transparent	<p>Shuǐ shì yīzhǒng wúsè wúwèi qiě tòumíng de yètǐ. 水是一种无色无味且透明的液体。</p> <p>Water is a liquid that is colorless, odorless and transparent.</p>
948	突出	tūchū	adjective: prominent / outstanding	<p>Yóuyóu tā zài gōngzuò zhōng biǎoxiàn tūchū, lǎobǎn juéding shēng tā wéi xiàngmù jīnglǐ. 由于他在工作中表现突出，老板决定升他为项目经理。</p> <p>Because of his outstanding performance at work, the boss decided to promote him to project manager.</p>
949	土地	tǔdì	noun: land / soil	<p>Zhège dìqū tǔdì féiwò, shìhé zhòngzhí gèzhǒng nóngzuòwù. 这个地区土地肥沃，适合种植各种农作物。</p> <p>The soil in this area is fertile and suitable for growing various crops.</p>
950	土豆	tǔdòu	noun: potato	<p>Bǎ tǔdòu fàngjìn kǎoxiāng kǎo sānshí fēnzhōng. 把土豆放进烤箱烤三十分钟。</p> <p>Put the potatoes in the oven and bake them for thirty minutes.</p>
951	吐	tù	verb: to vomit / to throw up	<p>Wǒ yī wéndào zhè gǔ wèidao jiù xiǎng tù. 我一闻到这股味道就想吐。</p> <p>Whenever I smell this, I feel like throwing up.</p>
952	兔子	tùzi	noun: rabbit	<p>Wǒ zài shùlín lǐ sànbù shí kànjiàn le liǎng zhī tùzi. 我在树林里散步时看见了两只兔子。</p> <p>I saw two rabbits while walking in the forest.</p>

953	团	tuán	noun: group / organization	<p>Wǒ gēnzhe lǚyóutuán qù Ōuzhōu wán le liǎng zhōu.</p> <p>我跟着旅游团去欧洲玩了两周。</p> <p>I went to Europe with a tour group for two weeks.</p>
954	推辞	tuīcí	verb: to decline (an appointment, invitation, etc.)	<p>Zuówǎn lǎobǎn qǐng wǒ chīfàn, wǒ bùhǎo tuīcí.</p> <p>昨晚老板请我吃饭，我不好推辞。</p> <p>My boss invited me to dinner last night, and I couldn't decline.</p>
955	推广	tuīguǎng	verb: to spread / to promote (a product, etc.)	<p>Gōngsī jiāng yòngjìn yīqiè bànfǎ lái tuīguǎng xīnchǎnpǐn.</p> <p>公司将用尽一切办法来推广新产品。</p> <p>The company will use all means to promote the new products.</p>
956	推荐	tuījiàn	verb: to recommend	<p>Péngyou gěi wǒ tuījiàn de zhè běn shū fēicháng hǎokàn.</p> <p>朋友给我推荐的这本书非常好看。</p> <p>This book recommended to me by a friend, is very good.</p>
957	退	tuì	verb: to return / to refund	<p>Zhè tiáo niúzáikù tài jǐn le, wǒ dǎsuan bǎ tā tuì le.</p> <p>这条牛仔裤太紧了，我打算把它退了。</p> <p>These jeans are so tight that I plan to return them.</p>
958	退步	tuìbù	verb: to fall behind	<p>Tā zuìjìn shàngkè jīngshén bù jízhōng, xuéxí chéngjì míngxiǎn tuìbù le.</p> <p>她最近上课精神不集中，学习成绩明显退步了。</p> <p>She hasn't been able to concentrate in class recently, and she has significantly fallen behind academically.</p>

959	退休	tuìxiū	verb: to retire	<p>Wǒ yéye tuìxiū hòu jiù dài zhe nǎinai dào chù qù lǚyóu. 我爷爷退休后就带着奶奶到处去旅游。</p> <p>After my grandfather retired, he took my grandma to travel everywhere.</p>
960	歪	wāi	adjective: crooked / slanting	<p>Kètīng qiáng shàng de yóuhuà sìhū guà wāi le. 客厅墙上的油画似乎挂歪了。</p> <p>The oil painting on the wall in the living room seemed to be crooked.</p>
961	外公	wàigōng	noun: grandfather (mother's father)	<p>Wǒ wàigōng zài wǒ mā sān suì shí jiù qùshì le. 我外公在我妈三岁时就去世了。</p> <p>My grandfather died when my mother was only three years old.</p>
962	外交	wàijiāo	noun: diplomacy / foreign affairs	<p>Zhè liǎng gè guójiā huīfù le zhèngcháng de wàijiāo guānxi. 这两个国家恢复了正常的外交关系。</p> <p>The two countries resumed normal diplomatic relations.</p>
963	完美	wánměi	adjective: perfect	<p>Tā jiāng nà shǒu qǔzi yǎnzòu de hěn wánměi. 她将那首曲子演奏得很完美。</p> <p>She played that musical piece perfectly.</p>
964	完善	wánshàn	verb: to make perfect / to improve / to refine	<p>Zhè zhǐshì chūbù jìhuà, hái xū jìnyībù wánshàn. 这只是初步计划，还需进一步完善。</p> <p>This is only a preliminary plan and needs to be further improved.</p>

965	完整	wánzhěng	adjective: complete / integrated / intact / entire	<p>Zhè fèn bàogào bù wánzhěng, hái quēshǎo hěn duō guānjiàn xìnxī. 这份报告不完整，还缺少很多关键信息。 The report is incomplete and lacks a lot of key information.</p>
966	玩具	wánjù	noun: toy	<p>Xiāngzi lǐ zhuāng zhe wǒ xiǎoshíhou wán guo de jiù wánjù. 箱子里装着我小时候玩过的旧玩具。 The box contains old toys that I played with when I was a kid.</p>
967	万一	wànyī	conjunction: just in case / if by any chance / what if	<p>Nǐ dúzì zàiwài, wànyī yùdào wēixiǎn zěnmébàn? 你独自在外，万一遇到危险怎么办？ You are out alone, what if you run into danger?</p>
968	王子	wángzǐ	noun: prince / son of a king	<p>Hāilǐ wángzǐ qǔ le yī míng Měiguó nǚ yǎnyuán wéi qī. 哈里王子娶了一名美国女演员为妻。 Prince Harry married an American actress.</p>
969	网络	wǎngluò	noun: network / Internet	<p>Wǎngluò shàng de xìnxī bù wánquán kěkào. 网络上的信息不完全可靠。 Information on the Internet is not entirely reliable.</p>
970	往返	wǎngfǎn	verb: to go back and forth / round trip	<p>Tā yǐjīng dìng hǎo le qù Lúndūn de wǎngfǎn jīpiào. 他已经订好了去伦敦的往返机票。 He already booked a round-trip ticket to London.</p>



971	危害	wēihài	verb: to harm / to endanger / to jeopardize	Chángqī dàiliàng xīyān huì yánzhòng wēihài dào shēntǐ jiànkāng. 长期大量吸烟会严重危害到身体健康。 Long-term heavy smoking can seriously harm your health.
972	威胁	wēixié	verb: to threaten	Tāmen wēixié yào shāo diào wǒ de fángzi. 他们威胁要烧掉我的房子。 They threatened to burn my house down.
973	微笑	wēixiào	verb: to smile	Tā wēixiào de yàngzi yóuqí mírén. 她微笑的样子尤其迷人。 Her smile is especially charming.
974	违反	wéifǎn	verb: to violate / to infringe	Yuángōngmēn kònggào gōngsī wéifǎn láodòngfǎ. 员工们控告公司违反劳动法。 The workers accused the company of violating labor laws.
975	围巾	wéijīn	noun: scarf	Nà tiáo lán sè de wéijīn gèng pèi nǐ zhè jiàn dàyī. 那条蓝色的围巾更配你这件大衣。 That blue scarf matches your coat better.
976	围绕	wéirào	verb: to revolve around / to center on (an issue)	Wǒmen wéirào zhe zhè ge wèntí tāolùn le yī xiàwǔ. 我们围绕着这个问题讨论了一下午。 The discussion was centered on this issue all afternoon.

977	唯一	wéiyī	adjective: only / sole	<p>Tā shì zhè qǐ jiāotōng shìgù zhōng wéiyī de xìngcúnzhě.</p> <p>他是这起交通事故中唯一的幸存者。</p> <p>He was the only survivor of this traffic accident.</p>
978	维修	wéixiū	verb: to keep in (good) repair / to maintain	<p>Zhè zuò lǎo fángzi yǐjīng duōnián méiyǒu wéixiū guo le, yīncǐ yī xià yǔ jiù lòushuǐ.</p> <p>这座老房子已经多年没有维修过了，因此一下雨就漏水。</p> <p>The old house has not been repaired for many years, so it leaks whenever it rains.</p>
979	伟大	wěidà	adjective: great / mighty	<p>Àiyīnsītǎn shì èrshíshìjì zuì wěidà de kēxuéjiā zhīyī.</p> <p>爱因斯坦是二十世纪最伟大的科学家之一。</p> <p>Einstein was one of the greatest scientists of the twentieth century.</p>
980	尾巴	wěiba	noun: tail	<p>Línjū jiā de xiǎogǒu yī kàndào wǒ jiù huì yáo wěiba.</p> <p>邻居家的小狗一看到我就会摇尾巴。</p> <p>My neighbor's puppy wags its tail as soon as it sees me.</p>
981	委屈	wěiqu	adjective: feel wronged	<p>Yóuyú shòudào le bùgōngzhèng de duìdài, tā gǎndào shífēn wěiqu.</p> <p>由于受到了不公正的对待，她感到十分委屈。</p> <p>She felt wronged because of the unfair treatment she received.</p>
982	未必	wèibì	adverb: not necessarily / may not	<p>Nǐ bùyào guài tā, wǒ juéde tā wèibì zhīdào zhè jiàn shì.</p> <p>你不要怪他，我觉得他未必知道这件事。</p> <p>Don't blame him, I don't think he necessarily knew about this.</p>

983	未来	wèilái	adjective: future	<p>Tiānqìyùbào shuō wèilái èrshí sì xiǎoshí nèi jiāng yǒu bàoyǔ. 天气预报说未来二十四小时内将有暴雨。</p> <p>The forecast says there will be heavy rain in the next 24 hours.</p>
984	位于	wèiyú	verb: to be located / to be situated	<p>Tā de fángzi wèiyú shìzhōngxīn de fánhuá dìdài. 他的房子位于市中心的繁华地带。</p> <p>His house is located in the bustling city center area.</p>
985	位置	wèizhi	noun: place / location / seat	<p>Nǐ néng bǎ nǐmen gōngsī quèqiè de wèizhi fāgěi wǒ ma? 你能把你们公司确切的位置发给我吗?</p> <p>Can you send me the exact location of your company?</p>
986	胃	wèi	noun: stomach	<p>Wǒ zǎoshang méi láidejí chī zǎofàn, suǒyǐ xiànzài wèi yǒudiǎnr bùshūfu. 我早上没来得及吃早饭，所以现在胃有点儿不舒服。</p> <p>I didn't have time to eat breakfast in the morning, so my stomach feels a little sick now.</p>
987	胃口	wèikǒu	noun: appetite / liking	<p>Wǒ zhèjǐtiān gǎnmào le, suǒyǐ wèikǒu bùtài hǎo. 我这几天感冒了，所以胃口不太好。</p> <p>I have a cold these days, so I don't have much of an appetite.</p>
988	温暖	wēnnuǎn	adjective: warm	<p>Tā bǎ zìjǐ guǒ zài wēnnuǎn de tǎnzi lǐ. 她把自己裹在温暖的毯子里。</p> <p>She wrapped herself in a warm blanket.</p>

989	温柔	wēnróu	adjective: tender / gentle and soft	<p>Tā kànqǐlai hěn xiōng, dàn shíjìshàng shì gè hěn wēnróu de rén. 他看起来很凶，但实际上是个很温柔的人。</p> <p>He looks intimidating, but he is actually a very gentle person.</p>
990	文件	wénjiàn	noun: document / file	<p>Zhāng jīnglǐ zhèng děng zhe zhè fèn wénjiàn ne, qǐng nǐ gǎnjǐn sòng guòqu. 张经理正等着这份文件呢，请你赶紧送过去。</p> <p>Manager Zhang is waiting for this document, please hurry up and send it over.</p>
991	文具	wénjù	noun: stationery / stationery item (pen, eraser, etc.)	<p>Shūdiàn lǐ chúle mài shū, yě mài wénjù. 书店里除了卖书，也卖文具。</p> <p>In addition to books, bookstores also sell stationery.</p>
992	文明	wénmíng	adjective: civilized	<p>Suídì tǔtán shì yīzhǒng fēicháng bù wénmíng de xíngwéi. 随地吐痰是一种非常不文明的行为。</p> <p>Spitting is a very uncivilized behavior.</p>
993	文学	wénxué	noun: literature	<p>Shòu fùqīn de yǐngxiǎng, tā cóngxiǎo jiù duì wénxué tèbié gǎnxìngqù. 受父亲的影响，他从小就对文学特别感兴趣。</p> <p>Influenced by his father, he was very interested in literature from an early age.</p>
994	文字	wénzì	noun: written language / script / text	<p>Jìniànbēi shàng kè zhe yī duàn fēicháng gǔlǎo de wénzì. 纪念碑上刻着一段非常古老的文字。</p> <p>A very old scripture is engraved on the monument.</p>

995	闻	wén	verb: to smell	<p>Wǒ wén dào le yī gǔ yān wèi, shìbùshì yǒurén zài fángjiān lǐ chōu guo yān?</p> <p>我闻到了一股烟味，是不是有人在房间里抽过烟？</p> <p>I smell smoke. Had someone been smoking in this room?</p>
996	吻	wěn	verb: to kiss	<p>Chūmén qián, zhàngfu zài tā étou shang wěn le yīxià.</p> <p>出门前，丈夫在她额头上吻了一下。</p> <p>Before going out, her husband kissed her on the forehead.</p>
997	稳定	wěndìng	verb: to stabilize	<p>Zhèngfǔ cǎiqǔ le yīxìliè cuòshī lái wěndìng fángjià.</p> <p>政府采取了一系列措施来稳定房价。</p> <p>The government has taken a series of measures to stabilize house prices.</p>
998	问候	wèn hòu	verb: to send a greeting / to give one's respects	<p>Qǐng tì wǒ wèn hòu nǐ de tàitai hé hái zi.</p> <p>请替我问候你的太太和孩子。</p> <p>Please give my regards to your wife and children.</p>
999	卧室	wòshì	noun: bedroom	<p>Wǒ zū le yī tào dài yǒu sān jiān wòshì de gōngyù.</p> <p>我租了一套带有三间卧室的公寓。</p> <p>I rented an apartment with three bedrooms.</p>
1000	握手	wòshǒu	verb: to shake hands	<p>Jiànmiàn shí tā méiyǒu hé wǒ wòshǒu.</p> <p>见面时他没有和我握手。</p> <p>He didn't shake my hand when we met.</p>

1001	屋子	wūzi	noun: room / house	<p>Zuìjìn tiāntiān xià yǔ, wūzi lǐ biànde shí fēn cháo shī.</p> <p>最近天天下雨，屋子里变得十分潮湿。</p> <p>It has been raining every day recently, and the house has become very humid.</p>
1002	无奈	wú nài	verb: to have no choice / cannot help but	<p>Wèile zhàogu shēngbìng de hái zǐ, tā wú nài de xuǎnzé le cízhí.</p> <p>为了照顾生病的孩子，她无奈地选择了辞职。</p> <p>In order to take care of her sick child, she had no choice but to resign.</p>
1003	无数	wúshù	adjective: innumerable / countless	<p>Zhèzhǒng xīn liáofǎ huòxǔ néng zhěngjiù wúshù huànzhe de shēngmìng.</p> <p>这种新疗法或许能拯救无数患者的生命。</p> <p>This new therapy might be able to save the lives of countless patients.</p>
1004	无所谓	wúsuǒwèi	verb: not to matter / to be indifferent	<p>Tā zǒngshì yī fù duì shénmeshì dōu wúsuǒwèi de tàidu.</p> <p>他总是一副对什么事都无所谓的态度。</p> <p>He always has an indifferent attitude to everything.</p>
1005	武术	wǔshù	noun: martial arts / kung fu	<p>Tàijíquán shì Zhōngguó chuántǒng wǔshù.</p> <p>太极拳是中国传统武术。</p> <p>Tai Chi is a traditional Chinese martial art.</p>
1006	勿	wù	adverb: (in prohibitions, warnings, etc.) do not / never	<p>Gōnggòngchǎngsuǒ qǐng wù xīyān!</p> <p>公共场所请勿吸烟！</p> <p>Do not smoke in public places!</p>

1007	物理	wùlǐ	noun: physics	<p>Shàng dàxué de shíhou, wǒ zuì xǐhuan de kē mù shì wùlǐ. 上大学的时候，我最喜欢的科目是物理。</p> <p>When I was in college, my favorite subject was physics.</p>
1008	物质	wùzhì	noun: material things / matter	<p>Jīngshén kōngxū de rén wǎngwǎng gèng ài zhuīqiú wùzhì. 精神空虚的人往往更爱追求物质。</p> <p>Spiritually empty people tend to pursue material things more.</p>
1009	雾	wù	noun: fog / mist	<p>Jīntiān de wù tài dà le, suǒyǐ fēijī kěnéng wúfǎ zhǔnshí qǐfēi. 今天的雾太大了，所以飞机可能无法准时起飞。</p> <p>The fog is so thick today that the plane might not be able to take off on time.</p>
1010	吸取	xīqǔ	verb: to draw (a lesson, insight, etc.)	<p>Wǒ xīwàng nǐ néng cóng zhè cì shībài zhōng xīqǔ jiàoxùn. 我希望你能从这次失败中吸取教训。</p> <p>I hope you can draw a lesson from this failure.</p>
1011	吸收	xīshōu	verb: to absorb	<p>Yǒuxiē zhíwù kěyǐ xīshōu kōngqì zhōng de yǒuhài qìtǐ. 有些植物可以吸收空气中的有害气体。</p> <p>Some plants can absorb harmful gases from the air.</p>
1012	戏剧	xìjù	noun: drama / play	<p>&lt;Hāmǔléitè&gt; shì Shāshìbǐyà zuì zhùmíng de yī bù xìjù. 《哈姆雷特》是莎士比亚最著名的一部戏剧。</p> <p>Hamlet is Shakespeare's most famous play.</p>

1013	系	jì / xì	verb: to fasten / to tie	<p>Fēijī jiù yào qǐ fēi le, qǐng jì hǎo ānquándài!</p> <p>飞机就要起飞了，请系好安全带！</p> <p>The plane is about to take off, please fasten your seat belts.</p>
1014	系统	xìtǒng	noun: system	<p>Wèishénme xìtǒng gēngxīn hòu diànnǎo fǎn'ér biàn màn le?</p> <p>为什么系统更新后电脑反而变慢了？</p> <p>Why did the computer become slower after the system update?</p>
1015	细节	xìjié	noun: details / particulars	<p>Guānyú hézuò xìjié, wǒmen kěyǐ děng xià cì jiànmiàn zài liáo.</p> <p>关于合作细节，我们可以等下次见面再聊。</p> <p>Regarding the details of cooperation, we can discuss this in the next meeting.</p>
1016	瞎	xiā	verb: to become blind	<p>Zhè zhī gǒu de zuǒ yǎn sìhū xiā le.</p> <p>这只狗的左眼似乎瞎了。</p> <p>This dog's left eye appears to be blind.</p>
1017	下载	xiàzài	verb: to download	<p>Wǒ cóng zhè ge wǎngzhàn shàng xiàzài le jǐ shǒu wǒ zuì xǐhuan de gēqǔ.</p> <p>我从这个网站上下了几首我最喜欢的歌曲。</p> <p>I downloaded a couple of my favorite songs from this website.</p>
1018	吓	xià	verb: to frighten / to scare	<p>Chǎnpǐn jiàgé bùnéng dìng de tài gāo, fǎuzé huì bǎ gùkè xiàpǎo de.</p> <p>产品价格不能定得太高，否则会把顾客吓跑的。</p> <p>The product price cannot be set too high, otherwise it will scare the customers away.</p>



1019	夏令营	xiàlǐngyíng	noun: summer camp	Fùmǔ fēicháng zhīchí wǒ qù cānjiā xuéxiào zǔzhī de xiàlǐngyíng. 父母非常支持我去参加学校组织的夏令营。 My parents are very supportive of me going to the summer camp organized by the school.
1020	鲜艳	xiānyàn	adjective: bright-colored	Tā píngshí hěn shǎo chuān yánsè xiānyàn de yīfu. 她平时很少穿颜色鲜艳的衣服。 She rarely wears brightly colored clothes.
1021	显得	xiǎnde	verb: to look / to appear / to seem	Miànshì de shíhòu, Mǎkè xiǎnde yǒudiǎnr jǐnzhāng. 面试的时候，马克显得有点儿紧张。 During the interview, Mark seemed a little nervous.
1022	显然	xiǎnrán	adjective: obvious / evident	Kàn tā zìxìn de yàngzi, xiǎnrán shì zuò hǎo le chōngzú de zhǔnbèi. 看他自信的样子，显然是做好了充足的准备。 Judging from his confident appearance, it is obvious that he is fully prepared.
1023	显示	xiǎnshì	verb: to show / to manifest / to display / to demonstrate	Diàochá xiǎnshì, quánqiú féipàng értóng de shùliàng zhèngzài bùduàn zēngjiā. 调查显示，全球肥胖儿童的数量正在不断增加。 Survey shows that the number of obese children in the world is increasing.
1024	县	xiàn	noun: county	Měi nián lái zhè ge xiǎo xiàn lǐ guānguāng de yóukè duōdá wǔshí wàn. 每年来这个小县里观光的游客多达五十万。 As many as half a million tourists visit this small county every year.

1025	现代	xiàndài	adjective: modern / contemporary	<p>Lǚ Xùn shì Zhōngguó xiàndài wénxué dàibiǎo zuòjiā zhīyī. 鲁迅是中国现代文学代表作家之一。</p> <p>Lu Xun is one of the representative writers of modern Chinese literature.</p>
1026	现实	xiànshí	noun: reality	<p>Wǒ zuì dānxīn de shìqíng kěnéng yào biàncéng xiànshí le. 我最担心的事情可能要变成现实了。</p> <p>My worst fears may become a reality.</p>
1027	现象	xiànjiàng	noun: phenomenon	<p>Wǎnhūnwǎnyù zài Zhōngguó shì gè hěn pǔbiàn de xiànjiàng. 晚婚晚育在中国是个很普遍的现象。</p> <p>Late marriage and late childbearing is a very common phenomenon in China.</p>
1028	限制	xiànzhì	noun: restriction / limit	<p>Zài nàge niándài, duìyú shēng duōshao gè háiizi shì méiyǒu xiànzhì de. 在那个年代，对于生多少个孩子是没有限制的。</p> <p>In those days, there was no limit to how many children you could have.</p>
1029	相处	xiāngchǔ	verb: to be in contact (with somebody) / to get along	<p>Zài gōngzuò zhōng, wǒ gēn tóngshì men xiāngchǔ de hěn yúkuài. 在工作中，我跟同事们相处得很愉快。</p> <p>At work, I get along well with my colleagues.</p>
1030	相当	xiāngdāng	adverb: quite / considerably	<p>Zhège gùshi de gòusī xiāngdāng qiǎomiào. 这个故事的构思相当巧妙。</p> <p>The plot of the story is quite clever.</p>

1031	相对	xiāngduì	adjective: relatively / comparatively	Duìyú Riběnrén láishuō, xuéxí Hànzì xiāngduì bǐjiào róngyì. 对于日本人来说, 学习汉字相对比较容易。 Learning Chinese characters is relatively easy for Japanese.
1032	相关	xiāngguān	verb: to be mutually related / to be relevant	Wǒ xiǎng cóngshì gēn zìjǐ suǒ xué de zhuānyè xiāngguān de gōngzuò. 我想从事跟自己所学的专业相关的工作。 I want to be working in a job that is related to my major.
1033	相似	xiāngsì	verb: to resemble / to be similar	Zhēn méixiǎngdào, wǒmen liǎ de guāndiǎn jūrán zhème xiāngsì. 真没想到, 我们俩的观点居然这么相似。 To my surprise, our opinions are very similar!
1034	香肠	xiāngcháng	noun: sausage	Zhèxiē xiāngcháng shì péngyou cóng tā de jiāxiāng jì lái de dāngdì tèchǎn. 这些香肠是朋友从她的家乡寄来的当地特产。 These sausages are local specialties sent by a friend from her hometown.
1035	享受	xiǎngshòu	verb: to enjoy	Wǒ fēicháng xiǎngshòu xià yǔ tiān zuò zài chuáng shàng yuèdú de gǎnjué. 我非常享受下雨天坐在床上阅读的感觉。 I really enjoy the feeling of reading in bed on a rainy day.
1036	想念	xiǎngniàn	verb: to long to see again / to miss	Wǒ fēicháng xiǎngniàn nàxiē duō nián wèi jiàn de lǎopéngyou. 我非常想念那些多年未见的老朋友。 I miss old friends whom I haven't seen in years.

1037	想象	xiǎngxiàng	verb: to imagine / to visualize	<p>Wǒ xiǎngxiàng bù chū èrshí nián hòu de zìjǐ jiāng huì shì shénme yàngzi.</p> <p>我想象不出二十年后的自己将会是什么样子。</p> <p>I can't imagine what I will be like twenty years from now.</p>
1038	项	xiàng	classifier: for project, sports, etc.	<p>Wǒ yǒu xìnxīn zài yuèdǐ qián wánchéng zhè xiàng rènwu.</p> <p>我有信心在月底前完成这项任务。</p> <p>I have confidence in completing this project before the end of the month.</p>
1039	项链	xiàngliàn	noun: necklace	<p>Tā de bózi shang dài zhe yī tiáo huángjīn xiàngliàn.</p> <p>她的脖子上戴着一条黄金项链。</p> <p>She wears a gold necklace around her neck.</p>
1040	项目	xiàngmù	noun: project	<p>Gōngsī zhèngzài wèi zhège jíjiāng qǐdòng de xiàngmù chóují zījīn.</p> <p>公司正在为这个即将启动的项目筹集资金。</p> <p>The company is raising funds for this upcoming project.</p>
1041	象棋	xiàngqí	noun: Chinese chess	<p>Wǒ yéye shì xià xiàngqí de gāoshǒu, hěn shǎo yǒurén néng yíng tā.</p> <p>我爷爷是下象棋的高手，很少有人能赢他。</p> <p>My grandfather is a master at chess, and few people can beat him.</p>
1042	象征	xiàngzhēng	noun: symbol / emblem	<p>Zài Zhōngguó chuántǒng wénhuà zhōng, hǔ yīzhí dōu shì yǒngqì yǔ lìliang de xiàngzhēng.</p> <p>在中国传统文化中，虎一直都是勇气与力量的象征。</p> <p>In traditional Chinese culture, the tiger has always been a symbol of courage and strength.</p>

1043	消费	xiāofèi	verb: to consume / to spend	<p>Xiāofèi mǎn sān bǎi yuán de gùkè kě huòdé yī zhāng jiàzhí wǔshí yuán de yōuhuìquàn.</p> <p>消费满三百元的顾客可获得一张价值五十元的优惠券。</p> <p>Customers who spend more than 300 yuan can get a 50 yuan coupon.</p>
1044	消化	xiāohuà	verb: to digest	<p>Zhèzhǒng shíwù róngyì xiāohuà, shìhé yīng'ér shíyòng.</p> <p>这种食物容易消化，适合婴儿食用。</p> <p>This kind of food is easy to digest and suitable for babies.</p>
1045	消极	xiāojí	adjective: negative / passive / inactive	<p>Jīngguò duō cì shībài hòu, tā de xiǎngfǎ kāishǐ biànde xiāojí.</p> <p>经过多次失败后，他的想法开始变得消极。</p> <p>After going through multiple failures, his thinking began to turn negative.</p>
1046	消失	xiāoshī	verb: to disappear / to fade away	<p>Yǔ tíng le, tiānshàng de wūyún yě jiànjiàn xiāoshī le.</p> <p>雨停了，天上的乌云也渐渐消失了。</p> <p>The rain stopped and the dark clouds in the sky gradually disappeared.</p>
1047	销售	xiāoshòu	noun: sales	<p>Jīngměi de bāozhuāng yǒuzhùyú chǎnpǐn de xiāoshòu, yīncǐ wǒmen zài shèjì shàng xià le hěn dà de gōngfu.</p> <p>精美的包装有助于产品的销售，因此我们在设计上下了很大的功夫。</p> <p>Beautiful packaging can help to sell the product, so we put a lot of effort into the design.</p>
1048	小麦	xiǎomài	noun: wheat	<p>Xiǎomài shì yīzhǒng bèi shìjiègèdì guǎngfàn zhòngzhí de nóngzuòwù.</p> <p>小麦是一种被世界各地广泛种植的农作物。</p> <p>Wheat is a widely grown crop all over the world.</p>

1049	小气	xiǎoqì	adjective: stingy / petty / narrow-minded	<p>Wǒ bà shì gè xiǎoqì de rén, cónglái méi gěi wǒ mǎi guo shēngrì dāngāo.</p> <p>我爸是个小气的人，从来没给我买过生日蛋糕。</p> <p>My dad is a stingy person, and he never bought me a birthday cake.</p>
1050	孝顺	xiàoshùn	verb: to show filial obedience towards (parents or grandparents)	<p>Tā duì fùmǔ guòyú xiàoshùn, jīhū shénmeshì dōu tīng tāmen de.</p> <p>她对父母过于孝顺，几乎什么事都听他们的。</p> <p>She is so obedient to her parents that she listens to them in almost everything.</p>
1051	效率	xiàolǜ	noun: efficiency	<p>Yǒule xīn shèbèi hòu, gōngchǎng de shēngchǎn xiàolǜ dàdà tígāo le.</p> <p>有了新设备后，工厂的生产效率大大提高了。</p> <p>With the new equipment, the production efficiency of the factory has been greatly improved.</p>
1052	歇	xiē	verb: to take a break / to rest	<p>Wǒ de tuǐ zài fādǒu le, néng xiē yīhuìr zài jìxù pá ma?</p> <p>我的腿在发抖了，能歇一会儿再继续爬吗？</p> <p>My legs are shaking, can I take a break before continuing to climb?</p>
1053	斜	xié	adjective: slanting / oblique / tilting	<p>Qíang shàng de zhàopiàn shì xié de.</p> <p>墙上的照片是斜的。</p> <p>The pictures on the wall are slanted.</p>
1054	写作	xiězuò	noun: to write	<p>Tā xiězuò shí bù xǐhuan yǒurén dǎrǎo.</p> <p>他写作时不喜欢有人打扰。</p> <p>He doesn't like being bothered when he is writing.</p>

1055	血	xiě / xuè	noun: blood	<p>Tā bèi yī gè nánrén dǎ de mǎnliǎn dōu shì xiě.  他被一个男人打得满脸都是血。  He was beaten by a man and his face was covered with blood.</p>
1056	心理	xīnlǐ	noun: psychology / mentality	<p>Wǒmen bùnéng hūshì háizi de xīnlǐ jiànkāng.  我们不能忽视孩子的心理健康。  We can't ignore children's mental health.</p>
1057	心脏	xīnzàng	noun: heart	<p>Zài bèi sòng wǎng yīyuàn de túzhōng, bìngrén de xīnzàng jiù yǐjīng tíngzhǐ le tiàodòng.  在被送往医院的途中，病人的心脏就已经停止了跳动。  On the way to the hospital, the patient's heart stopped beating.</p>
1058	欣赏	xīnshǎng	verb: to appreciate / to admire / to enjoy	<p>Wǒ zài huǒchē shàng yībiān tīng zhe yīnyuè, yībiān xīnshǎng zhe yántú de fēngjǐng.  我在火车上一边听着音乐，一边欣赏着沿途的风景。  I listened to music on the train while enjoying the scenery along the way.</p>
1059	信号	xìnhào	noun: signal	<p>Yúchuán zài chén rù hǎi zhōng zhīqián céng fāchū guo qiújiù xìn hào.  渔船在沉入海中之前曾发出过求救信号。  The fishing boat sent out a distress signal before it sank in the ocean.</p>
1060	信任	xìnren	verb: to trust / to have confidence in	<p>Nǐ shì wǒ wéiyī kěyǐ wánquán xìnren de rén.  你是我唯一可以完全信任的人。  You are the only person I can fully trust.</p>

1061	行动	xíngdòng	verb: to move about / to act / to take action	Tā zǒngshì bù jīngguò sīkǎo jiù xíngdòng. 他总是不经过思考就行动。 He always acts without thinking.
1062	行人	xíng rén	noun: pedestrian	Kuài dào wǎnfàn shíjiān le, suǒyǐ lùshang xíng rén yuè lái yuè duō. 快到晚饭时间了，所以路上行人越来越多。 It's getting close to dinner time, so there are more and more pedestrians on the road.
1063	行为	xíngwéi	noun: action / behavior / conduct	Zhè shì hěn bù lǐmào de xíngwéi, xīwàng nǐ xiàcì bié zài zuò le. 这是很不礼貌的行为，希望你下次别再做了。 This is a very rude behavior and I hope you don't do it again next time.
1064	形成	xíngchéng	verb: to form / to take shape	Bīngchuān shì rúhé xíngchéng de? 冰川是如何形成的？ How do glaciers form?
1065	形容	xíng róng	verb: to describe	Wǒ cǐkè de xīnqíng jiǎnzhí wúfǎ yòng yǔyán lái xíng róng. 我此刻的心情简直无法用语言来形容。 Words cannot describe how I feel at this moment.
1066	形式	xíngshì	noun: form / shape / formality	Zhègè gùshi shì tōngguò gēwǔ de xíngshì lái biǎoxiàn de. 这个故事是通过歌舞的形式来表现的。 This story is expressed in the form of song and dance.



1067	形势	xíngshì	noun: circumstances / situation	<p>Quánqiú de jīngjì xíngshì zhèngzài zhúbù hǎozhuǎn. 全球的经济形势正在逐步好转。</p> <p>The global economic situation is gradually improving.</p>
1068	形象	xíngxiàng	noun: image	<p>Diànyǐng lǐ xiǎochǒu de xíngxiàng gěi guānzhòng liúxià le shēnkè de yìnxìàng. 电影里小丑的形象给观众留下了深刻的印象。</p> <p>The image of the clown in the movie left a deep impression on the audience.</p>
1069	形状	xíngzhuàng	noun: shape / form / appearance	<p>Tā bǎ bǐnggān zuò chéng le gèzhǒng dòngwù de xíngzhuàng. 她把饼干做成了各种动物的形状。</p> <p>She made the crackers into the shapes of various animals.</p>
1070	幸亏	xìngkuī	adverb: fortunately / luckily	<p>Xìngkuī nǐ tíxǐng le wǒ dài sǎn, bùrán wǒ de yīfu jiù yào shī le. 幸亏你提醒了我带伞，不然我的衣服就要湿了。</p> <p>Luckily, you reminded me to bring an umbrella, otherwise my clothes would have gotten soaked.</p>
1071	幸运	xìngyùn	adjective: lucky	<p>Nǐ zhēn xìngyùn, dìyīcì mǎi cǎipiào jiù zhòng le wǔ qiān yuán! 你真幸运，第一次买彩票就中了五千元！</p> <p>You are so lucky that you won 5,000 yuan with your first lottery ticket!</p>
1072	性质	xìngzhì	noun: nature / character	<p>Tā de gōngzuò xìngzhì tèshū, xūyào jīngcháng chūchāi. 他的工作性质特殊，需要经常出差。</p> <p>His work is of a special nature and requires frequent business trips.</p>

1073	兄弟	xiōngdì	noun: brothers	<p>Dàwèi yǔ Mǎkè shì yī duì tóngfùyímǔ de xiōngdì. 大卫与马克是一对同父异母的兄弟。</p> <p>David and Mark are brothers with the same father, but different mothers.</p>
1074	胸	xiōng	noun: breast / chest	<p>Tā de yòu xiōng shàng yǒu yī dào hěn míngxiǎn de shāngbā. 他的右胸上有一道很明显的伤疤。</p> <p>There is a very noticeable scar on the right side of his chest.</p>
1075	休闲	xiūxián	verb: to enjoy one's free time / to go on holidays / to enjoy leisure	<p>Nǎpà shì xiūxián de shíjiān tā yě zǒng xiǎng zhe gōngzuò de shìr. 哪怕是休闲的时间他也总想着工作的事儿。</p> <p>Even in his leisure time, he always thinks about work.</p>
1076	修改	xiūgǎi	verb: to revise / to modify	<p>Wǒ xūyào zài xiàbān qián bǎ zhèxiē wénjiàn xiūgǎi hǎo. 我需要在下班前把这些文件修改好。</p> <p>I need to finish revising these files before I get off.</p>
1077	虚心	xūxīn	adjective: humble / open-minded	<p>Tā shì gè xūxīn jiēshòu biérén yìjiàn de rén. 他是个虚心接受别人意见的人。</p> <p>He is a humble person who accepts other people's opinions.</p>
1078	叙述	xùshù	verb: to narrate / to recount	<p>Tā xiàng jǐngfāng xiángxì xùshù le zhěng jiàn shìqíng de jīngguò. 他向警方详细叙述了整件事情的经过。</p> <p>He recounted the entire incident in detail to the police.</p>

1079	宣布	xuānbù	verb: to declare / to announce	Fǎyuàn jiāng yú běn Zhōu'èr shàngwǔ xuānbù pànjué de jiéguǒ. 法院将于本周二上午宣布判决的结果。 The court will announce the verdict on Tuesday morning.
1080	宣传	xuānchuán	verb: to conduct propaganda / to give publicity to	Gōngsī jǔbàn zhè chǎng huódòng shì wèile xuānchuán xīnchǎnpǐn. 公司举办这场活动是为了宣传新产品。 The company held the event for the purpose of promoting the new products.
1081	学历	xuélì	noun: record of formal schooling / educational background	Zhège zhíwèi yāoqiú yìngpìnzhě bìxū jùbèi běnkē yǐshàng de xuélì. 这个职位要求应聘者必须具备本科以上学历。 This position requires applicants to have a bachelor's degree or above.
1082	学术	xuéshù	noun: academic / science	Běijīng dàxué lǐ měizhōu dōu yǒu miǎnfèi de xuéshù jiǎngzuò. 北京大学里每周都有免费的学术讲座。 There are free academic lectures every week at Peking University.
1083	学问	xuéwèn	noun: knowledge	Tā rè'ài yuèdú, shì gè hěn yǒu xuéwèn de rén. 他热爱阅读，是个很有学问的人。 He loves to read and is a person with a lot of knowledge.
1084	寻找	xúnzhǎo	verb: to seek / to look for	Tāmen zhèngzài sēnlín lǐ xúnzhǎo shīzōng de yóukè. 他们正在森林里寻找失踪的游客。 They are looking for the missing tourist in the forest.

1085	询问	xúnwèn	verb: to inquire / to ask about	Yīshēng xiàng jiāshǔ xúnwèn le bìng rén de shēntǐ qíngkuàng. 医生向家属询问了病人的身体情况。 The doctor asked the family about the patient's health condition.
1086	训练	xùnliàn	verb: to train / to drill	Tā zhèngzài wèi jíjiāng kāishǐ de mǎlāsōng bǐsài xùnliàn. 他正在为即将开始的马拉松比赛训练。 He is training for the upcoming marathon.
1087	迅速	xùnsù	adjective: rapid / prompt	Zài dàjiā de bāngzhù xià, shāngzhě bèi xùnsù sòng wǎng le yīyuàn. 在大家的帮助下，伤者被迅速送向了医院。 With everyone's help, the injured was rushed to the hospital immediately.
1088	押金	yājīn	noun: down payment / deposit	Fángdōng ràng wǒ jiāo liǎng gè yuè de fángzū zuòwéi yājīn. 房东让我交两个月的房租作为押金。 The landlord asked me to pay two months' rent as a security deposit.
1089	牙齿	yáchǐ	noun: tooth	Tā yī quán dǎdiào le duìshǒu de liǎng kē yáchǐ. 他一拳打掉了对手的两颗牙齿。 He knocked out two of his opponent's teeth with one punch.
1090	延长	yáncháng	verb: to extend / to prolong / to delay	Xīn zhèngcè guīdìng chǎnjià jiāng cóng yuánlái de shí sì zhōu yáncháng zhì èr shí liù zhōu. 新政策规定产假将从原来的 14 周延长至 26 周。 The new policy will extend maternity leave from 14 to 26 weeks.

1091	严肃	yánsù	adjective: serious / solemn	<p>Jiē wán diànhuà hòu, tā de biǎoqíng tūrán biànde yánsù qilai.</p> <p>接完电话后，他的表情突然变得严肃起来。</p> <p>After answering the phone, his expression suddenly became serious.</p>
1092	演讲	yǎnjiǎng	verb: to make a speech	<p>Xiè jiàoshòu bèi yāoqǐng qù Běijīng dàxué yǎnjiǎng.</p> <p>谢教授被邀请去北京大学演讲。</p> <p>Professor Xie was invited to speak at Peking University.</p>
1093	宴会	yànhuì	noun: banquet / feast / dinner party	<p>Tā wèi qīzi jǔxíng le yī chǎng shèngdà de shēngrì yànhuì.</p> <p>他为妻子举行了一场盛大的生日宴会。</p> <p>He threw a huge birthday party for his wife.</p>
1094	阳台	yángtái	noun: balcony	<p>Wǒ yùdìng le yī jiān dài yángtái de hǎijǐng fáng.</p> <p>我预订了一间带阳台的海景房。</p> <p>I booked a room with sea view and a balcony.</p>
1095	痒	yǎng	adjective: itch / tickle	<p>Tā zhǐyào yī chī là de, pífu jiù huì yǎng.</p> <p>她只要一吃辣的，皮肤就会痒。</p> <p>As soon as she eats spicy food, her skin itches.</p>
1096	样式	yàngshì	noun: pattern / style	<p>Zhè dǐng màozi de yàngshì yǒudiǎn lǎoqi, yǒuméiyǒu shímáo yīdiǎn de?</p> <p>这顶帽子的样式有点老气，有没有时髦一点的？</p> <p>The style of this hat is a bit old-fashioned, is there anything more fashionable?</p>

1097	腰	yāo	noun: waist / lower back	<p>Zuò le yī shàngwǔ jiāwù hòu, wǒ de yāo yòu suān yòu tòng.</p> <p>做了一上午家务后，我的腰又酸又痛。</p> <p>After a morning of housework, my lower back was sore and painful.</p>
1098	摇	yáo	verb: to shake / to sway	<p>Tā yáo le yáotóu, biǎoshì fǎnduì.</p> <p>他摇了摇头，表示反对。</p> <p>He shook his head in disapproval.</p>
1099	咬	yǎo	verb: to bite	<p>Zhè zhī gǒu huì yǎo rén, nǐ zuìhǎo lí tā yuǎn diǎnr.</p> <p>这只狗会咬人，你最好离它远点儿。</p> <p>This dog bites. You'd better stay away from him.</p>
1100	要不	yàob	conjunction: otherwise / or else / or	<p>Máfan kāi kuài yīdiǎnr, yàobù wǒmen jiù gǎnbùshàng huǒchē le.</p> <p>麻烦开快一点儿，要不我们就赶不上火车了。</p> <p>Please drive faster, or we'll miss the train.</p>
1101	业务	yèwù	noun: service / business	<p>Wǒmen gōngsī de héxīn yèwù shì dìchǎn kāifā.</p> <p>我们公司的核心业务是地产开发。</p> <p>The core business of our company is real estate development.</p>
1102	业余	yèyú	adjective: spare time / outside working hours / amateur	<p>Tā lìyòng yèyú shíjiān xuéxí rúhé xiūchē.</p> <p>他利用业余时间学习如何修车。</p> <p>He uses his spare time to learn how to repair cars.</p>

1103	夜	yè	noun: night / nighttime	<p>Wèile jǐnkuài wánchéng zhège xiàngmù, tā zuìjìn chángcháng gōngzuò dào bàn yè.</p> <p>为了尽快完成这个项目，她最近常常工作到半夜。</p> <p>Recently, in order to finish the project as soon as possible, she often works until midnight.</p>
1104	一辈子	yībèizi	noun: (for) a lifetime / all one's life	<p>Rúguǒ bù qù shì shì, wǒ xiǎng wǒ huì hòuhuǐ yībèizi de.</p> <p>如果不去试试，我想我会后悔一辈子的。</p> <p>If I don't try it, I think I'll regret it for the rest of my life.</p>
1105	一旦	yīdàn	adverb: if / once (something happens, then...)	<p>Huài xíguàn yīdàn yǎngchéng jiù hěn nán gǎidiào.</p> <p>坏习惯一旦养成就很难改掉。</p> <p>Once formed, bad habits are difficult to break.</p>
1106	一律	yīlǜ	adverb: all / without exception	<p>Jiérì qījiān, chāoshì lǐ suǒyǒu shāngpǐn yīlǜ bànjià.</p> <p>节日期间，超市里所有商品一律半价。</p> <p>During the holiday, everything in the supermarket will be half price.</p>
1107	一再	yīzài	adverb: repeatedly / again and again	<p>Wǒ yīzài tíxǐng tā jìde dài yàoshi, kě tā hái shì wàng le.</p> <p>我一再提醒他记得带钥匙，可他还是忘了。</p> <p>I repeatedly reminded him to remember to bring the key, but he still forgot.</p>
1108	一致	yīzhì	adjective: unanimous	<p>Tā de fāng'àn dédào le dàjiā yīzhì de rènkě.</p> <p>她的方案得到了大家一致的认可。</p> <p>Her plan was unanimously approved by everyone.</p>

1109	依然	yīrán	adverb: still / as before	Tǎolùn le yī shàngwǔ, zhège wèntí yīrán méiyǒu dédào jiějué. 讨论了一上午，这个问题依然没有得到解决。 After a morning of discussions, the issue was still not resolved.
1110	移动	yídòng	verb: to move / to shift	Méiyǒu jīngguò tā de yǔnxǔ, wǒ bù gǎn suíyì yídòng tā fángjiān lǐ de zhuōzi. 没有经过他的允许，我不敢随意移动他房间里的桌子。 I dare not move the table in his room without his permission.
1111	移民	yímín	verb: to migrate / to emigrate	Tā wǔ suì shí suí fùmǔ yímín qù le Àodàliyà. 她五岁时随父母移民去了澳大利亚。 She immigrated to Australia with her parents when she was five years old.
1112	遗憾	yíhàn	adjective: regretful / sorry	Hěn yíhàn, wǒ wúfǎ cānjiā jīnwǎn de jùhuì. 很遗憾，我无法参加今晚的聚会。 I am very sorry that I can't come to the party tonight.
1113	疑问	yíwèn	noun: question / doubt	Rúguǒ nín duì wǒmen de chǎnpǐn yǒu rènhé yíwèn, qǐng suíshí liánxì wǒmen. 如果您对我们的产品有任何疑问，请随时联系我们。 If you have any questions about our products, please feel free to contact us.
1114	乙	yǐ	noun: second in order	Yǐfāng qiānzì hòu, zhè fèn hétóng cái néng zhèngshì shēngxiào. 乙方签字后，这份合同才能正式生效。 After the second party signs, this contract will become official.



1115	以及	yǐjí	conjunction: as well as / along with / and	Wǒmen zài Běijīng, Shànghǎi yǐjí Guǎngdōng dōu yǒu fēngōngsī. 我们在北京、上海以及广东都有分公司。 We have branches in Beijing, Shanghai and Guangdong.
1116	以来	yǐlái	noun: (of time) since	Yìqíng fāshēng yǐlái, zhè jiā jiǔdiàn jiù yīzhí kuīsǔn. 疫情发生以来，这家酒店就一直亏损。 Since the outbreak, the hotel has been losing money.
1117	亿	yì	number: hundred million	Quánqiú rénkǒu shùliàng jíjiāng tūpò bā shíyì. 全球人口数量即将突破八十亿。 The global population is about to exceed eight billion.
1118	义务	yìwù	noun: duty / obligation	Zài Zhōngguó, zǐnǚ duì fùmǔ yǒu shànyǎng de yìwù. 在中国，子女对父母有赡养的义务。 In China, children have the obligation to support their parents.
1119	议论	yìlùn	verb: to talk / to discuss / to comment	Yǒngyuǎn bùyào zài bèihòu yìlùn biéren. 永远不要在背后议论别人。 Never talk about others behind their backs.
1120	意外	yìwài	adjective: unexpected / surprised	Dàjiā duì lǎobǎn de juéding gǎndào fēicháng yìwài. 大家对老板的决定感到非常意外。 Everyone was very surprised by the boss's decision.

1121	意义	yìyì	noun: meaning	Nǐ yīnggāi bǎ zhèxiē qián huā zài gèng yǒuyìyì de shìqíng shàng. 你应该把这些钱花在更有意义的事情上。 You should spend the money on more meaningful things.
1122	因而	yīn'ér	conjunction: as a result / therefore / thus	Wǒmen zàiyìqǐ gōngzuò hěn duō nián le, yīn'ér wǒ fēicháng liǎojiě tā de xìnggé. 我们在一起工作很多年了，因而我非常了解他的性格。 We have worked together for many years, so I know his character well.
1123	因素	yīnsù	noun: factor / element	Chénggōng zuì zhòngyào de yīnsù zàiyú bùduàn de chángshì. 成功最重要的因素在于不断的尝试。 The most important factor for success is to constantly try.
1124	银	yín	noun: silver	Wǒ hěn xǐhuan zhè duì yín ěrhuán de shèjì. 我很喜欢这对银耳环的设计。 I love the design of this pair of silver earrings.
1125	印刷	yìnshuā	verb: to print	Wǒmen xūyào xiǎng bànfa jiàngdī yìnshuā chéngběn. 我们需要想办法降低印刷成本。 We need to find ways to reduce printing costs.
1126	英俊	yīngjùn	adjective: handsome	Dìyīcì jiànmiàn shí, tā jiù àishàng le zhège yīngjùn de xiǎohuǒzi. 第一次见面时，她就爱上了这个英俊的小伙子。 She fell in love with this handsome young man at their first meeting.

1127	英雄	yīngxióng	noun: hero	<p>Zhège xiǎo nánhái xīwàng zhǎngdà hòu néng chéngwéi xiàng chāorén yīyàng de yīngxióng.</p> <p>这个小男孩希望长大后能成为像超人一样的英雄。</p> <p>The little boy hopes to grow up to be a hero like Superman.</p>
1128	迎接	yíngjiē	verb: to meet / to welcome / to greet	<p>Lǎobǎn zhǔnbèi qīnzì qù jīchǎng yíngjiē yī wèi zhòngyào de kèhù.</p> <p>老板准备亲自去机场迎接一位重要的客户。</p> <p>The boss plans to go to the airport in person to meet an important client.</p>
1129	营养	yíngyǎng	noun: nutrition	<p>Fānqié shì yīzhǒng yíngyǎng jiàzhí hěn gāo de shūcài.</p> <p>番茄是一种营养价值很高的蔬菜。</p> <p>Tomato is a vegetable with high nutritional value.</p>
1130	营业	yíngyè	verb: to do business	<p>Shāngchǎng de yíngyèshíjiān shì zǎoshang qī diǎn dào wǎnshang shí diǎn.</p> <p>商场的营业时间是早上七点到晚上十点。</p> <p>The business hours for the mall is from 7am to 10pm.</p>
1131	影子	yǐngzi	noun: shadow / the trace of a person's presence / sign / vague impression	<p>Wǒ cái yī zhuǎnshēn, tā jiù pǎo de lián yǐngzi yě bù jiàn le.</p> <p>我才一转身，他就跑得连影子也不见了。</p> <p>As soon as I turned around, he ran away so fast that I didn't even see his shadow.</p>
1132	应付	yìngfu	verb: to cope with / to deal with / to handle	<p>Nǐ yào xiǎoxīn yīdiǎnr, tā shì gè hěn nán yìngfu de kèhù.</p> <p>你要小心一点儿，他是个很难应付的客户。</p> <p>You need to be careful, he's a tough client to deal with.</p>

1133	应用	yìngyòng	verb: to apply / to put to use	<p>Zhè xiàng xīnjìshù yǐjīng bèi guǎngfàn de yìngyòng yú gègè lǐngyù zhōng.</p> <p>这项新技术已经被广泛地应用于各个领域。</p> <p>This new technology has been widely used in various fields.</p>
1134	硬	yìng	adjective: hard / tough	<p>Zhè kuài niúpái tài yìng le, wǒ yǎo bùdòng.</p> <p>这块牛排太硬了，我咬不动。</p> <p>This steak was too tough for me to bite into.</p>
1135	硬件	yìngjiàn	noun: hardware	<p>Zhè tái diànnǎo lǐ de yìngjiàn yǐjīng quánbù lǎohuà le.</p> <p>这台电脑里的硬件已经全部老化了。</p> <p>The hardware in this computer is all outdated.</p>
1136	拥抱	yōngbào	verb: to hug / to embrace	<p>Bǐsài huòshèng hòu, duìyǒu men jīdòng de yǔ jiàoliàn yōngbào zài yìqǐ.</p> <p>比赛获胜后，队员们激动地与教练拥抱在一起。</p> <p>After the game was won, the players excitedly hugged the coach.</p>
1137	拥挤	yōngjǐ	adjective: crowded / packed	<p>Xiànzài shì xiàbān gāofēngqī, suǒyǐ dìtiě lǐ tèbié yōngjǐ.</p> <p>现在是下班高峰期，所以地铁里特别拥挤。</p> <p>It's rush hour now, so the subway is especially crowded.</p>
1138	勇气	yǒngqì	noun: courage	<p>Zài péngyou de gǔlì xià, tā zhōngyú gǔqǐ le yǒngqì xiàng Mǎlì qiúhūn.</p> <p>在朋友的鼓励下，他终于鼓起了勇气向玛丽求婚。</p> <p>With the encouragement from friends, he finally plucked up the courage to propose to Mary.</p>

1139	用功	yònggōng	verb: to study hard	<p>Wǒ de érzi xuéxí hěn yònggōng, dàn kěxī chéngjì háishi hěn yībān.  我的儿子学习很用功，但可惜成绩还是很一般。  My son studies very hard, but unfortunately his grades are still average.</p>
1140	用途	yòngtú	noun: use / application	<p>Nǐ kěyǐ jièshào yīxià zhè kuǎn chǎnpǐn de zhǔyào yòngtú ma?  你可以介绍一下这款产品的主要用途吗？  Can you explain the main use of this product?</p>
1141	优惠	yōuhuì	noun: privilege / discount (price)	<p>Rúguǒ nín bàn le huìyuán kǎ, nà nín jiù kěyǐ xiǎngshòu gèng duō de yōuhuì le.  如果您办了会员卡，那您就可以享受更多的优惠了。  If you have a membership card, you will be able to enjoy more discounts.</p>
1142	优美	yōuměi	adjective: graceful	<p>Táishàng bālěiwǔ yǎnyuán de wǔdǎo dòngzuò shífēn yōuměi.  台上芭蕾舞演员的舞蹈动作十分优美。  The dance moves of the ballet dancers on the stage were very graceful.</p>
1143	优势	yōushì	noun: advantage / superiority	<p>Zhè jiā gōngsī zuì dà de yōushì shì yōngyǒu mùqián zuì xiānjìn de shēngchǎn shèbèi.  这家公司最大的优势是拥有目前最先进的生产设备。  The biggest advantage of this company is that it has the most advanced production equipment.</p>
1144	悠久	yōujiǔ	adjective: long-standing / long (tradition, history, etc.)	<p>Zhōngguó shì yī gè lìshǐyōujiǔ de wénmíng gǔguó.  中国是一个历史悠久的文明古国。  China is an ancient civilization with a long history.</p>

1145	犹豫	yóuyù	adjective: hesitate	<p>Yī xiǎngdào yào huā zhème duō qián, wǒ jiù yǒudiǎnr yóuyù. 一想到要花这么多钱，我就有点儿犹豫。</p> <p>At the thought of spending so much money, I was a little hesitant.</p>
1146	油炸	yóuzhá	verb: to deep-fry	<p>Wǒ píngshí hěn shǎo gěi háizi mǎi yóuzhá de shípǐn. 我平时很少给孩子买油炸的食品。</p> <p>I rarely buy fried food for our children.</p>
1147	游览	yóulǎn	verb: to go sightseeing / to tour	<p>Dǎoyóu dài zhe wǒmen yóulǎn le hěn duō míngshènggǔjì. 导游带着我们游览了很多名胜古迹。</p> <p>The tour guide took us to visit many places of interest.</p>
1148	有利	yǒulì	adjective: advantageous / beneficial	<p>Zhèwèi nǚshì tígōng de zhèngcí duì bèigàorén xiāngdāng yǒulì. 这位女士提供的证词对被告人相当有利。</p> <p>The testimony given by the woman was quite favorable to the accused.</p>
1149	幼儿园	yòu'éryuán	noun: kindergarten / nursery school	<p>Jīntiān wǒ de mǔqīn huì bāng wǒ qù yòu'éryuán jiē háizi. 今天我的母亲会帮我去幼儿园接孩子。</p> <p>Today my mother will help me pick up my child from kindergarten.</p>
1150	娱乐	yúlè	verb: to give pleasure to / to amuse / to entertain	<p>Tā jiǎng le yī gè xiàohuà lái yúlè guānzhòng. 他讲了一个笑话来娱乐观众。</p> <p>He told a joke to entertain the audience.</p>

1151	与其	yǔqí	conjunction: (correlatively with 不如) rather than / better than	Yǔqí bàoyuàn biéren, bùrú gǎibiàn zìjǐ. 与其抱怨别人，不如改变自己。 Rather than complaining about others, it's better to change yourself.
1152	语气	yǔqì	noun: tone / manner of speaking	Cóng tā shuōhuà de yǔqì jiù néng gǎnjué dào zhège wèntí bù hǎo jiějué. 从他说话的语气就能感觉到这个问题不好解决。 From the tone of his speech, you could sense that this problem is not easy to solve.
1153	玉米	yùmǐ	noun: corn	Měiguó shì shìjiè shàng shēngchǎn yùmǐ zuìduō de guójiā. 美国是世界上生产玉米最多的国家。 The United States is the world's largest producer of corn.
1154	预报	yùbào	verb: to forecast	Tiānqìyùbào shuō wèilái yī zhōu dōu shì hǎo tiānqì. 天气预报说未来一周都是好天气。 The forecast says that for the week ahead, it will be good weather.
1155	预订	yùdìng	verb: to book ahead	Wǒ yǐjīng ràng mìshū bāng wǒ yùdìng le yī zhāng fēi wǎng Niǔyuē de jīpiào. 我已经让秘书帮我预订了一张飞往纽约的机票。 I've already asked my secretary to book a flight to New York for me.
1156	预防	yùfáng	verb: to prevent / to take precautions against	Dài kǒuzhào kěyǐ yǒuxiào yùfáng bìngdú de rùqīn. 戴口罩可以有效预防病毒的入侵。 Wearing a mask can effectively prevent the contact with viruses.

1157	元旦	yuándàn	noun: New Year's Day	<p>Yuándàn nàitiān, tā xiàng wǒ qiúhūn le. 元旦那天，他向我求婚了。 He proposed to me on New Year's Day.</p>
1158	员工	yuángōng	noun: staff / personnel	<p>Jīngguò sān gè yuè de shìyòngqī, tā zhōngyú chéngwéi le nà jiā gōngsī de zhèngshì yuángōng. 经过三个月的试用期，她终于成为了那家公司的正式员工。 After a three-month trial period, she finally became a full-time employee of that company.</p>
1159	原料	yuánliào	noun: raw material	<p>Yóuyú yuánliào duǎnquē, zhè kuǎn chǎnpǐn yǐjīng zànshí tíngchǎn le. 由于原料短缺，这款产品已经暂时停产了。 Due to a shortage of raw materials, this product has been temporarily discontinued.</p>
1160	原则	yuánzé	noun: principle / doctrine	<p>Wúlùn zài shénme qíngkuàng xià, tā dōu huì jiānchí zìjǐ de yuánzé. 无论在什么情况下，他都会坚持自己的原则。 No matter the circumstances, he sticks to his principles.</p>
1161	圆	yuán	adjective: circular / round	<p>Ānnà de yǎnjīng gēn tā māma de hěn xiàng, yòu dà yòu yuán. 安娜的眼睛跟她妈妈的很像，又大又圆。 Anna's eyes are very similar to her mother's. They're big and round.</p>
1162	愿望	yuànwàng	noun: desire / wish	<p>Nǐ xiǎoshíhou de yuànwàng dōu shíxiàn le ma? 你小时候的愿望都实现了吗？ Have your childhood wishes come true?</p>



1163	乐器	yuèqì	noun: musical instrument	<p>Tā néng shúliàn de yǎnzòu gāngqín, xiǎotíqín děng duōzhǒng yuèqì. 他能熟练地演奏钢琴、小提琴等多种乐器。</p> <p>He is proficient in playing piano, violin and other musical instruments.</p>
1164	晕	yūn	verb: to faint / to pass out	<p>Tā yī kàndào zìjǐ de xiě jiù yūn le guòqu. 她一看到自己的血就晕了过去。</p> <p>She fainted as soon as she saw her own blood.</p>
1165	运气	yùnqì	noun: fortune / luck	<p>Chénggōng bùjǐn xūyào nǔlì, hái xūyào yīdiǎnr yùnqì. 成功不仅需要努力，还需要一点儿运气。</p> <p>Success requires not only hard work, but also a little luck.</p>
1166	运输	yùنشū	noun: transportation	<p>Wèile jiàngdī yùنشū chéngběn, wǒmen shǐyòng le zhòngliàng zuì qīng de bāozhuāng. 为了降低运输成本，我们使用了重量最轻的包装。</p> <p>In order to save the cost of shipping, we use the lightest weight packaging.</p>
1167	运用	yùnyòng	verb: to use / to apply	<p>Dǒngde yùnyòng zìjǐ chángchù de rén, gèng néng kèfú rénshēng kùnjìng! 懂得运用自己长处的人，更能克服人生困境！</p> <p>People who know how to use their strong points are more able to overcome the difficulties in life!</p>

1168	灾害	zāihài	noun: disaster / calamity	<p>Suízhe quánqíubiànnuǎn de qūshì bùduàn shàngshēng, zìránzāihài de fāshēng yě huì yuèláiyuè pínfán.</p> <p>随着全球变暖的趋势不断上升，自然灾害的发生也会越来越频繁。</p> <p>With the rising trend of global warming, the occurrence of natural disasters will become more and more frequent.</p>
1169	再三	zàisān	adverb: repeatedly / over and over again	<p>Jīngguò zàisān kǎolǔ, wǒ juédìng jùjué tā de yāoqǐng.</p> <p>经过再三考虑，我决定拒绝他的邀请。</p> <p>After considering it over and over again, I decided to decline his invitation.</p>
1170	在乎	zàihu	verb: to care about	<p>Tā shuōhuà de shíhòu, cónglái dōu bùzàihu biéren de gǎnshòu.</p> <p>他说话的时候，从来都不在乎别人的感受。</p> <p>When he speaks, he never cares about other people's feelings.</p>
1171	在于	zàiyú	verb: to lie in	<p>Rén hé dòngwù de zhòngyào qūbié jiù zàiyú rén nénggòu zhìzào hé shǐyòng gōngjù.</p> <p>人和动物的重要区别就在于人能够制造和使用工具。</p> <p>The important difference between humans and animals is that humans can make and use tools.</p>
1172	赞成	zànchéng	verb: to approve of / to agree with	<p>Chúle Xú jīnglǐ, huìyì shàng suǒyǒu de rén dōu zànchéng zhè xiàng tíyì.</p> <p>除了徐经理，会议上所有的人都赞成这项提议。</p> <p>Except for Manager Xu, everyone at the meeting agreed with the proposal.</p>

1173	赞美	zànměi	verb: to praise / to admire	Rénrén dōu zànměi tā zhèzhǒng jiànyìyǒngwéi de jīngshén. 人人都赞美他这种见义勇为的精神。 Everyone praised him for his spirit of standing up for what's right.
1174	糟糕	zāogāo	adjective: how terrible / too bad	Bié dānxīn, qíngkuàng méiyǒu nǐ xiǎng de nàme zāogāo. 别担心，情况没有你想的那么糟糕。 Don't worry, things are not as bad as you think.
1175	造成	zàochéng	verb: to cause / to bring about	Sījī jiǔhòujiàchē zàochéng le zhè qǐ jiāotōng shìgù. 司机酒后驾车造成了这起交通事故。 The driver caused the accident while driving under the influence of alcohol.
1176	则	zé	classifier: (for news, writing, etc.) piece / item	Rénshì jīnglǐ zài guānwǎng shàng fābù le yī zé zhāopìn guǎnggào. 人事经理在官网上发布了一则招聘广告。 The personnel manager posted a job advertisement on the official website.
1177	责备	zébei	verb: to blame / to criticize	Jìrán háizi yǐjīng zhīdào cuò le, nǐ jiù bié zài zébei tā le. 既然孩子已经知道错了，你就别再责备他了。 Now that the child already knows he's wrong, stop blaming him anymore.
1178	摘	zhāi	verb: to pick (flowers, fruit, etc.)	Zhèxiē píngguǒ dōu shì gāng cóng shù shàng zhāi xiàlai de. 这些苹果都是刚从树上摘下来的。 These apples were just picked from the tree.

1179	窄	zhǎi	adjective: narrow	<p>Zhè tiáo hútong tài zhǎi le, jiùhùchē gēnběn kāi bù jìnqù. 这条胡同太窄了，救护车根本开不进去。 This alley is too narrow for an ambulance to drive in.</p>
1180	粘贴	zhāntiē	verb: to stick / to paste (as in "copy and paste)	<p>Wǒ bǎ wǒmen liǎ de héyǐng zhāntiē zài le wòshì de qiáng shàng. 我把我们俩的合影粘贴在了卧室的墙上。 I pasted the photo of the two of us together, on the bedroom wall.</p>
1181	展开	zhǎnkāi	verb: to launch / to carry out	<p>Jǐngfāng zhèngzài duì shìgù yuányīn zhǎnkāi quánmiàn de diàochá. 警方正在对事故原因展开全面的调查。 Police are conducting a full investigation into the cause of the accident.</p>
1182	展览	zhǎnlǎn	verb: to put on a display / to exhibit	<p>Zhèxiē yìshùpǐn jiāng bèi fàng zài bówùguǎn zhōng zhǎnlǎn. 这些艺术品将被放在博物馆中展览。 These works of art will be displayed in the museum.</p>
1183	占	zhàn	verb: to make up / to account for	<p>Zhōngguó de lǎonián rénǒu zhàn zǒngrénǒu de bǎifēnzhī shíbā yǐshàng. 中国的老年人口占总人口的 18% 以上。 The elderly in China accounts for more than 18% of the total population.</p>
1184	战争	zhànzhēng	noun: war / warfare	<p>Zhànzhēng shǐ zhège guójiā de rénmin shīqù le jiāyuán. 战争使这个国家的人民失去了家园。 The war has left the people of this country without their homes.</p>

1185	长辈	zhǎngbèi	noun: senior / elder member of a family	Xiàoshùn fùmǔ, zūnjìng zhǎngbèi shì Zhōngguó de chuántǒng měidé. 孝顺父母、尊敬长辈是中国的传统美德。 Filial piety and respect for elders are traditional Chinese virtues.
1186	涨	zhǎng	verb: (of water, prices, etc.) to rise / to go up	Wǒ fāxiàn zuìjìn wùjià zhǎng de tèbié lìhai. 我发现最近物价涨得特别厉害。 I've noticed that prices of many things have gone up a lot lately.
1187	掌握	zhǎngwò	verb: to master / to grasp / to know well	Chúle Zhōngwén, tā hái zhǎngwò le lìngwài jǐ mén wàiyǔ. 除了中文，他还掌握了另外几门外语。 Besides Chinese, he also mastered several other foreign languages.
1188	账户	zhànghù	noun: bank account / online account	Bùzhī shénme yuányīn, tā míngxià de suǒyǒu yínháng zhànghù dōu bèi dòngjié le. 不知什么原因，他名下的所有银行账户都被冻结了。 For an unknown reason, all the bank accounts in his name were frozen.
1189	招待	zhāodài	verb: to receive (guests) / to serve (customers)	Tā náchū le zhēncáng duōnián de hóngjiǔ lái zhāodài wǒ. 她拿出了珍藏多年的红酒来招待我。 She brought out a red wine that she has kept for many years in order to treat me.
1190	着火	zháohuǒ	verb: to catch fire / to be on fire	Fángzi zháohuǒ shí, tā de hái zi hái zài lǐmiàn shuìjiào. 房子着火时，他的孩子还在里面睡觉。 His children were still sleeping inside when the house caught fire.

1191	着凉	zháoliáng	verb: to catch a cold	<p>Wǒ zuówǎn zháoliáng le, xiànzài yǒudiǎn tóuténg. 我昨晚着凉了，现在有点头疼。 I caught a cold last night and now have a little headache.</p>
1192	召开	zhàokāi	verb: to convene (a conference or meeting)	<p>Běijīng zhèngzài zhàokāi dì èr shí jiè Quánguó Rénmín Dàibiǎo Dàhuì. 北京正在召开第二十届全国人民代表大会。 Beijing is holding the 20th National People's Congress.</p>
1193	照常	zhàocháng	adverb: as usual	<p>Bùguǎn míngtiān shìfǒu xiàiyǔ, wǒmen de huódòng dōu zhàocháng jǔxíng. 不管明天是否下雨，我们的活动都照常举行。 Whether or not it rains tomorrow, our event will be held as usual.</p>
1194	哲学	zhéxué	noun: philosophy	<p>Tā xǐhuan yuèdú zhéxué hé xīnlǐ fāngmiàn de shūjí. 他喜欢阅读哲学和心理方面的书籍。 He likes to read books on philosophy and psychology.</p>
1195	针对	zhēnduì	verb: to target / to direct against / to aim	<p>Zhè kuǎn chǎnpǐn shì zhēnduì zhōnglǎonián qúntǐ shèjì de. 这款产品是针对中老年群体设计的。 This product is aimed at middle-aged and elderly people.</p>
1196	珍惜	zhēnxī	verb: to treasure / to cherish / to value	<p>Wǒ fēicháng zhēnxī zhè cì chūguó gōngzuò de jīhuì. 我非常珍惜这次出国工作的机会。 I cherish this opportunity to work abroad very much.</p>

1197	真实	zhēnshí	adjective: real / true	<p>Zhè bù diànyǐng shì gēnjù zhēnshí shìjiàn gǎibiān de. 这部电影是根据真实事件改编的。 The film is based on true events.</p>
1198	诊断	zhěnduàn	verb: to diagnose	<p>Yī nián qián, wǒ de wàigōng bèi zhěnduàn chū huànyǒu tángniàobìng. 一年前，我的外公被诊断出患有糖尿病。 A year ago, my grandfather was diagnosed with diabetes.</p>
1199	阵	zhèn	classifier: for events or states of short duration	<p>Yǎnchū jiéshù hòu, tái xià xiǎngqǐ le yī zhèn rèliè de zhǎngshēng. 演出结束后，台下响起了一阵热烈的掌声。 After the performance, there was a burst of warm applause from the audience.</p>
1200	振动	zhèndòng	verb: to vibrate	<p>Měicì huǒchē jīngguò shí, fángjiān lǐ de qiáng dōu huì zhèndòng. 每次火车经过时，房间里的墙都会振动。 The walls in the room vibrates every time the train passes by.</p>
1201	争论	zhēnglùn	noun: debate / dispute / argument	<p>Yóuyóu guāndiǎn bù yīzhì, shuāngfāng zhǎnkāi le jīliè de zhēnglùn. 由于观点不一致，双方展开了激烈的争论。 Due to the disagreement, the two sides engaged in a heated debate.</p>
1202	争取	zhēngqǔ	verb: to strive for / to fight for / to win over	<p>Gè dà qǐyè zài jiādà tóuzī, yǐ zhēngqǔ gèng duō de shìchǎngfèn'ér. 各大企业在加大投资，以争取更多的市场份额。 All the major companies are increasing their investments in order to gain more market share.</p>

1203	征求	zhēngqiú	verb: to solicit / to seek / to ask for	Nǐ wèishénme méiyǒu shìxiān zhēngqiú wǒ de yìjiàn jiù juéding? 你为什么没有事先征求我的意见就决定? Why did you make the decision without asking for my opinion beforehand?
1204	睁	zhēng	verb: to open (one's eyes)	Wǒ yī zhēngkāi yǎn, jiù kàndào le zhàngfu wèi wǒ zhǔnbèi de zǎocān. 我一睁开眼, 就看到了丈夫为我准备的早餐。 As soon as I opened my eyes, I saw the breakfast my husband had prepared for me.
1205	整个	zhěnggè	adjective: whole / entire / total	Yīnwèi duō hē le yī bēi kāfēi, wǒ zhěnggè wǎnshang dōu méi shuì hǎo. 因为多喝了一杯咖啡, 我整个晚上都没睡好。 I didn't sleep well all night because I drank an extra cup of coffee.
1206	整齐	zhěngqí	adjective: orderly / tidy / neat	Wǒ bǎ xīn mǎi de shū zhěngqí de fàng zài le shūzhuō shang. 我把新买的书整齐地放在了书架上。 I arranged the newly bought books on the desk in an orderly fashion.
1207	整体	zhěngtǐ	noun: whole / entirety / as a whole	Gōngyè Gémìng gǎibiàn le Yīngguó shèhuì de zhěngtǐ jiégòu. 工业革命改变了英国社会的整体结构。 The Industrial Revolution changed the overall structure of British society.
1208	正	zhèng	adverb: in the process of / just (doing something)	Wǒmen zhèng kāihuì ne, nǐ néng wǎn yīdiǎnr zài lái ma? 我们正开会呢, 你能晚一点儿再来吗? We are having a meeting right now, can you come later?



1209	证件	zhèngjiàn	noun: credential / paper / certificate / ID	Jìn diàntī qián, dàshà bǎo'ān yāoqiú wǒ chūshì zhèngjiàn. 进电梯前，大厦保安要求我出示证件。 Before entering the elevator, the building security asked me to show my ID.
1210	证据	zhèngjù	noun: evidence / proof	Fànzù xiányírén bù xiǎoxīn liúxià le yī gè hěn zhòngyào de zhèngjù. 犯罪嫌疑人不小心留下了一个很重要的证据。 The suspect accidentally left behind a very important piece of evidence.
1211	政府	zhèngfǔ	noun: government	Dàjiā dōu fēicháng zhīchí zhèngfǔ chūtái de xīn zhèngcè. 大家都非常支持政府出台的新政策。 Everyone is very supportive of the new policy introduced by the government.
1212	政治	zhèngzhì	noun: politics / political affairs	Tā hěn shǎo zài gōngkāi chǎnghé gēn biéren tánlùn zhèngzhì. 他很少在公开场合跟别人谈论政治。 He rarely talks about politics with others in public.
1213	挣	zhèng	verb: to earn / to make (money)	Tuōní kào mài Yìdàlì cài zhèng le bùshǎo qián. 托尼靠卖意大利菜挣了不少钱。 Tony made a lot of money selling Italian food.
1214	支	zhī	classifier: for troops, fleets, sports teams, etc.	Wǒmen zǔjiàn le yī zhī yōuxiù de jìshù tuándù. 我们组建了一支优秀的技术团队。 We have formed an excellent technical team.

1215	支票	zhīpiào	noun: check (to pay money)	<p>Wǒ hái méi láidejí qù yínháng duìhuàn zhè zhāng zhīpiào. 我还没来得及去银行兑换这张支票。</p> <p>I haven't had time to go to the bank to cash the check yet.</p>
1216	执照	zhízhào	noun: license / permit	<p>Kǎo le liǎng nián, tā zhōngyú ná dào le jiàshǐzhízhào. 考了两年，他终于拿到了驾驶执照。</p> <p>After two years of trying, he finally got his driver's license.</p>
1217	直	zhí	adverb: continuously / straight	<p>Guò hónglǜdēng, zhí zǒu wǔ bǎi mǐ, ránhòu zài zuǒ guǎi jiù dào le. 过红绿灯，直走五百米，然后再左拐就到了。</p> <p>Cross the traffic lights, go straight ahead for 500 meters, then turn left and you will get there.</p>
1218	指导	zhǐdǎo	verb: to guide / to give directions	<p>Fēichǔfāngyào bìxū zài yīshēng de zhǐdǎo xià cái néng fúyòng. 非处方药必须在医生的指导下才能服用。</p> <p>Over-the-counter medicines must be taken under the guidance of a doctor.</p>
1219	指挥	zhǐhuī	verb: to conduct / to command / to direct	<p>Jiāojǐng zhèng zhàn zài mǎlù zhōngyāng zhǐhuī jiāotōng. 交警正站在马路中央指挥交通。</p> <p>The police officer is standing in the middle of the road directing traffic.</p>
1220	至今	zhìjīn	adverb: up to now / so far	<p>Dìzhèn yǐ zàochéng duō rén shòushāng, zhìjīn hái yǒu jǐ rén méi bèi zhǎodào. 地震已造成多人受伤，至今还有几人没被找到。</p> <p>The earthquake resulted in many people being injured and up to now, there are still several that have not been found.</p>

1221	至于	zhìyú	preposition: as to / as for	<p>Wǒ yǐ jìn le zuì dà nǚlì, zhìyú zuìzhōng jiéguǒ rúhé, nà jiù tīngtiānyóumìng ba.</p> <p>我已尽了最大努力，至于最终结果如何，那就听天由命吧。</p> <p>I have tried my best and as for the final outcome, let's leave it to fate.</p>
1222	志愿者	zhìyuànzhe	noun: volunteer	<p>Zhè jiā yǎnglǎoyuàn lǐ de gōngzuòrén yuán dàbùfēn dōu shì zhìyuànzhe.</p> <p>这家养老院里的工作人员大部分都是志愿者。</p> <p>Most of the staff at this nursing home are volunteers.</p>
1223	制定	zhìdìng	verb: to lay down / to formulate / to draw up	<p>Àozhōu zhèngfǔ zhìdìng chū le xīn de yímin zhèngcè.</p> <p>澳洲政府制定出了新的移民政策。</p> <p>The Australian government has formulated a new immigration policy.</p>
1224	制度	zhìdù	noun: system / institution	<p>Zhè yī zhìdù wéichí le jǐge shìjì.</p> <p>这一制度维持了几个世纪。</p> <p>This system lasted for centuries.</p>
1225	制造	zhìzào	verb: to manufacture / to make	<p>Zhè jiā gōngchǎng měitiān néng zhìzào chū jǐ shí liàng qìchē.</p> <p>这家工厂每天能制造出几十辆汽车。</p> <p>This factory is capable of making dozens of cars a day.</p>
1226	制作	zhìzuò	verb: to make / to manufacture	<p>Wǒmen zhìzuò de shìpín zài wǎngluò shàng hěn shòuhuānyíng.</p> <p>我们制作的视频在网络上很受欢迎。</p> <p>The videos we make are very popular on the Internet.</p>

1227	治疗	zhìliáo	verb: to treat / to cure noun: treatment / cure	Yīshēng jiànyì bìng rén mǎshàng zhùyuànzhìliáo. 医生建议病人马上住院治疗。 The doctor advised the patient to be hospitalized immediately for treatment.
1228	秩序	zhìxù	noun: social order / the state (of society)	Qīnglǐ wán shìgù xiànchǎng hòu, jiāotōng huīfù le zhìxù. 清理完事故现场后，交通恢复了秩序。 After cleaning up the accident scene, traffic has returned to order.
1229	智慧	zhìhuì	noun: wisdom / intelligence	Tā yīzhí hěn yǎngmù fùqīn de zhìhuì hé cáinéng. 他一直很仰慕父亲的智慧和才能。 He has always admired his father's wisdom and talent.
1230	中介	zhōngjiè	noun: agent / medium	Dàduōshù de zūfáng zhōngjiè gōngsī shōuqǔ yī gè yuè de fángzū zuòwéi zhōngjiè fèiyòng. 大多数的租房中介公司收取一个月的房租作为中介费用。 Most rental agencies charge one month's rent as a fee.
1231	中心	zhōngxīn	noun: center / heart / core	Gòuwùguǎngchǎng de zhōngxīn yǒu yī zuò dà pēnquán. 购物广场的中心有一座大喷泉。 There is a large fountain in the center of the shopping plaza.

1232	中旬	zhōngxún	noun: middle ten days of a month	<p>Shíyuè zhōngxún shì wǒmen gōngsī yèwù zuì fánmáng de shíhou.</p> <p>十月中旬是我们公司业务最繁忙的时候。</p> <p>Mid-October is the busiest time for our business.</p>
1233	种类	zhǒnglèi	noun: kind / type / variety	<p>Zài zìzhù cāntīng lǐ, nǐ néng cháng dào bùtóng zhǒnglèi de měishí.</p> <p>在自助餐厅里，你能尝到不同种类的美食。</p> <p>In the cafeteria, you will get to taste different kinds of food.</p>
1234	重大	zhòngdà	adjective: major / important	<p>Kēxuéjiā men zhōngyú zài kàng'ái lǐngyù zhōng qǔdé le zhòngdà de tūpò.</p> <p>科学家们终于在抗癌领域中取得了重大的突破。</p> <p>Scientists have finally made a major breakthrough in the field of fighting cancer.</p>
1235	重量	zhòngliàng	noun: weight	<p>Nín de xíngli yǐjīng chāoguò le guīdìng de zhòngliàng.</p> <p>您的行李已经超过了规定的重量。</p> <p>Your luggage has exceeded the allowed weight.</p>
1236	周到	zhōudào	adjective: thoughtful / considerate	<p>Zhè jiā jiǔdiàn huánjìng yōuměi, fúwù zhōudào.</p> <p>这家酒店环境优美、服务周到。</p> <p>This hotel has a beautiful environment and good service.</p>

1237	猪	zhū	noun: pig / swine	<p>Dàwèi de shūshu zài nóngcūn yǎng le jǐ shí tóu zhū. 大卫的叔叔在农村养了几十头猪。 David's uncle kept dozens of pigs in the countryside.</p>
1238	竹子	zhúzi	noun: bamboo	<p>Yī zhī chéngnián dàxióngmāo měitiān néng chīdiào sānshí jīn zuǒyòu de zhúzi. 一只成年大熊猫每天能吃掉三十斤左右的竹子。 An adult giant panda can eat about 15 kilograms of bamboo every day.</p>
1239	逐步	zhúbù	adverb: step by step / progressively	<p>Jīngguò yī duàn shíjiān de zhìliáo, tā de bìngqíng zhèngzài zhúbù hǎozhuǎn. 经过一段时间的治疗，他的病情正在逐步好转。 After a period of treatment, his health condition is gradually improving.</p>
1240	逐渐	zhújiàn	adverb: gradually	<p>Tōngcháng xiàwǔ liù diǎn hòu, lái zhèlǐ chīfàn de kèrén cái huì zhújiàn duō qilai. 通常下午六点后，来这里吃饭的客人才会逐渐多起来。 Usually after six o'clock in the afternoon, the number of customers who come here to eat will gradually increase.</p>
1241	主持	zhǔchí	verb: to take charge of / to preside over / to host	<p>Míngtiān shàngwǔ de huìyì jiāng yóu Màikè lái zhǔchí. 明天上午的会议将由麦克来主持。 Tomorrow morning's meeting will be presided by Mike.</p>
1242	主动	zhǔdòng	adjective: to take the initiative / voluntary	<p>Tā zhǔdòng jiāng zuòwèi ràng gěi le yī míng yùnfù. 她主动将座位让给了一名孕妇。 She voluntarily offered her seat to a pregnant woman.</p>

1243	主观	zhǔguān	adjective: subjective	Kàn wèntí shí bùnéng tài zhǔguān, yào cóng duōzhǒng jiǎodù qù sīkǎo. 看问题时不能太主观，要从多种角度去思考。 Don't be too subjective when looking at problems. Think about them from multiple perspectives.
1244	主人	zhǔrén	noun: owner / host / master	Wǒ de tóngshì shì yī zuò chāo dà nóngchǎng de zhǔrén. 我的同事是一座超大农场的主人。 My colleague is the owner of a huge farm.
1245	主任	zhǔrèn	noun: director / head / chairman	Wàikē zhǔrèn de bàngōngshì zài zǒuláng jìntóu nà yī jiān. 外科主任的办公室在走廊尽头那一间。 The office for the head of the surgery department is at the end of the hallway.
1246	主题	zhǔtí	noun: theme / subject	Tā de fāyán yǐjīng piānlí le wǒmen tāolùn de zhǔtí. 他的发言已经偏离了我们讨论的主题。 His speech has deviated from the main subject of our discussion.
1247	主席	zhǔxí	noun: chairman / president (of an organization or a state)	Máo Zédōng shì Zhōngguó de dìyī rèn guójiāzhǔxí. 毛泽东是中国的第一任国家主席。 Mao Zedong was China's first chairman.
1248	主张	zhǔzhāng	verb: to advocate / to stand for	Wǒmen zhǔzhāng yòng hépíng de fāngshì jiějué zhège wèntí. 我们主张用和平的方式解决这个问题。 We advocate a peaceful solution to this problem.

1249	煮	zhǔ	verb: to boil / to cook	<p>Wǒ zhǔ le yī bāo pàomiàn hé liǎng gè jīdàn dàngzuò wǎncān. 我煮了一包泡面和两个鸡蛋当作晚餐。</p> <p>I cooked a pack of instant noodles and two eggs for dinner.</p>
1250	注册	zhùcè	verb: to register	<p>Bùjiǔqián, tā zài Xiānggǎng zhùcè le yī jiā màoùyìgōngsī. 不久前，他在香港注册了一家贸易公司。</p> <p>Not long ago, he registered a trading company in Hong Kong.</p>
1251	祝福	zhùfú	noun: blessing	<p>Zài hūnlǐ shang, wǒmen dédào le suǒyǒu qīnpénghǎoyǒu de zhùfú. 在婚礼上，我们得到了所有亲朋好友的祝福。</p> <p>At the wedding, we were blessed by all our relatives and friends.</p>
1252	抓	zhuā	verb: to catch / to grab / to arrest	<p>Chāoshì bǎo'ān dāngchǎng zhuāzhù le zhèngzài tōu dōngxi de nánrén. 超市保安当场抓住了正在偷东西的男人。</p> <p>Supermarket security caught the man on the spot, who was stealing things.</p>
1253	抓紧	zhuājǐn	verb: to firmly grasp	<p>Zhuājǐn shéngzi, wǒ bǎ nǐ lā shànglai. 抓紧绳子，我把你拉上来。</p> <p>Hold on to the rope and I'll pull you up.</p>
1254	专家	zhuānjiā	noun: specialist / expert	<p>Sūn yīshēng shì xīnxuèguǎnjíbìng lǐngyù de zhuānjiā. 孙医生是心血管疾病领域的专家。</p> <p>Dr. Sun is an expert in the field of cardiovascular disease.</p>



1255	专心	zhuānxīn	adjective: concentrated / engrossed	Tā zhèngzài wòshì lǐ zhuānxīn huà huà, bùyào jìnqù dǎrǎo tā. 他正在卧室里专心画画，不要进去打扰他。 He is in the bedroom concentrating on drawing, don't go in and disturb him.
1256	转变	zhuǎnbiàn	verb: to change / to transform / to shift	Dāng tā dézhī wǒ bùnéng jièqián gěi tā shí, tā duì wǒ de tàidu lìmǎ zhuǎnbiàn le. 当他得知我不能借钱给他时，他对我的态度立马转变了。 When he learned that I couldn't lend him money, his attitude towards me changed immediately.
1257	转告	zhuǎngào	verb: pass on (words, a message)	Nǐ néng bāng wǒ bǎ zhège xiāoxi zhuǎngào gěi tā ma? 你能帮我把这个消息转告给他吗？ Can you help me pass this information to him?
1258	装	zhuāng	verb: to load / to pack / to hold	Zhège xínglixiāng hěn dà, néng zhuāng de xià hěn duō dōngxi. 这个行李箱很大，能装得下很多东西。 This suitcase is huge and can hold a lot of stuff.
1259	装饰	zhuāngshì	verb: to decorate	Zhèxiē gān huā wǒ kěyǐ nálái zhuāngshì fángjiān. 这些干花我可以拿来装饰房间。 I can use these dried flowers to decorate my room.
1260	装修	zhuāngxiū	verb: to decorate / fit up (a house, etc.) / to renovate	Wǒ dǎsuan míngnián chóngxīn zhuāngxiū yíxià fángzi. 我打算明年重新装修一下房子。 I am planning to renovate the house next year.

1261	状况	zhuàngkuàng g	noun: state of affairs / condition	Tā xiǎng děng fùqīn de jiànkāngzhuàngkuàng wěndìng hòu zài huíqu gōngzuò. 他想等父亲的健康状况稳定后再回去工作。 He wanted to wait for his father's health condition to stabilize before going back to work.
1262	状态	zhuàngtài	noun: state / condition	Bìngrén mùqián réng chǔyú hūnshuì zhuàngtài. 病人目前仍处于昏睡状态。 The patient is still in (a state of) coma.
1263	撞	zhuàng	verb: to bump against / to run into / to collide	Lùbiān de dàshù bèi yī liàng kǎchē zhuàngdǎo le. 路边的大树被一辆卡车撞倒了。 A large tree on the side of the road was hit by a truck and fell down.
1264	追	zhuī	verb: to catch up with / to chase after	Jīngguò jīliè de zhuīzhú, jǐngchē zhōngyú zhuīshàng le jiéfei de chē. 经过激烈的追逐，警车终于追上了劫匪的车。 After an intense chase, the police finally caught up with the robber's car.
1265	追求	zhuīqiú	verb: to pursue / to seek	Zài chǎnpǐn shèjì shàng, tā shì gè zhuīqiú wánměi de rén. 在产品设计上，他是个追求完美的人。 In product design, he is a person who seeks perfection.
1266	咨询	zīxún	verb: to seek advice from / to consult	Guānyú zhège wèntí, nǐ zuìhǎo xiàng lǜshī zīxún yíxià. 关于这个问题，你最好向律师咨询一下。 Regarding this matter, you'd better consult a lawyer.

1267	姿势	zīshì	noun: posture / gesture	<p>Wǒ jīngcháng tíxǐng háizi, kànshū shí yào bǎochí zhèngquè de zīshì. 我经常提醒孩子，看书时要保持正确的姿势。</p> <p>I often remind my child to maintain proper posture while reading books.</p>
1268	资格	zīgé	noun: qualifications	<p>Nà míng yùndòngyuán yīn shāng bèi qǔxiāo le bǐsài zīgé. 那名运动员因伤被取消了比赛资格。</p> <p>That athlete was disqualified due to an injury.</p>
1269	资金	zījīn	noun: capital / fund	<p>Wèile yánfā xīnchǎnpǐn, gōngsī tóurù le dàliàng de zījīn. 为了研发新产品，公司投入了大量的资金。</p> <p>In order to develop new products, the company has invested a lot of money.</p>
1270	资料	zīliào	noun: data / information / material / resources	<p>Wǒ huì jǐnkuài bǎ nǐ xūyào de zīliào dōu zhěnglǐ hǎo. 我会尽快把你需要的资料都整理好。</p> <p>I'll get all the information you need ready as soon as possible.</p>
1271	资源	zīyuán	noun: natural resources / resource	<p>Zài wǎngshàng nǐ néng zhǎodào gèzhǒnggèyàng de xuéxí zīyuán. 在网上你能找到各种各样的学习资源。</p> <p>You can find a variety of learning resources online.</p>
1272	紫	zǐ	adjective: purple	<p>Zhàopiàn shàng nàge chuān zǐsè chènshān de nǚrén shì wǒ jiějie. 照片上那个穿紫色衬衫的女人是我的姐姐。</p> <p>The woman in the photo who wore a purple shirt is my sister.</p>

1273	自从	zìcóng	preposition: since (a time) / ever since	Zìcóng dàxué bìyè yǐhòu, wǒmen jiù zàiyě méiyǒu liánxì guo. 自从大学毕业以后，我们就再也没有联系过。 Ever since graduating from university, we haven't contacted each other.
1274	自动	zìdòng	adjective: automatic	Rúguǒ nǐ yī duàn shíjiān bù yòng diànnǎo dehuà, tā jiù huì zìdòng jìnrù xiūmián zhuàngtài. 如果你一段时间不用电脑的话，它就会自动进入休眠状态。 If you don't use your computer for a while, it will automatically go to sleep.
1275	自豪	zìháo	adjective: to be proud (of one's achievements, etc.)	Wǒ wèi nǐ qǔdé de chéngjiù gǎndào zìháo. 我为你取得的成就感到自豪。 I am proud of what you have achieved.
1276	自觉	zìjué	adjective: on one's own initiative / conscientiously	Gōngjiāochē dào zhàn hòu, chéngkè men dōu kāishǐ zìjué páiduì shàngchē. 公交车到站后，乘客们都开始自觉排队上车。 After the bus arrived at the station, passengers on their own initiative, began to queue up to get on the bus.
1277	自私	zìsī	adjective: selfish / self-centered	Tā gēnběn méi yìshì dào zìjǐ de xíngwéi yǒu duōme zìsī. 他根本没意识到自己的行为有多么自私。 He didn't realize at all how selfish his actions were.
1278	自由	zìyóu	noun: freedom / liberty	Yǒu le qián, nǐ jiù yǒu xuǎnzé de zìyóu. 有了钱，你就有选择的自由。 With money, you have freedom of choice.

1279	自愿	zìyuàn	verb: to volunteer / of one's own free will	<p>Wèile wánchéng zhège xiàngmù, yuángōng men dōu zìyuàn liú xiàlai jiābān.</p> <p>为了完成这个项目，员工们都自愿留下来加班。</p> <p>In order to complete the project, the employees volunteered to work overtime.</p>
1280	字母	zìmǔ	noun: letters of an alphabet / letter	<p>Xìngmíng de shǒuzìmǔ yào dàxiě.</p> <p>姓名的首字母要大写。</p> <p>The first letter of the name should be capitalized.</p>
1281	字幕	zìmù	noun: captions / subtitle	<p>Wǒmen zài shìpín zhōng jiāshàng le Zhōng Yīng shuāngyǔ zìmù.</p> <p>我们在视频中加上了中英双语字幕。</p> <p>We added both Chinese and English subtitles to the video.</p>
1282	综合	zōnghé	verb: to sum up	<p>Guānyú shìfǒu tóuzī zhège xiàngmù, wǒmen huì zōnghé suǒyǒu gǔdōng de yìjiàn zài zuò juéding.</p> <p>关于是否投资这个项目，我们会综合所有股东的意见再做决定。</p> <p>Regarding whether or not to invest in this project, we will make a decision based on the opinions of all the shareholders.</p>
1283	总裁	zǒngcái	noun: director-general / president (of a company, etc.) / CEO	<p>Mǎ Yún shì Ālǐ Bābā de chuàngshǐrén jiān zǒngcái.</p> <p>马云是阿里巴巴的创始人兼总裁。</p> <p>Jack Ma is the founder and president of Alibaba.</p>

1284	总共	zǒnggòng	adverb: altogether / in total	<p>Wǒ qù chāoshì mǎi le yīxiē shuǐguǒ hé shūcài, zǒnggòng huā le sān bǎi kuài qián.</p> <p>我去超市买了一些水果和蔬菜，总共花了三百块钱。</p> <p>I went to the supermarket to buy some vegetables and fruits, which cost a total of 300 yuan.</p>
1285	总理	zǒnglǐ	noun: prime minister / premier	<p>Xīn shàng rèn de zǒnglǐ bù tài shòu mǐnzhòng de huānyíng.</p> <p>新上任的总理不太受民众的欢迎。</p> <p>The new prime minister is not very popular with the people.</p>
1286	总算	zǒngsuàn	adverb: finally / at long last	<p>Jīngguò duōnián de nǚlì, wǒ zǒngsuàn huánqīng le fángdài.</p> <p>经过多年的努力，我总算还清了房贷。</p> <p>After years of hard work, I finally paid off my mortgage.</p>
1287	总统	zǒngtǒng	noun: president	<p>Bàidēng shì Měiguó de dì sì shí liù rèn zǒngtǒng.</p> <p>拜登是美国的第四十六任总统。</p> <p>Biden is the 46th President of the United States.</p>
1288	总之	zǒngzhī	conjunction: in a word / in short	<p>Wǒ báitiān qù chāoshì dāng shōuyínyuán, wǎnshang qù jiǔdiàn dāng qiántái. Zǒngzhī, zhǐyào néng gōngzuò, ràng wǒ zuò shénme dōu xíng.</p> <p>我白天去超市当收银员，晚上去酒店当前台。总之，只要能工作，让我做什么都行。</p> <p>I work as a cashier at the supermarket during the day and as a front desk clerk of a hotel at night. In short, as long as I can work, I will do anything.</p>

1289	阻止	zǔzhǐ	verb: to hold back / to prevent / to stop	<p>Zài dà de kùnnan yě wúfǎ zǔzhǐ wǒ qiánjìn de jiǎobù. 再大的困难也无法阻止我前进的脚步。 No amount of difficulty can stop me from moving forward.</p>
1290	组	zǔ	classifier: for sets, series, groups of people, batteries	<p>Měi zǔ dòngzuò zuò èrshí xià, yīgòng zuò sān zǔ. 每组动作做二十下，一共做三组。 Do 20 reps for each set, for a total of three sets.</p>
1291	组成	zǔchéng	verb: to form / to compose / to make up	<p>Péishěntuán yóu shí'èr rén zǔchéng. 陪审团由十二人组成。 The jury is made up of 12 people.</p>
1292	组合	zǔhé	noun: combination	<p>Tōngguò chángshì suǒyǒu kěnéng de shùzì zǔhé, tāmen zhōngyú dǎkāi le bǎoxiǎnxiāng. 通过尝试所有可能的数字组合，他们终于打开了保险箱。 After trying all possible (number) combinations, they finally opened the safe.</p>

1293	组织	zǔzhī	verb: to organize	<p>Xuéxiào jīngcháng zǔzhī xuésheng men qù shìqū cānguān bówùguǎn. 学校经常组织学生们去市区参观博物馆。</p> <p>The school often organizes students to visit the museum in the city.</p>
1294	最初	zuìchū	adjective: at first / initial / original	<p>Tā zuìchū de jìhuà shì zài Zhōngguó dāi sān gè yuè jiù líkāi, dàn zuìhòu què zài zhèr zhù le shí nián. 他最初的计划是在中国待三个月就离开，但最后却在这儿住了十年。</p> <p>His original plan was to leave after three months in China, but he ended up staying (here) ten years.</p>
1295	醉	zuì	verb: drunk / intoxicated	<p>Zài yànhuì shang, Dàwèi zhǐ hē le yī bēi jiǔ jiù zuì le. 在宴会上，大卫只喝了一杯酒就醉了。</p> <p>At the banquet, David got drunk after only one glass of wine.</p>
1296	尊敬	zūnjìng	noun: to respect / to esteem / to honor	<p>Tā shì yī wèi fēicháng shòu rén zūnjìng de zǒnglǐ. 他是一位非常受人尊敬的总理。</p> <p>He is a very respected prime minister.</p>
1297	遵守	zūnshǒu	verb: to observe / to abide by / to follow	<p>Wǒ xīwàng nǐ néng zūnshǒu wǒmen zhījiān de yuēdìng. 我希望你能遵守我们之间的约定。</p> <p>I hope you will abide by the agreement between us.</p>



1298	作品	zuòpǐn	noun: works (especially of literature and art)	<p>Wǒ fēicháng xīnshǎng zhè wèi yìshùjiā de zuòpǐn. 我非常欣赏这位艺术家的作品。</p> <p>I admire the work of this artist very much.</p>
1299	作为	zuòwéi	preposition: in the capacity (or character, role) of / as	<p>Zuòwéi fùmǔ, wǒmen yīzhí bǎ háizi de jiàoyù fàng zài dìyī wèi. 作为父母，我们一直把孩子的教育放在第一位。</p> <p>As parents, we have always put our children's education first.</p>
1300	作文	zuòwén	noun: composition (student essay)	<p>Lǎoshī yāoqiú wǒmen yǐ &lt;wǒ de shǔjià&gt; wéi zhǔtí xiě yī piān zuòwén. 老师要求我们以《我的暑假》为主题写一篇作文。</p> <p>The teacher asked us to write an essay on the subject of "My Summer Vacation".</p>